THE

HISTORY

OF

TOM JONES,

FOUNDLING.

By HENRY FIELDING, Efq;

- Mores hominum multorum vidit -

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THE



HISTORY

OF A

FOUNDLING.

BOOK XIV.

Containing two Days.

CHAP. I.

An Essay to prove that an Author will write the better, for having some Knowledge of the Subject on which he writes.

As feveral gentlemen in these times, by the wonderful force of genius only, without the least affistance of learning, perhaps, without being well able to read, have made a considerable figure in the republic of letters; the modern critics, I am told, have lately begun to affert, that all kind of learning is entirely useless to a writer; and, indeed, no other than a kind of setters on the natural sprightliness and activity of the Vol. IV.

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imagination, which is thus weighed down, and prevented from foaring to those high flights which otherwise it would be able to reach.

This doctrine, I am afraid, is, at present, carried much too far: for why should writing differ so much from all other arts? The nimbleness of a dancing-mafter is not at all prejudiced by being taught to move; nor does any mechanic, I believe, exercife his tools the worfe by knowing how to use them. For my own part, I cannot conceive that Homer or Virgil would have writ with more fire, if, instead of being masters of all the learning of their times, they had really been as ignorant as most of the authors of the present age. Nor do I believe that all the imagination, fire, and judgement of Pitt could have produced those orations that have made the Senate of England in these our times a rival in eloquence to Greece and Rome, if he had not been fo well read in the writings of Demosthenes and Cicero, as to have transsused their whole fpirit into his speeches, and with their fpirit, their knowledge too.

I would not here be understood to insist on the same sund of learning in any of my brethren, as Cicero persuades us is necessary to the composition of an orator. On the contrary, very little reading is, I conceive, necessary to the poet, less to the critic, and the least of all to the politician. For the first, perhaps, Byshe's art of poetry, and a few of our modern poets, may suffice; for the second,.

a moderate heap of plays; and for the last, an indifferent collection of political journals.

To fay the truth, I require no more than that a man should have some little knowledge of the subject on which he treats, according to the old maxim of law, Quam quisque norit artem in câ se exerceat. With this alone a writer may sometimes do tolerably well; and indeed without this, all the other learning in the world will stand him in little stead.

For instance, let us suppose that Homer and Virgil, Aristotle and Cicero, Thucvdides and Livy, could have met all together, and have clubbed their feveral talents to have composed a treatife on the art of dancing; I believe it will be readily agreed they could not have equalled the excellent treatife which Mr. Effex has given us on that subject, entitled, The Rudiments of genteel Education. And; indeed, should the excellent Mr. Broughton be prevailed on to fet Fift to paper, and to complete the abovefaid rudiments, by delivering down the true principles of athletics, I question whether the world will have any cause to lament, that none of the great writers, either ancient or modern, have ever treated about that noble and nfeful art.

To avoid a multiplicity of examples in fo plain a case, and to come at once to my point, I am apt to conceive, that one reason why many English writers have totally failed in describing the manners of upper life, may possibly be, that in reality they know nothing of it.

This is a knowledge unhappily not in the power of many authors to arrive at. Books will give us a very imperfect idea of it; nor will the stage a much better: the fine gentleman formed upon reading the former will almost always turn out a pedant, and he who forms himself upon the latter, a coxcomb.

Nor are the characters drawn from these models better supported. Vanbrugh and Congreve copied nature; but they who copy them draw as unlike the present age, as Hogarth would do if he was to paint a rout or a drum in the dresses of Titian and of Vandyke. In short, imitation here will not do the business. The picture must be after nature herself. A true knowledge of the world is gained only by conversation, and the manners of every rank must be seen in order to be known.

Now it happens that this higher order of mortals is not to be feen, like all the rest of the human species, for nothing, in the streets, shops, and cossec-houses: nor are they shown like the upper rank of animals, for so much a piece. In short, this is a sight to which no persons are admitted, without one or other of these qualifications, viz. either birth or fortune, or what is equivalent to

both, the honorable profession of a gamester. And, very unluckily for the world, persons so qualified very seldom care to take upon themselves the bad trade of writing; which is generally entered upon by the lower and poorer fort, as it is a trade which many think requires no kind of stock to set up with.

Hence those strange monsters in lace and embroidery, in silks and brocades, with vast wigs and hoops; which, under the name of Lords and Ladies, strut the stage, to the great delight of attornies and their clerks in the pit, and of the citizens and their apprentices in the galleries; and which are no more to be found in real life, than the Centaur, the Chimera, or any other creature of mere siction. But, to let my Reader into a secret, this knowledge of upper life, though very necessary for the preventing mistakes, is no very great resource to a writer whose province is comedy, or that kind of novels, which, like this I am writing, is of the comic class.

What Mr. Pope fays of women is very applicable to most in this station, who are indeed so entirely made up of form and affectation, that they have no character at all, at least, none which appears. I will venture to say the highest life is much the dullest, and affords very little humor or entertainment. The various callings in lower spheres produce the great variety of humorous characters; whereas here, except among the sew who are

engaged in the pursuit of ambition, and the fewer still who have a relish for pleasure, all is vanity and servile imitation. Dressing and cards, eating and drinking, bowing and courtesying, make up the business of their lives.

Some there are however of this rank, upon whom paffion exercifes its tyranny, and hurries them far beyond the bounds which decorum prefcribes; of these, the Ladies are as much distinguished by their noble intrepidity, and a certain fuperior contempt of reputation, from the frail ones of meaner degree, as a virtuous woman of quality is by the elegance and delicacy of her fentiments from the honest wife of a yeoman or shopkeeper. Lady Bellaston was of this intrepid character; but let not my country Readers conclude from her, that this is the general conduct of women of fashion, or that we mean to represent them as such. They might as well suppose that every clergyman was. represented by Thwackum, or every foldier by enfign Northerton.

There is not indeed a greater error than that which univerfally prevails among the vulgar, who borrowing their opinion from fome ignorant fatirifts, have affixed the character of lewdness to these times. On the contrary, I am convinced there never was less of love intrigue carried on among persons of condition, than now. Our present women have been taught by their mothers to fix their thoughts only on ambition and vanity, and

to despife the pleasures of love as unworthy their regard; and being afterwards, by the care of such mothers, married without having husbands, they seem pretty well confirmed in the justness of those sentiments; whence they content themselves, for the dull remainder of life, with the pursuit of more innocent, but I am afraid more childish amusements, the bare mention of which would ill suit with the dignity of this History. In my humble opinion, the true characteristic of the present Beau Monde, is rather folly than vice, and the only epithet which it deserves is that of Frivolous.

CHAP. II.

Containing Letters and other Matters which attend Amours.

JONES had not long been at home, before he received the following letter:

"I was never more furprifed than when I found you was gone. When you left the room, I little imagined you intended to have left the house without feeing me again. Your behaviour is all of a piece, and convinces me how much I ought to despise a heart which can dote upon an idiot; though I know not whether I should not admire her cunning more than her

" fimplicity. Wonderful both! for though she un" derstood not a word of what passed between us,
" she yet had the skill, the assurance, the —
" what shall I call it? to deny to my face, that
" she knows you, or ever saw you before. —
" Was this a scheme laid between you, and have
" you been base enough to betray me? — O how
" I despise her, you, and all the world, but chiesly
" myself! for — I dare not write what I should
" afterwards run mad to read; but remember, I
" can detest as violently as I have loved."

Jones had but little time given him to reflect on this letter, before a fecond was brought him from the fame hand; and this, likewife, we shall set down in the precise words:

"When you consider the hurry of spirits in which I must have writ, you cannot be surprised at any expressions in my former note.—
"Yet, perhaps, on reflection, they were rather too warm. At least I would, if possible, think all owing to the odious playhouse, and to the impertinence of a sool, which detained me beyond my appointment.—How easy is it to think well of those we love?—Perhaps you desire I should think so. I have resolved to see you tonight; so come to me immediately.

"P. S. I have ordered to be at home to none but yourself.

"P. S. Mr. Jones will imagine I shall affist "him in his defence; for I believe he can-"not desire to impose on me more than I "desire to impose on myself.

" P. S. Come immediately."

To the men of intrigue I refer the determination, whether the angry or the tender letter gave the greatest uneafiness to Jones. Certain it is, he had no violent inclination to pay any more vifits that evening, unless to one fingle person. However he thought his honor engaged, and had not this been motive fufficient, he would not have ventured to blow the temper of Lady Bellaston into that flame of which he had reason to think it fusceptible, and of which he feared the consequence might be a discovery to Sophia, which he dreaded. After some discontented walks therefore about the room, he was preparing to depare, when the Lady kindly prevented him, not by another letter, but by her own presence. She entered the room very difordered in her drefs, and very discomposed in her looks, and threw herself into a chair, where having recovered her breath, she faid, -- "You fee, Sir, when women have gone " one length too far, they will stop at none. If ,, any person would have sworn this to me a " week ago, I would not have believed it of my-" felf." "I hope, Madam," faid Jones, "my charm-" ing Lady Bellaston will be as difficult to believe

,, any thing against one who is so sensible of the " many obligations she has conferred upon him." " Indeed!" fays she, "fensible of obligations! Did " I expect to hear fuch cold language from Mr. "Jones?" "Pardon me, my dear angel," faid he, , if after the letters I have received, the terrors ,, of your anger, though I know not how I have " deferved it"--" And have I then," favs she with a fmile, " fo angry a countenance? — , Have I really brought a chiding face with " me?"—" If there be honor in man," faid he, , I have done nothing to merit your anger. you remember the appointment you fent me -" I went in pursuance"—"I beseech you," cried she, "do not run through the odious re-, cital --- Answer me but one question and I , shall be easy - Have you not betrayed my honor to her?" - Jones fell upon his knees, and began to utter the most violent protestations, when Partridge came dancing and capering into the room, like one drunk with joy, crying out, " She's found! fhe's found! — Here, Sir, here, " fhe's here: — Mrs. Honor is upon the stairs," " Stop her a moment," cries Jones. —— " Here, Madam, step behind the bed, I have no other " room nor closet, nor place on earth to hide " you in; fure never was fo damned an accident." " -D-n'd indeed!" faid the Lady as she went to her place of concealment; and prefently afterwards in came Mrs Honor. "Hey-day!" fays she, " Mr. Jones, what's the matter? — That impu-" dent rafcal your fervant, would fcarce let me

, come up stairs. I hope he has not the same " reason now to keep me from you as he had at " Upton.——I suppose you hardly expected to see " me; but you have certainly bewitched my Lady. " Poor dear young Lady! To be fure, I loves , her as tenderly as if she was my own sister. " Lord have mercy upon you, if you don't make , her a good husband; and to be fure if you do n not, nothing can be bad enough for you." Jones begged her to whisper, for that there was a Lady dying in the next room, "A Lady!" cries she; , ay, I suppose one of your Ladies.—O Mr. " Jones, there are too many of them in the world; ,, I believe we are got into the house of one, for " my Lady Bellaston I darst to swear is no better " than she should be." -- " Hush! hush!" cries Jones, "every word is over-heard in the next " room." "I don't care a farthing," cries Honor, , I speaks no scandal of any one; but to be sure " the fervants makes no fcruple of faying as how , her Ladvship meets men at another place ---, where the house goes under the name of a ,, poor gentlewoman, but her Ladyship pays the " rent, and many's the good thing besides, they " fay, she has of her."—Here Jones, after expressing the utmost uneasiness, offered to stop her mouth. --- "Hey - day! why fure Mr. Jones you , will let me fpeak, I fpeaks no fcandal, for I ,, only fays what I heard from others, - and thinks , I to myfelf much good may it do the gentle-" woman with her riches, if she comes by it in " fuch a wicked manner. To be fure it is better

" to be poor and honest." "The servants are " villains," cries Jones, " and abuse their Lady " unjustly."—" Ay to be fure, fervants are always " villains, and fo my Lady fays, and won't hear " a word of it."—" No, I am convinced," fays Jones, "my Sophia is above liftening to fuch base " fcandal." "Nay, I believe it is no fcandal nei-, ther," cries Honor, "for why should she meet , men at another house?—It can never be for any ,, good: for if the had a lawful defign of being , courted, as to be fure any Lady may lawfully , give her company to men upon that account; " why where can be the fense"—"I protest," cries Jones, "I can't hear all this of a Lady of fuch ho-,, nor, and a relation of Sophia; besides you will , distract the poor Lady in the next room —— Let ,, me entreat you to walk with me down stairs."-, Nay, Sir, if you won't let me fpeak I have done-"Here, Sir, is a letter from my young Lady,— " what would fome men give to have this? But, "Mr. Jones, I think you are not over and above ,, generous, and yet I have heard fome fervants fay, " but I am sure you will do me the justice to own " I never faw the color of your money." Here Jones hastily took the letter, and presently after fliped five pieces into her hand. He then returned a thousand thanks to his dear Sophia in a whisper, and begged her to leave him to read her letter; she prefently departed, not without expressing much grateful fense of his generosity.

Lady Bellaston now came from behind the

curtain. How shall I describe her rage? Her tongue was at first incapable of utterance; but streams of fire darted from her eyes, and well indeed they might, for her heart was all in a flame. And now as foon as her voice found way, instead of expreffing any indignation against Honor, or her own fervants, fhe began to attack poor Jones. "You fee," faid she, "what I have facrificed to you, my repu-" tation, my honor, gone for ever! And what ", return have I found? Neglected, flighted for ", a country girl, for an idiot."——" What neglect, "Madam, or what flight," cries Jones, "have "I been guilty of?"——"Mr. Jones" faid she, , it is in vain to diffemble; if you will make me , easy, you must entirely give her up; and as a " proof of your intention, show me the letter."-"What letter, Madam?" faid Jones. "Nay. " furely," faid she, "you cannot have the confid-" ence to deny your having received a letter by " the hands of that trollop." "And can your Lady-" ship," cries he, "ask me what I must part with , my honor before I grant? Have I acted in " fuch a manner by your Ladyship? Could I be , guilty of betraying this poor innocent girl to , you, what fecurity could you have, that I , should not act the same part by yourself? A , moment's reflection will, I am fure, convince "you, that a man with whom the fecrets of a "Lady are not fafe, must be the most contempt— ible of wretches." "Very well," said she,—"I , need not infift on your becoming this contempt-, ible wretch in your own opinion; for the infide

" of the letter could inform me of nothing more " than I know already. I fee the footing you are " upon."—Here enfued a long conversation, which the Reader, who is not too curious, will thank me for not inferting at length. It shall suffice therefore to inform him, that Lady Bellaston grew more and more pacified, and at length believed, or affected to believe, his protestations, that his meeting with Sophia that evening was merely accidental, and every other matter which the Reader already knows, and which as Jones set before her in the strongest light, it is plain that she had in reality no reason to be angry with him.

She was not however in her heart perfectly fatisfied with his refufal to show her the letter; so deaf are we to the clearest reason, when it argues against our prevailing passions. She was indeed well convinced that Sophia possessed the first place in Jones's affections; and yet, haughty and amorous as this Lady was, she submitted at last to bear the second place; or to express it more properly in a legal phrase, was contented with the possession of that of which another woman had the reversion.

It was at length agreed, that Jones should for the future visit at the house: for that Sophia, her maid, and all the other servants would place these visits to the account of Sophia; and that she herself would be considered as the person imposed upon. This fcheme was contrived by the Lady, and highly relished by Jones, who was indeed glad to have a prospect of seeing his Sophia at any rate; and the Lady herself was not a little pleased with the imposition on Sophia, which Jones, she thought, could not possibly discover to her for his own sake.

The next day was appointed for the first visit, and then, after proper ceremonials, the Lady Bellaston returned home.

CHAP. III.

Containing various Matters.

ONES was no fooner alone, than he eagerly broke open his letter, and read as follows.

"Sir, it is impossible to express what I have fuffered fince you left this house; and as I have reason to think you intend coming here again, I have sent Honor, though so late at night, as the tells me she knows your lodgings, to prevent you. I charge you, by all the regard you have for me, not to think of visiting here; for it will certainly be discovered; nay, I almost doubt from some things which have dropt from her Ladyship, that she is not already without some sufficient. Something savorable perhaps may happen; we must wait with patience; but I once more

" entreat you, if you have any concern for my " eafe, do not think of returning hither."

This letter administered the same kind of consolation to poor Jones, which Job formerly received from his friends. Besides disappointing all the hopes which he promifed to himself from seeing Sophia, he was reduced to an unhappy dilemma, with regard to Lady Bellaston; for there are some certain engagements, which, as he well knew, do very difficultly admit of any excuse for the failure; and to go, after the strict prohibition from Sophia, he was not to be forced by any human power. At length, after much deliberation, which during that night supplied the place of sleep, he determined to feign himself fick: for this suggested itself as the only means of failing the appointed visit, without incenfing Lady Bellaston, which he had more than one reason of desiring to avoid.

The first thing however which he did in the morning was to write an answer to Sophia, which he enclosed in one to Honor. He then dispatched another to Lady Bellaston, containing the above mentioned excuse; and to this he soon received the following answer:

"I am vexed that I cannot fee you here this, afternoon, but more concerned for the occa, fion; take great care of yourfelf, and have
, the best advice, and I hope there will be no
, danger.—I am so tormented all this morning
with

" with fools, that I have scarce a moment's time " to write to you. Adieu."

"P. S. I will endeavour to call on you this, evening at nine. — Be fure to be alone."

Mr. Jones now received a vifit from Mrs. Miller, who, after some formal introduction, began the following fpeech. "I am very forry, Sir, to wait " upon you on fuch an occasion; but I hope you ,, will consider the ill consequence which it must " be to the reputation of my poor girls, if my , house should once be talked of as a house of ill " fame. I hope you won't think me therefore " guilty of impertinence, if I beg you not to bring , any more Ladies in at that time of night. The " clock had struck two before one of them went " away." "I do affure you, Madam, "faid Jones, , the Lady who was here last night, and who staid ,, the latest (for the other only brought me a " letter) is a woman of very great fashion, and " my near relation. " " I don't know what " fashion she is of, " answered Mrs. Miller, "but " I am fure no woman of virtue, unless a very " near relation indeed, would vifit a young gentle-, man at ten at night, and stay four hours in his " room with him alone; befides, Sir, the behaviour , of her chairmen shows what she was; for they , did nothing but make jefts all the evening in the " entry, and asked Mr. Partridge in the hearing of " my own maid, if Madam intended to stay with ,, his master all night; with a great deal of stuff VOL. IV.

" not proper to be repeated. I have really a " great respect for you, Mr. Jones, upon your own , account, nay, I have a very high obligation to " you for your generofity to my cousin. Indeed " I did not know how very good you had been , till lately. Little did I imagine to what dreadful " courses the poor man's distress had driven him. " Little did I think when you gave me the ten , guineas, that you had given them to a highway-, man! O Heavens! What goodness have you shown! " How have you preferved this family!—The charac-,, ter which Mr. Allworthy has formerly given me ,, of you, was, I find, ftrictly true. - And indeed if I " had no obligation to you, my obligations to him are , fuch, that, on his account, I should show you " the utmost respect in my power. - Nay, be-" lieve me, dear Mr. Jones, if my daughters and " my own reputation were out of the case, I " should for your own sake, be forry that so " pretty a young gentleman should converse with " these women; but if you are resolved to do it, , I must beg you to take another lodging; for , I do not myfelf like to have fuch things carried , on under my roof; but more especially upon ,, the account of my girls, who have little, Heaven , knows, besides their characters to recommend " them." Jones started and changed color at the name of Allworthy. "Indeed, Mrs. Miller," answered he a little warmly, "I do not take " this at all kind. I will never bring any flander ,, on your house; but I must insist on seeing , what company I please in my own room; and

" if that gives you any offence, I shall, as soon as I am able, look for another lodging." "I am forry we must part then, Sir, " said she, but I am convinced Mr. Allworthy himself would never come within my doors, if he had the least suspicion of my keeping an ill-house."—
" Very well, Madam, " said Jones. — "I hope, Sir," said she, "you are not angry; for I would, not for the world offend any of Mr. Allworthy's family. I have not slept a wink all night about this matter." —— "I am forry I have disturbed your rest, Madam," said Jones, "but I beg, you will send Partridge up to me immediately;" which she promised to do, and then with a very low courtesy retired.

As foon as Partridge arrived, Jones fell upon him in the most outrageous manner. - "How often," faid he, "am I to fuffer for your folly, or rather for " my own in keeping you? Is that tongue of yours n resolved upon no destruction?"—"What have I "done, Sir?" answered affrighted Partridge. "Who ,, was it gave you authority to mention the story of ,, the robbery, or that the man you faw here was " the person?" —"I, Sir? "cries Partridge. "Now ,, don't be guilty of a falfhood in denying it, "faid Jones. — "If I did mention fuch a matter," answers Partridge, "I am fure, I thought no harm: for I " fhould not have opened my lips, if it had not been , to his own friends and relations, who, I imagined, " would have let it go no farther. "-" But I have a " much heavier charge against you, " cries Jones,

" than this. How durst you, after all the " precautions I gave you, mention the name of " Mr. Allworthy in this house? " Partridge denied that he ever had, with many oaths. "How elfe," faid Jones, " should Mrs. Miller be acquainted that , there was any connexion between him and me? , And it is but this moment she told me, she re-" fpected me on his account. — " O Lord, Sir, " faid Partridge, "I defire only to be heard out; and , to be fure, never was any thing fo unfortunate; ,, hear me but out, and you will own how wrong-" fully you have accused me. When Mrs. Honor , came down stairs last night, she met me in the , entry, and asked me when my Master had heard " from Mr. Allworthy; and to be fure Mrs. Miller , heard the very words; and the moment Madam Honor was gone, she called me into the parlour " to her." "Mr. Partridge, " fays she, " what " Mr. Allworthy is that the gentlewoman mention-,, ed? Is it the great Mr. Allworthy of Somerset-" shire?" "Upon my word, Madam, says I, I " know nothing of the matter." - "Sure, fays ,, she, your Master is not the Mr. Jones I have heard "Mr. Allworthy talk of? " "Upon my word, " Madam, " fays I, " I know nothing of the matter." - "Then, "fays fhe, turning to her " daughter Nancy, fays she, " as fure as ten pence this is the very young gentleman, and he agrees " exactly with the Squire's description." "The , Lord above knows who it was told her; for I am ,, the arrantest villain that ever walked upon two , legs if ever it came out of my mouth. — I promife

"you, Sir, I can keep a fecret when I am defired.— , Nay, Sir, so far was I from telling her any thing , about Mr. Allworthy, that I told her the very , direct contrary: for tho' I did not contradict ,, it at that moment, yet, as fecond thoughts, they ,, fay, are best; fo when I came to consider that " fomebody must have informed her, thinks I to ,, myself, I will put an end to the story; and so , I went back again into the parlour some time " afterwards, and fays I, upon my word, fays ,, I, whoever, fays I, told you that this gentle-, man was Mr. Jones; that is, fays I, that this , Mr. Jones was that Mr. Jones, told you a con-, founded lie: and I beg, fays I, you will never ,, mention any fuch matter, fays I; for my Mafter, , fays I, will think I must have told you so; and , I defy any body in the house, ever to say, ,, I mentioned any fuch word. To be certain, " Sir, it is a wonderful thing, and I have been , thinking with myfelf ever fince, how it was , fhe came to know it; not but I faw an old , woman here t'other day a begging at the door, , who looked as like her we faw in Warwickshire, , that caused all that mischief to us. To be , fure it is never good to pass by an old wo-" man without giving her fomething, especially ,, if the looks at you; for all the world thall , never perfuade me but that they have a great " power to do mischief, and to be sure I shall " never fee an old woman again, but I shall think ,, to myfelf Infandum, Regina, jubes renovare do-., lorem. "

The fimplicity of Partridge fet Jones a laughing, and put a final end to his anger, which had indeed feldom any long duration in his mind; and instead of commenting on his defence, he told him he intended presently to leave those lodgings, and ordered him to go and endeavour to get him others.

CHAP. IV.

Which we hope will be very attentively perused by young People of both Sexes.

PARTRIDGE had no fooner left Mr. Jones, than Mr. Nightingale, with whom he had now contracted a great intimacy, came to him, and after a fhort falutation, faid, "So, Tom, I hear , you had company very late last night. Upon " my foul, you are a happy fellow, who have , not been in town above a fortnight, and can " keep chairs waiting at your door till two in the " morning." He then ran on with much common-place raillery of the fame kind, till Jones at last interrupted him, faying, " I suppose you have , received all this information from Mrs. Miller, , who has been up here a little while ago to give ", me warning. The good woman is afraid, it ", feems, of the reputation of her daughters." "O , fhe is wonderfully nice," fays Nightingale, ,, upon that account; if you remember, she would , not let Nancy go with us to the masquerade."

, Nay upon my honor, I think she's in the right " of it," fays Jones; " however I have taken her ,, at her word, and have fent Partridge to look for " another lodging." "If you will," fays Night-, ingale, "we may, I believe, be again together; " for to tell you a fecret, which I defire you " won't mention in the family, I intend to quit " the house to-day." — "What, has Mrs. Miller. " given you warning too, my friend?" cries Jones. ,, No," answered the other; "but the rooms are , not convenient enough. - Besides, I am grown , weary of this part of the town. I want to be " nearer the places of diversion; fo I am going to " Pall-mall."— "And do you intend to make a " fecret of your going away?" faid Jones. "I " promife you," aufwered Nightingale, "I don't ,, intend to bilk my lodgings; but I have a private " reason for not taking a formal leave." "Not so " private," answered Jones; "I promise you, I ,, have feen it ever fince the fecond day of my , coming to the house. - Here will be some wet " eyes on your departure. — Poor Nancy, I pity ,, her, faith! - Indeed, Jack you have played the " fool with that girl. — You have given her a , longing, which, I am afraid, nothing will ever " cure her of."-Nightingale answered, " What " the devil would you have me do? Would you " have me marry her to cure her?" - "No," answered Jones; "I would not have had you make , love to her, as you have often done in my pre-, fence. I have been aftonished at the blindness , of her mother in never feeing it." " Pugh,

" fee it!" cries Nightingale, " What the devil " should she see?" "Why see," faid Jones, "that ,, you have made her daughter distractedly in love with you. The poor girl cannot conceal it a mo-, ment, her eyes are never off from you, and , fhe always colors every time you come into the n room. Indeed, I pity her heartily; for the feems , to be one of the best natured, and honestest of " human creatures." "And fo," answered Night-" ingale, " according to your doctrine, one must ,, not amuse one's felf by any common gallantries " with women, for fear they should fall in love " with us." "Indeed, Jack," faid Jones, " you " wilfully mifunderstand me; I do not fancy women , are fo apt to fall in love; but you have gone far " beyond common gallantries." — "What do you " fuppose," fays Nightingale, "that we have been , a-bed together?" "No, upon my honor," answered Jones, very feriously, "I do not suppose " fo ill of you; nay, I will go farther, I do not , imagine you have laid a regular premeditated , scheme for the destruction of the quiet of a poor , little creature, or have even foreseen the consen quence. For I am fure thou art a very good-, natured fellow; and fuch a one can never be ,, guilty of a cruelty of that kind; but at the same time you have pleafed your own vanity, without ,, confidering that this poor girl was made a facrifice ,, to it; and while you have had no defign but of ,, amusing an idle hour, you have actually given , her reason to flatter herself, that you had the most n ferious designs in her favor. Prithee, Jack,

" answer me honestly: to what have tended all—
those elegant and luscious descriptions of hap—
piness arising from violent and mutual fondness;
all those warm professions of tenderness, and
generous, disinterested love? Did you imagine
she would not apply them? Or, speakingeniously,
did not you intend she should?" Upon my
foul, Tom, "cries Nightingale, "I did not think
this was in thee. Thou wilt make an admirable
parson.—So, I suppose, you would not go to
bed to Nancy now, if she would let you?"—
No, "cries Jones, "may I be d—n'd if I would."
Tom, Tom, "answered Nightingale, "last night;
remember last night;

25. --- When ev'ry eye was clos'd, and the pale moon, 25. And filent flars shone conscious of the thest."

"Lookee, Mr. Nightingale," faid Jones, "I am, no canting hypocrite, nor do I pretend to the gift of chastity, more than my neighbours. I, have been guilty with women, I own it; but, am not conscious that I have ever injured any. — Nor would I, to procure pleasure to myself, be knowingly the cause of misery to any human, being."

"Well, well," faid Nightingale, "I believe you, and I am convinced you acquit me of any fuch thing."

" I do, from my heart," answered Jones, " of

" having debauched the girl, but not from hav-" ing gained her affections."

"If I have," faid Nightingale, "I am forry for it; but time and absence will soon wear off such impressions. It is a receipt I must take myself: for to confess the truth to you, —I never liked any girl half so much in my whole life; but I must let you into the whole secret, Tom. My father has provided a match for me, with a woman I never saw; and she is now coming to town, in order for me to make my addresses to her."

At these words Jones burst into a loud fit of laughter; when Nightingale cried,— "Nay, prime thee don't turn me into ridicule. The devil take me if I am not half mad about this matter! My poor Nancy! Oh Jones, Jones, I wish I had a fortune in my own possession."

"I heartily wish you had," cries Jones; "for if, this be the case, I sincerely pity you both: but, surely you don't intend to go away without taking your leave of her?"

"I would not," answered Nightingale, "undermany, go the pain of taking leave for ten thousand pound; besides, I am convinced, instead of aumany, swering any good purpose, it would only serve to instance my poor Nancy the more. I beg therefore, you would not mention a word of it " to-day, and in the evening, or to-morrow morn-", ing, I intend to depart."

Jones promifed he would not; and faid, upon reflection he thought, as he had determined and was obliged to leave her, he took the most prudent method. He then told Nightingale, he should be very glad to lodge in the same house with him; and it was accordingly agreed between them, that Nightingale should procure him either the ground floor, or the two pair of stairs; for the young gentleman himself was to occupy that which was between them.

This Nightingale, of whom we shall be prefently obliged to say a little more, was in the ordinary transactions of life a man of strict honor, and what is more rare among young gentlemen of the town, one of strict honesty too; yet in affairs of love he was somewhat looser in his morals; not that he was even here as void of principle as gentlemen sometimes are, and oftener affect to be; but it is certain he had been guilty of some indesensible treachery to women, and had in a certain mystery, called Making Love, practifed many deceits, which, if he had used in trade, he would have been counted the greatest villain upon earth.

But as the world, I know not well for what reason, agree to see this treachery in a better light, he was so far from being ashamed of his iniquities of this kind, that he gloried in them, and would often boaft of his skill in gaining of women, and his triumphs over their hearts, for which he had before this time received some rebukes from Jones, who always exprest greast bitterness against any milbehaviour to the fair part of the species, who, if considered, he said, as they ought to be, in the light of the dearest friends, were to be cultivated, honored, and caressed with the utmost love and tenderness; but, if regarded as enemies, were a conquest of which a man ought rather to be assumed than to value himself upon it.

CHAP. V.

A short Account of the History of Mrs. Miller.

JONES this day ate a pretty good dinner for a fick man, that is to fay, the larger half of a shoulder of mutton. In the afternoon he received an invitation from Mrs. Miller to drink tea: for that good woman having learnt, either by means of Partridge, or by some other means natural or supernatural, that he had a connexion with Mr. Allworthy, could not endure the thoughts of parting with him in an angry manner.

Jones accepted the invitation; and no fooner was the tea-kettle removed, and the girls fent out of the room, than the widow, without much

preface, began as follows: "Well, there are very, furprifing things happen in this world, but certainly it is a wonderful business, that I should have a relation of Mr. Allworthy in my house, and never know any thing of the matter. Alas! Sir, you little imagine what a friend that best, of gentlemen has been to me and mine. Yes, Sir, I am not assumed to own it; it is owing to his goodness, that I did not long since perish for want, and leave my poor little wretches, two destitute, helpless, friendless orphans, to the care, or rather to the cruelty of the world.

"You must know, Sir, though I am now re-" duced to get my living by letting lodgings, I , was born and bred a gentlewoman. My father " was an officer of the army, and died in a confiderable , rank: but he lived up to his pay; and as that ,, expired with him, his family, at his death, became , beggars. We were three fifters. One of us had ,, the good luck to die foon after of the fmall-pox: " A Lady was fo kind as to take the fecond out " of charity, as fhe faid, to wait upon her. The , mother of this Lady had been a fervant to my " grandmother; and having inherited a vast fortune " from her father, which he had got by pawnbrok-, ing, was married to a gentleman of great estate ,, and fashion. She used my sister so barbarously, ,, often upbraiding her with her birth and poverty, , calling her in derifion, a gentlewoman, that I ,, believe she at length broke the heart of the

" poor girl. In short, she likewise died within a , twelvemonth after my father. Fortune thought , proper to provide better for me, and within a , month from his decease I was married to a , clergyman, who had been my lover a long , time before, and who had been very ill used by , my father on that account: for though my poor , father could not give any of us a shilling, yet , he bred us up as delicately, confidered us, ,, and would have had us confider ourselves as , highly, as if we had been the richest heiresses. , But my dear husband forgot all this usage, and , the moment we were become fatherless, he im-, mediately renewed his addresses to me so warmly, that I, who always liked, and now more than , ever esteemed him, foon complied. Five years ,, did I live in a state of perfect happiness with that , best of men, till at last - oh! cruel, cruel for-, tune that ever separated us, that deprived me of the kindest of husbands, and my poor girls of the , tenderest parent. - O my poor girls! you never ,, knew the bleffing which ye loft. - I am ashamed, , Mr. Jones, of this womanish weakness; but I , fhall never mention him without tears." - "I ", ought rather, Madam, " faid Jones, " to be " ashamed that I do not accompany you." - "Well, " Sir, "continued she, "I was now left a second ,, time in a much worse condition than before; be-, fides the terrible affliction I was to encounter, I , had now two children to provide for; and was, , if possible, more pennyless than ever, when that " great, that good, that glorious man, Mr. All" worthy, who had fome little acquaintance with " my husband, accidentally heard of my distress, " and immediately writ this letter to me. Here, " Sir, — here it is; I put it into my pocket to " show it you. This is the letter, Sir; I must and " will read it to you:

" MADAM,

I heartily condole with you on your late grievous lofs, which your own good fense, and the excellent lessons you must have learnt from the worthiest of men, will better enable you to bear, than any advice which I am capable of giving. Nor have I any doubt that you, whom I have heard to be the tenderest of mothers, will suffer any immoderate indulgence of grief to prevent you, from discharging your duty to those poor infants, who now alone stand in need of your tenderness.

"However, as you must be supposed at present to be incapable of much worldly consideration, you will pardon my having ordered a person to wait on you, and to pay you twenty guineas, which I beg you will accept till I have the pleasure of seeing you, and believe me to be, Madam, &c."

"This letter, Sir, I received within a fortnight, after the irreparable loss I have mentioned, and within a fortnight afterwards, Mr. Allworthy, — the bleffed Mr. Allworthy, came to pay me

,, a visit, when he placed me in the house where ,, you now fee me, gave me a large fum of money n to furnish it, and settled an annuity of 50 l. , a year upon me, which I have constantly n received ever fince. Judge then, Mr. Jones, ,, in what regard I must hold a benefactor, to , whom I owe the preservation of my life, , and of those dear children, for whose sake , alone my life is valuable. - Do not, there-,, fore, think me impertinent, Mr. Jones, (fince , I must esteem one for whom I know Mr. Allworthy has fo much value) if I beg you not , to converfe with these wicked women. You ,, are a young gentleman, and do not know , half their artful wiles. Do not be angry with , me, Sir, for what I faid upon account of my , house; you must be fensible it would be the , ruin of my poor dear girls. Besides, Sir, you " cannot but be acquainted, that Mr. Allworthy " himself would never forgive my conniving at " fuch matters, and particularly with you."

"Upon my word, Madam," faid Jones, "you, need make no farther apology; nor do I in, the least take any thing ill you have faid: but give me leave, as no one can have more, value than myself for Mr. Allworthy, to deplice you from one mistake, which, perhaps, would not be altogether for his honor: I do affure you, I am no relation of his."

[&]quot;Alas! Sir, "answered she, "I know you are

" not. I know very well who you are; for Mr. Allworthy has told me all: but I do assure you, had you been twenty times his son, he could not have expressed more regard for you, than he has often expressed in my presence. You need not be assumed, Sir, of what you are; I promise you no good person will esteem you the less on that account. No, Mr. Jones; the words, dishonorable birth, are nonsense, as my dear, dear husband used to say, unless the word, dishonorable, be applied to the parents; for the children can derive no real dishonor from an act of which they are entirely innocent."

Here Jones heaved a deep figh, and then faid, "Since I perceive, Madam, you really do know "me, and Mr. Allworthy has thought proper to "mention my name to you; and fince you have "been fo explicit with me as to your own affairs, "I will acquaint you with fome more circumstances "concerning myself." And these Mrs. Miller having expressed great desire and curiosity to hear, he began and related to her his whole history, without once mentioning the name of Sophia.

There is a kind of fympathy in honest minds, by means of which they give an easy credit to each other. Mrs. Miller believed all which Jones told her to be true, and exprest much pity and concern for him. She was beginning to comment on the story, but Jones interrupted her: for as the hour of assignation now drew nigh, he began to stipulate for a Vol. IV.

fecond interview with the Lady that evening, which he promifed should be the last at her house; swearing, at the same time, that she was one of great distinction, and that nothing but what was entirely innocent was to pass between them; and I do firmly believe he intended to keep his word.

Mrs. Miller was at length prevailed on, and Jones departed to his chamber, where he fat alone till twelve o'clock, but no Lady Bellaston appeared.

As we have faid that this Lady had a great affection for Jones, and as it must have appeared that she really had so, the Reader may perhaps wonder at the first failure of her appointment, as she apprehended him to be confined by sickness, a season when friendship seems most to require such visits. This behaviour, therefore, in the Lady, may by some be condemned as unnatural; but that is not our fault; for our business is only to record truth.

CHAP. VI.

Containing a Scene which we doubt not will affect all our Readers.

MR. Jones closed not his eyes during all the former part of the night; not owing to any uneafiness which he conceived at being disappointed by Lady Bellaston; nor was Sophia herself, though most of his waking hours were justly to be charged to

her account, the present cause of dispelling his slumbers. In fact, poor Jones was one of the best-natured fellows alive, and had all that weakness which is called compassion, and which distinguishes this imperfect character from that noble firmness of mind, which rolls a man, as it were, within himself, and, like a polished bowl, enables him to run through the world, without being once stopped by the calamities which happen to others. He could not help. therefore, compassionating the situation of poor Nancy; whose love for Mr. Nightingale seemed to him so apparent, that he was aftonished at the blindness of her mother, who had more than once, the preceding evening, remarked to him the great change in the temper of her daughter, " who from " being" she faid, "one of the liveliest, merriest girls , in the world, was on a fudden, become all , gloom and melancholy."

Sleep, however, at length got the better of all resistance; and now, as if he had really been a Deity, as the ancients imagined, and an offended one too, he seemed to enjoy his dear-bought conquest.—To speak simply and without any metaphor, Mr. Jones slept till eleven the next morning, and would, perhaps, have continued in the same quiet situation much longer, had not a violent uproar awakened him.

Partridge was now fummoned, who, being asked what was the matter, answered, "That there, was a dreadful hurricane below stairs, that Miss

" Nancy was in fits; and that the other fifter and ", the mother, were both crying and lamenting ", over her." Jones expressed much concern at this news, which Partridge endeavoured to relieve, by faying, with a smile, "He fancied the young Lady was in no danger of death; for that Susan," which was the name of the maid, "had given , him to understand, it was nothing more than a , common affair. In short," faid he, "Miss Nan-, cy has had a mind to be as wife as her mother; , that's all. She was a little hungry, it feems, and ,, so fat down to dinner before grace was faid; and , fo there is a child coming for the Foundling-" Hospital."—" Prithee leave thy stupid jesting," cries Jones, "is the mifery of these poor wretches a subject of mirth? Go immediately to Mrs. Miller, and tell her, I beg leave ___Stay, you , will make fome blunder; I will go myfelf; for " she desired me to breakfast with her." He then rose, and dressed himself as fast as he could: and while he was dreffing, Partridge, notwithstanding many severe rebukes, could not avoid throwing forth certain pieces of brutality, commonly called jests, on this occasion. Jones was no sooner dressed than he walked down stairs, and knocking at the door was prefently admitted, by the maid, into the outward parlour, which was as empty of company as it was of any apparatus for eating. Mrs. Miller was in the inner room with her daughter, whence the maid prefently brought a message to Mr. Jones, "That her Mistress hoped he would , excuse the disappointment, but an accident had

" happened, which made it impossible for her to have the pleasure of his company at breakfast that day; and begged his pardon for not sending him up notice sooner." Jones desired, "She would give herself no trouble about any thing so trifling as his disappointment; that he was heartily forry for the occasion; and that if he could be of any service to her, she might command him."

He had scarce spoke these words, when Mrs. Miller, who head them all, fuddenly threw open the door, and coming out to him, in a flood of tears, faid, "O Mr. Jones, you are certainly one , of the best young men alive. I give you a , thousand thanks for your kind offer of your , fervice; but, alas! Sir, it is out of your power , to preferve my poor girl. O my child, my " child! She is undone, she is ruined for ever!"
" I hope, Madam," faid Jones, " no villain—"
" O Mr. Jones," faid she, " that •villain who " yesterday left my lodgings, has betrayed my poor , girl; has destroyed her. — I know you are a " man of honor. You have a good—a noble , heart, Mr. Jones. The actions to which I have , been myfelf a witness, could proceed from no " other. I will tell you all: nay, indeed, it is , impossible, after what has happened, to keep it , a fecret. That Nightingale, that barbarous vil-" lain, has undone my daughter. She is - she is-, oh! Mr. Jones, my girl is with child by him; and in that condition he has deferted her. Here! " here, Sir, is his cruel letter; read it, Mr. Jones, " and tell me if fuch another monster lives." The letter was as follows:

" Dear Nancy,

" As I found it impossible to mention to you , what, I am afraid, will be no less shocking to , you than it is to me, I have taken this method , to inform you, that my father infifts upon my , immediately paying my addresses to a young Lady , of fortune, whom he has promided for my ----, I need not write the detested word. Your own , good understanding will make you sensible, how n entirely I am obliged to an obedience by which , I shall be for ever excluded from your dear arms. , The fondness of your mother may encourage you , to trust her with the unhappy consequence of our ,, love, which may be eafily kept a fecret from the , world, and for which I will take care to provide, , as I will for you. I wish you may feel less on , this account than I have fuffered: but summon all , your fortitude to your affistance, and forgive , and forget the man, whom nothing but the , prospect of certain ruin could have forced to , write this letter. I bid you forget me, I mean , only as a lover; but the best of friends you , shall ever find in

" Your faithful, hough unhappy

When Jones had read this letter, they both flood filent during a minute, looking at each other; at last he begun thus: "I cannot express, Madam, ,, how much I am shocked at what I have read; " yet let me beg you, in one particular, to take " the writer's advise. Consider the reputation of " your daughter."——"It is gone, it is lost, "Mr. Jones," cry'd she; "as well as her innon cence. She received the letter in a room full of , company, and immediately fwooning away upon , opening it, the contents were known to every " one present. But the loss of her reputation, bad , as it is, is not the worst; I shall lose my child; ,, she has attempted twice to destroy herself already: ,, and though she has been hitherto prevented, " vows she will not out-live it; nor could I my-" felf out-live any accident of that nature. What " then will become of my little Betsy, a helpless " infant orphan? And the poor little wretch " will, I believe, break her heart at the miseries , with which she sees her fifter and myself distract-, ed, while she is ignorant of the cause. , O it is the most fensible, and best natured little , thing. The barbarous cruel—has destroyed us all. O my poor children! Is this the reward of all my cares? Is this the fruit of all my " prospects? Have I so cheerfully undergone all , the labors and duties of a mother? Have I , been so tender of their infancy, so careful of " their education? Have I been toiling fo many " years denying myself even the conveniencies of , life to provide some little sustenance for them,

" to lose one or both in such a manner?" "In-" deed, Madam," faid Jones, with tears in his eyes, "I pity you from my foul."—"O Mr. Jones," answered she, "even you, though I know the " goodness of your heart, can have no idea of , what I feel. The best, the kindest, the most " dutiful of children! O my poor Nancy, the , darling of my foul! the delight of my eyes; the , pride of my heart: too much, indeed, my pride; ,, for to those foolish, ambitious hopes, arising from , her beauty, I owe her ruin. Alas! I faw with " pleasure the liking which this young man had " for her. I thought it an honorable affection; and flattered my foolish vanity with the thoughts of , feeing her married to one fo much her superior. , And a thousand times in my presence, nay, often , in yours, he has endeavoured to footh and enso courage these hopes by the most generous expres-, fions of difinterested love, which he has always " directed to my poor girl, and which I, as well " as she, believed to be real. Could I have believed ,, that these were only snares laid to betray the ", innocence of my child, and for the ruin of us all?" At these words little Betfy came running into the room, crying, "Dear mamma, for Heaven's fake , come to my fifter; for she is in another fit, and " my cousin can't hold her.". Mrs. Miller immediately obeyed the fummons; but first ordered Betsy to stay with Mr. Jones, and begged him to entertain her a few minutes, faying, in the most pathetic voice, "Good Heaven! let me preserve one of my , children at least."

Jones in compliance with this request, did all he could to comfort the little girl, though he was, in reality, himself very highly affected with Mrs. Miller's story. He told her, "her fister would be soon , very well again: that by taking on in that man-" ner, she would not only make her sister worse, " but make her mother ill too." "Indeed, Sir," favs she, "I would not do any thing to hurt , them for the world. I would burst my heart , rather than they should see me cry. - But my poor , fifter can't fee me cry. I am afraid she will never , be able to fee me cry any more. Indeed I can't , part with her; indeed I can't. - And then poor , mamma too, what will become of her! ---- She , fays fhe will die too, and leave me: but I am " refolved I won't be left behind." "And are you " not afraid to die, my little Betfy?" faid Jones. "Yes," answered she, "I was always afraid to die; ,, because I must have left my mamma, and my " fifter; but I am not afraid of going any where " with those I love."

Jones was fo pleased with this answer, that he eagerly kissed the child; and soon after Mrs. Miller returned, saying, "She thanked Heaven Nancy, was now come to herself. And now, Betsy." says she, "you may go in; for your sister is better, and longs to see you." She then turned to Jones, and began to renew her apologies for having disappointed him of his breakfast.

[&]quot;I hope, Madam.," faid Jones, "I shall have

" a more exquisite repast than any you could " have provided for me. This, I assure you, will " be the case, if I can do any service to this little " family of love. But whatever success may " attend my endeavours, I am resolved to attempt " it. I am, very much deceived in Mr. Nightingale, " if, notwithstanding what has happened, he has " not much goodness of heart at the bottom, as " well as a very violent affection for your daugh-" ter. If this be the case, I think the picture " which I shall lay before him, will affect him. " Endeavour, Madam, to comfort yourself, and " Miss Nancy, as well as you can. I will go " instantly in quest of Mr. Nightingale; and I " hope to bring you good news."

Mrs, Miller fell upon her knees, and invoked all the bleffings of Heaven upon Mr. Jones; to which she afterwards added the most passionate expressions of gratitude. He then departed to find Mr. Nightingale, and the good woman returned to comfort her daughter, who was somewhat cheered at what her mother told her; and both joined in resounding the praises of Mr. Jones.

CHAP. VII.

The interview between Mr. Jones and Mr. Nightingale.

THE good or evil-we confer on others, very often, I believe, recoils on ourselves. For as men of a benign disposition enjoy their own acts of beneficence, equally with those to whom they are done, so there are scarce any natures so entirely diabolical, as to be capable of doing injuries, without paying themselves some pangs, for the ruin which they bring on their fellow creatures.

Mr. Nightingale, at least, was not such a person. On the contrary, Jones sound him in his new lodgings, sitting melancholy by the fire, and silently lamenting the unhappy situation in which he had placed poor Nancy. He no sooner saw his friend appear, than he rose hastily to meet him; and after much congratulation said, "Nothing could have, been more opportune than this kind visit; for I, was never more in the spleen in my life."

"I am forry," answered Jones, "that I bring news, very unlikely to relieve you; nay, what I am con, vinced must, of all other, shock you the most. However, it is necessary you should know it. Without further preface then, I come to you, Mr. Nightingale, from a worthy family, which, you have involved in misery and ruin." Mr. Nightingale changed color at these words; but Jones, without regarding it, proceeded, in the liveliest manner, to

paint the tragical story, with which the Reader was acquainted in the last Chapter.

Nightingale never once interrupted the narration, though he discovered violent emotions at many parts of it. But when it was concluded, after fetching a deep sigh, he said "What you tell me, my friend, affects me in the tenderest manner. Sure there never was so cursed an accident as the poor girl's betraying my letter. Her reputation might otherwise have been safe, and the affair might have remained a prosound secret; and then the girl might have gone off never the worse; for many such things happen in this town: and if the husband should suspect a little, when it is too late, it will be his wifer conduct to conceal his suspection both from his wife and the world."

"Indeed my friend," answered Jones, "this could not have been the case with your poor Nancy. You have so entirely gained her affections, that it is the loss of you, and not of her reputation, which afflicts her, and will end in the destruction of her and her family." Nay, sor that matter, I promise you, "cries Nightingale, she has my affections so absolutely, that my wise, whoever she is to be, will have very little share in them. "And is it possible then," said Jones, "you can think of deserting her?" Why, what can I do? "answered the other. "Ask Miss Nancy," replied Jones warmly. "In the

, conditition to which you have reduced her, I " fincerely think she ought to determine what repar-, ation you shall make her. Her interest alone, " and not yours, ought to be your fole consider, " ation. But if you ask me what you shall do? " What can you do less, " cries Jones, " than " fulfil the expectations of her family, and her own. , Nay, I fincerely tell you, they were mine too, " ever fince I first saw you together. You will " pardon me, if I presume on the friendship you ,, have favored me with, moved as I am with com-, passion for those poor creatures. But your own , heart will best suggest to you, whether you " have never intended, by your conduct, to per-" fuade the mother, as well as the daughter, into " an opinion, that you defigned honorably: and " if so, though there may have been no direct " promise of marriage in the case, I will leave " to your own good understanding, how far you " are bound to proceed."

"Nay, I must not only confess what you have ,, hinted, "faid Nightingale; "but, I am asraid, ,, even that very promise you mention I have given." And can you, after owning that, "faid Jones, ,, hesitate a moment?" "Consider, my friend," answered the other; "I know you are a man of ,, honor, and would advise no one to act contrary ,, to its rules; if there were no other objection, ,, can I, after this publication of her disgrace, think ,, of such an alliance with honor?" "Undoubtedly," replied Jones, "and the very best and truest honor,

, which is goodness, requires it of you. As you , mention a scruple of this kind, you will give " me leave to examine it. Can you, with honor, , be guilty of having, under false pretences, de-" ceived a young woman and her family, and of , having, by these means, treacherously robbed her " of her innocence? Can you, with honor, be the " knowing, the wilful, nay, I must add, the artful " contriver of the ruin of a human being? Can you, , with honor, destroy the fame, the peace, nay, ,, probably both the life and foul too of this creature? " Can honor bear the thought, that this creature is " a tender, helples, defenceles young woman? " A young woman who loves, who dotes on you, " who dies for you; who has placed the utmost con-" fidence in your promifes; and to that confidence , has facrificed every thing which is dear to her? " Can honor support such contemplations as these " a moment? "

"Common fense, indeed," said Nightingale, warrants all you say; but yet you well know the point of the world is so much the contrary, that was I to marry a whore, though my own, I should be ashamed of ever showing my sace again."

"Fie upon it, Mr. Nightingale," faid Jones, "do ,, not call her by fo ungenerous a name: when you ,, promifed to marry her, she became your wise; ,, and she has sinned more against prudence than ,, virtue. And what is this world, which you ,, would be ashamed to sace, but the vile, the

" foolish, and the profligate? forgive me, if I ,, fay fuch a shame must proceed from false mo-, defty, which always attends false honor as its " fhadow. — But I am well affured there is not ,, a man of real fenfe and goodness in the world, " who would not honor and applaud the action. " But admit no other would, would not your own , heart, my friend, applaud it? And do not the ,, warm, rapturous fensations, which we feel from , the consciousness of an honest, noble, generous, , benevolent action, convey more delight to the ,, mind, than the undeferved praise of millions? Set " the alternative fairly before your eyes. On the " one fide, fee this poor, unhappy, tender, be-,, lieving girl, in the arms of her wretched mother, , breathing her last. Hear her breaking heart in ,, agonies, fighing out your name; and lamenting, " rather than accusing, the cruelty which weighs " her down to destruction. Paint to your imagin-, ation the circumstances of her fond, despairing " parent, driven to madness, or, perhaps, to death, " by the loss of her lovely daughter. View the " poor, helpless, orphan-infant: and when your " mind has dwelt a moment only on fuch ideas, , consider yourself as the cause of all the ruin of , this poor, little, worthy, defenceless family. On , the other fide, confider yourfelf as relieving them " from their temporary fufferings. Think with what , joy, with what transports, that lovely creature will " fly to your arms. See her blood returning to her pale ,, cheeks, her fire to her languid eyes, and raptures , to her tortured breast. Consider the exultations

" of her mother, the happiness of all. Think of " this little family made, by one act of yours, completely happy. Think of this alternative, " and sure I am mistaken in my friend, if it " requires any long deliberation, whether he will " sink these wretches down for ever, or, by " one generous, noble resolution, raise them all " from the brink of misery and despair, to the " highest pitch of human happiness. Add to " this but one consideration more; the consideration that it is your duty so to do. — That the " misery from which you relieve these poor people, " is the misery which you yourself have wilfully brought upon them."

"O my dear friend," cries Nightingale, "I manted not your eloquence to rouse me. I pity poor Nancy from my soul, and would willingly give any thing in my power, that no familiarities had ever passed between us. Nay, believe me, I had many struggles with my passion before I could prevail with myself to write that cruel letter, which has caused all the misery in that unhappy samily. If I had no inclinations to consult but my own, I would marry her to-morrow morning: I would, by Heaven; but you will easily imagine how impossible it would be to prevail on my father to consent to such a match; besides, he has provided another for me; and to-morrow, by his express command, I am to wait on the Lady."

"I have not the honor to know your father," faid Jones; "but suppose he could be persuaded, would you yourself consent to the only means of preserving these poor people?" "As eagerly as I would pursue my own happiness," answered Nightingale; "for I never shall find it in any other woman—O my dear friend, could you imagine what I have selt within these twelve hours for my poor girl, I am convinced she would not engross all your pity. Passion leads me only to her; and if I had any soolish scruples of honor, you have fully satisfied them: could my father be induced to comply with my desires, nothing would be wanting to complete my own happiness, or that of my Nancy."

"Then I am resolved to undertake it," faid " You must not be angry with me, in ,, whatever light it may be necessary to fet this , affair, which, you may depend on it, could not n otherwise be long hid from him: for things of " this nature make a quick progress, when once " they get abroad, as this unhappily has already. " Besides, should any fatal accident follow, as , upon my foul I am afraid will unless immedi-,, ately prevented, the public would ring of your ,, name in a manner which, if your father has , common humanity, must offend him. If you , will therefore tell me where I may find the old , gentleman, I will not lose a moment in the , business; which while I pursue, you cannot do , a more generous action than by paying a vifit Vol. IV.

" to the poor girl. You will find I have not ex-" aggerated in the account I have given of the " wretchedness of the family."

Nightingale immediately confented to the proposal; and now having acquainted Jones with his father's lodging, and the Coffee-house where he would most probably find him, he hesitated a moment, and then said, "My dear Tom, you are going to undertake an impossibility. If you, knew my father, you would not think of obtaining his consent. Stay, there is one way Suppose you tell him I was already married, it might be easier to reconcile him to, the sact after it was done; and, upon my homor, I am so affected with what you have said, and I love my Nancy so passionately, I almost wish it was done, whatever might be the consequence."

Jones greatly approved the hint, and promifed to pursue it. They then separated, Nightingale to visit his Nancy, and Jones in quest of the old gentleman.

CHAP. VIII.

What passed between Jones and Old Mr. Nightingale; with the Arrival of a Person not yet mentioned in this History.

NOTWITHSTANDING the fentiments of the Roman fatirist, which denies the Divinity of Fortune; and the opinion of Seneca to the same purpose; Cicero, who was, I believe, a wifer man than either of them, expressly holds the contrary; and certain it is, there are some incidents in life so very strange and unaccountable, that it seems to require more than human skill and foresight in producing them.

Of this kind was what now happened to Jones who found Mr. Nightingale the elder in fo critical a minute, that Fortune, if she was really worth all the worship she received at Rome, could not have contrived such another. In short, the old gentleman and the father of the young Lady whom he intended for his son, had been hard at it for many hours; and the latter was just now gone, and had left the former delighted with the thoughts that he had succeeded in a long contention, which had been between the two fathers of the suture bride and bridegroom; in which both endeavoured to over-reach the other, and, as it not rarely happens in such cases, both had retreated sully satisfied of having obtained the victory.

This gentleman whom Mr. Jones now visited, was what they call a man of the world; that is to fay, a man who directs his conduct in this world, as one who being fully perfuaded there is no other, is refolved to make the most of this. In his early years he had been bred to trade; but having acquired a very good fortune, he had lately declined his business; or, to speak more properly, had changed it from dealing in goods, to dealing only in money, of which he had always a plentiful fund at command, and of which he knew very well how to make a very plentiful advantage, fometimes of the necessities of private men, and sometimes of those of the public. He had indeed conversed so entirely with money, that it may be almost doubted whether he imagined there was any other thing really existed in the world: this at least may be certainly (averred, that he firmly believed nothing elfe to have any real value.

The Reader will, I fancy, allow, that Fortune could not have culled out a more improper person for Mr, Jones to attack with any probability of success; nor could the whimsical Lady have directed this attack at a more unscasonable time.

As money then was always uppermost in this gentleman's thoughts, so the moment he saw a stranger within his doors, it immediately occurred to his imagination, that such stranger was either come to bring him money, or to setch it from him. And according as one or other of these thoughts

prevailed, he conceived a favorable or unfavorable idea of the person who approached him.

Unluckily for Jones the latter of these was the ascendant at present; for as a young gentleman had visited him the day before, with a bill from his fon for a play debt, he apprehended, at the first fight of Jones, that he was come on fuch another errand. Jones therefore had no fooner told him, that he was come on his fon's account, than the old gentleman, being confirmed in his fuspicion, burst forth into an exclamation, "That he would , lofe his labor." "Is it then possible, Sir," anfwered Jones, "that you can guess my business?" " If I do guess it," replied the other, "I repeat ,, again to you, you will lofe your labor. What, " I suppose you are one of those sparks who lead , my fon into all those scenes of riot and debauch-, ery, which will be his destruction; but I shall ,, pay no more of his bills I promife you. I expect , he will quit all fuch company for the future. " If I had imagined otherwife, I should not have ,, provided a wife for him; for I would be inftru-" mental in the ruin of nobody." "How, Sir," faid Jones, "and was this Lady of your providing?" " Pray, Sir," answered the old gentleman, "how , comes it to be any concern of yours?"—" Nay, , dear Sir," replied Jones, " be not offended that , I interest myself in what regards your son's , happiness, for whom I have so great an honor , and value. It was upon that very account , I came to wait on you. I cannot express the

" fatisfaction you have given me by what you " fay; for I do affure you your fon is a person " for whom I have the highest honor.— Nay, Sir, " it is not easy to express the esteem I have for " you, who could be so generous, so good so " kind, so indulgent to provide such a match for " your fon; a woman, who, I dare swear, will " make him one of the happiest men upon earth."

There is fcarce any thing which so happily introduces men to our good liking, as having conceived some alarm at their first appearance; when once those apprehensions begin to vanish, we soon forget the sears which they occasioned, and look on ourselves as indebted for our present ease, to those very persons who at first raised our sears.

Thus it happened to Nightingale, who no fooner found that Jones had no demand on him, as he fuspected, than he began to be pleased with his presence. "Pray, good Sir," said he, "be pleased to sit down. I do not remember to have ever had the pleasure of seeing you before; but if you are a friend of my son, and have any thing to fay concerning this young Lady, I shall be glad to hear you. As to her making him happy, it will be his own fault if she does not. I have discharged my duty, in taking care of the main article. She will bring him a sortune capable of making any reasonable, prudent, sober man happy." "Undoubtedly," cries Jones, "for she is in herself a fortune; so beautiful, so genteel,".

" fo fweet - tempered, and fo well educated: she n is indeed a most accomplished young Lady; n fings admirably well, and has a most delicate , hand at the harpficord " "I did not know any ,, of these matters," answered the old gentleman, , for I never faw the Lady; but I do not like her the worse for what you tell me; and I am the better pleafed with her father for not laying any ,, stress on these qualifications in our bargain. I , shall always think it a proof of his understand-,, ing. A filly fellow would have brought in these n articles as an addition to her fortune; but to ,, give him his due, he never mentioned any fuch matter; though to be fure they are no disparagements to a woman." "I do assure you, Sir," cries Jones, "fhe has them all in a most eminent , degree: for my part, I own I was afraid you might have been a little backward, a little less " inclined to the match: for your fon told me you , had never feen the Lady; therefore I came, , Sir, in that case, to entreat you, to conjure you, , as you value the happiness of your son, not , to be averfe to his match with a woman who ,, has not only all the good qualities I have men-, tioned, but many more." -- "If that was your " business, Sir," faid the old gentleman, " we ,, are both obliged to you; and you may be per-, feetly eafy; for I give you my word I was , very well fatisfied with her fortune." "Sir," answered Jones, "I honor you every moment , more and more. To be fo eafily fatisfied, fo wery moderate on that account, is a proof of

" the foundness of your understanding, as well as " the nobleness of your mind." ____ " Not so " very moderate, young gentleman, not fo very " moderate," answered the father. —— " Still " more and more, noble," replied Jones, " and " give me leave to add, fensible: for fure it is n little less than madness to consider money as , the fole foundation of happiness. Such a woman , as this, with her little, her nothing of a for-, tune." - "I find," cries the old gentleman, " you have a pretty just notion of money, my ,, friend, or else you are better acquainted with ,, the person of the Lady than with her circumn ftances. Why pray, what fortune do you ima-" gine this Lady to have?" —— "What fortune?" cries Jones, "why too contemptible a one to be " named for your fon." "Well, well, well," faid the other, "perhaps he might have done bett-" er." — " That I deny," faid Jones, "for she is " one of the best of women." "Ay, ay, but " in point of fortune I mean"——answered the other. -- "And yet as to that now, how much " do you imagine your friend is to have?" "How " much," cries Jones, "how much! - Why at ,, the utmost, perhaps, 200 l." "Do you mean to " banter me, young gentleman?" faid the father. a little angry.—"No upon my foul," answered Jones, "I am in earnest; nay, I believe I have gone " to the utmost farthing. If I do the Lady an " injury I ask her pardon." "Indeed you do," cries the father. " I am certain she has fifty times ,, that fum, and she shall produce fifty to that,

" before I confent that she shall marry my fon." " Nay," faid Jones, "it is too late to talk of " consent now — If she has not fifty farthings, " your fon is married." —— "My fon married!" answered the old gentleman with surprise. " Nay," faid Jones, "I thought you was unacquainted, with it."—" My fon married to Mifs Harris!" answered he again. --- "To Miss Harris!" faid Jones; "no, Sir, to Miss Nancy Miller, the , daughter of Mrs. Miller, at whose house he " lodged; a young Lady, who, though her mo-" ther is reduced to let lodgings"-" Are you " bantering, or are you in carnest?" cries the father with a most folemn voice. "Indeed, Sir," answered Jones, "I scorn the character of a ban-, terer, I came to you in most ferious earnest, ", imagining, as I find true, that your fon had , never dared acquaint you with a match fo much ,, inferior to him in point of fortune, though the " reputation of the Lady will fuffer it no longer " to remain a fecret."

While the father stood like one struck suddenly dumb at this news, a gentleman came into the room, and saluted him by the name of brother.

But though these two were in confanguinity so nearly related, they were in their dispositions almost the opposites of each other. The brother who now arrived had likewise been bred to trade, in which he no sooner saw himself worth 6000 l. than he purchased a small estate with the greatest

part of it, and retired into the country; where he married the daughter of an unbeneficed clergyman; a young Lady who, though she had neither beauty nor fortune, had recommended herself to his choice, entirely by her good humor, of which she possessed a very large share.

With this woman he had, during twenty-five years, lived a life more resembling the model which certain poets ascribe to the golden age, than any of those patterns which are furnished by the present times. By her he had four children, but none of them arrived at maturity except only one daughter, whom in vulgar language he and his wife had spoiled; that is, had educated with the utmost tenderness and fondness; which she returned to such a degree, that she had actually resused a very extraordinary match with a gentleman a little turned of forty, because she could not bring herself to part with her parents.

The young Lady whom Mr. Nightingale had intended for his fon was a near neighbour of his brother, and an acquaintance of his niece; and in reality it was upon the account of this projected match, that he was now come to town; not indeed to forward, but to diffuade his brother from a purpofe which he conceived would inevitably ruin his nephew; for he forefaw no other event from a union with Mifs Harris, notwithstanding the largeness of her fortune, as neither her person nor mind seemed to him to promise any kind of matrimo-

nial felicity; for she was very tall, very thin, very ugly, very affected, very filly, and very ill-natured.

His brother therefore no fooner mentioned the marriage of his nephew with Miss Miller, than he expet the utmost fatisfaction; and when the father had very bitterly reviled his fon, and pronounced fentence of beggary upon him, the uncle began in the following manner:

"If you was a little cooler, brother, I would ,, ask you whether you love your fon for his sake, ,, or for your own. You would answer, I suppose, ,, and so I suppose you think, for his sake; and ,, doubtless it is his happiness which you intended ,, in the marriage you proposed for him.

"Now, brother, to prescribe rules of happiness, to others, has always appeared to me very absord, and to insist on doing this very tyrannical. It is a vulgar error I know; but it is neverthessels an error. And if this be absurd in other things, it is mostly so in the affair of marriage, the happiness of which depends entirely on the affection which subsists between the parties.

"I have therefore always thought it unreasonable in parents to desire to chuse for their children on this occasion; since to force affection is an impossible attempt; nay, so much does love abhor force, that I know not whether, through an unfortunate but incurable perverseness in

" our natures, it may not be even impatient of " persuasion.

" It is, however, true, that though a parent will " not, I think, wifely prescribe, he ought to be " confulted on this occasion; and in statues, " perhaps, should at least have a negative voice. , My nephew, therefore, I own, in marrying , without asking your advice, has been guilty of , a fault. But honeftly speaking, brother, have , you not a little promoted this fault? Have not , your frequent declarations on this subject, given " him a moral certainty of your refusal, where " there was any deficiency in point of fortune? " Nay, does not your present anger arise solely , from that deficiency? And if he has failed in " his duty here, did you not as much exceed " that authority, when you absolutely bargained " with him for a woman without his knowledge, ,, whom you yourfelf never faw, and whom, if " you had feen and known as well as I, it must , have been madness in you, to have ever thought , of bringing her into your family.

"Still I own my nephew in a fault; but furely it is not an unpardonable fault. He has acted indeed without your confent, in a matter in which he ought to have asked it; but it is in a matter in which his interest is principally concerned; you yourself must and will acknowledge, that you consulted his interest only; and if he unfortunately differed from

"you, and has been mistaken in his notion "of happiness, will you, brother, if you 'we "your son, carry him still wider from the point? "Will you increase the ill consequences of his "fimple choice? Will you endeavour to make an "event certain misery to him, which may accidentally prove so? In a word, brother, because "he has put it out of your power to make his "circumstances as assume as you would, will "you distress them as much as you can?"

By the force of the true catholic faith, St. Antony won upon the fishes. Orpheus and Amphion went a little farther, and by the charms of music enchanted things merely inanimate. Wonderful both! But neither history nor fable have ever yet ventured to record an instance of any one, who by force of argument and reason has triumphed over habitual avarice.

Mr. Nightingale, the father, instead of attempting to answer his brother, contented himself with only observing, that they had always differed in their fentiments concerning the education of their children. "I wish," said he, "brother, you, would have confined your care to your own, daughter, and never have troubled yourself with, my son, who has, I believe, as little profited, by your precepts, as by your example." For young Nightingale was his uncle's godson, and had lived more with him than with his father. So that the uncle had often declared, he loved his nephew almost equally with his own child.

Jones fell into raptures with this good gentleman; and when, after much perfuasion, they found the father grew still more and more irritated, instead of appealed, Jones conducted the uncle to his nephew at the house of Mrs. Miller.

CHAP. IX.

Containing strange Matters.

AT his return to his lodgings, Jones found the fituation of affairs greatly altered from what they had been in at his departure. The mother, the two daughters, and young Mr. Nightingale, were now fat down to supper together, when the uncle was, at his own defire, introduced without any ceremony into the company, to all of whom he was well known; for he had several times visited his nephew at that house.

The old gentleman immediately walked up to Miss Nancy, saluted and wished her joy, as he did afterwards the mother and the other sister; and lastly, he paid the proper compliments to his nephew, with the same good humor and courtesy, as if his nephew had married his equal or superior in fortune, with all the previous requisites sirst performed.

Miss Nancy and her supposed husband both turned pale, and looked rather soolish than otherwise on the occasion; but Mrs. Miller took the first opportunity of withdrawing; and having sent for Jones into the dining room, she threw herself at his feet, and in a most passionate flood of tears, called him her good angel, the preserver of her poor little family, with many other respectful and endearing appellations, and made him every acknowledgment which the highest benefit can extract from the most grateful heart.

After the first gust of her passion was a little over, which she declared, if she had not vented, would have burst her, she proceeded to inform Mr. Jones, that all matters were settled between Mr. Nightingale and her daughter, and that they were to be married the next morning: at which Mr. Jones having expressed much pleasure, the poor woman sell again into a sit of joy and thanksgiving, which he at length with difficulty silenced, and prevailed on her to return with him back to the company, whom they sound in the same good humor in which they had lest them.

This little fociety now past two or three very agreeable hours together, in which the uncle, who was a very great lover of his bottle, had so well ply'd his nephew, that this latter, though not drunk, began to be somewhat slustered; and now Mr. Nightingale taking the old gentleman with him up stairs into the apartment he had lately occupied, unbosomed himself as follows:

" As you have been always the best and kindest, of uncles to me, and as you have shown such

" unparalleled goodness in forgiving this match, " which to be fure may be thought a little im" provident; I should never forgive myself if I "
" attempted to deceive you in any thing. " He then confessed the truth, and opened the whole affair.

" How, Jack! " faid the old gentleman, " and " are you really then not married to this young " woman?" "No, upon my honor, answered Nightingale, "I have told you the simple truth." " My dear boy, " cries the uncle kiffing him, "I " am heartily glad to hear it. I never was better " pleased in my life. If you had been married, , I should have affisted you as much as was in my , power, to have made the best of a bad matter; , but there is a great difference between confidering , a thing which is already done and irrecoverable, ,, and that which is yet to do. Let your reason , have fair play, Jack, and you will fee this ,, match in fo foolish and preposterous a light, that ,, there will be no need of any diffusfive arguments." " How, Sir!" replies young Nightingale, " is ,, there this difference between having already done " an act, and being in honor engaged to do it? " " Pugh, " faid the uncle, " Honor is a creature ,, of the world's making, and the world has the , power of a creator over it, and may govern and 2, direct it as they please. Now you well know , how trivial these breaches of contract are thought; , even the groffest make but the wonder and con-, versation of a day. Is there a man who will , be afterwards more backward in giving you his fifter

" fifter or daughter? Or is there any fifter or , daughter who would be more backward to re-, ceive you? Honor is not concerned in these en-" gagements." "Pardon me, dear Sir," cries Nightn ingale, "I can never think fo; and not only " honor, but conscience and humanity are con-" cerned. I am well fatisfied, that was I now " to difappoint the young creature, her death would be the confequence, and I should look , on myself as her murderer; nay, as her murder-, er by the cruellest of all methods, by breaking " her heart." " Break her heart, indeed! no, no, " Jack, " cries the uncle, " "the hearts of women " are not fo foon broke: they are tough, boy, they " are tough," " But, Sir," answered Nightingale, ,, my own affections are engaged, and I never n could be happy with any other woman. How , often have I heard you fay, that children should , be always suffered to chuse for themselves, and " that you would let my cousin Harriet do so!" "Why, ay," replied the old gentleman, " fo I , would have them; but then I would have them " chuse wifely. — Indeed, Jack, you must and " shall leave this girl." — " Indeed, uncle, " cries the other, "I must and will have her." "You " will, young gentleman? "faid the uncle; " I did " not expect fuch a word from you I should not , wonder if you had used such language to our " father, who has always treated you like a dog, , and kept you at the distance which a tyrant , preserves over his subjects; but I, who have , lived with you upon an equal footing, might VOL. IV.

" furely expect better usage: but I know how , to account for it all! It is all owing to your n prepofterous education, in which I have had , too little share. There is my daughter now, " whom I have brought up as my friend, never " does any thing without my advice, nor ever " refuses to take it when I give it her." "You " have never yet given her advice in an affair of " this kind, " faid Nightingale, " for I am greatly " mistaken in my cousin, if she would be very , ready to obey even your most positive com-" mands in abandoning her inclinations." " Don't " abuse my girl," answer the old gentleman with some emotion; " don't abuse my Harriet. I have " brought her up to have no inclinations contrary , to my own. By fuffering her to do whatever , she pleases, I have enured her to a habit of " being pleased to do whatever I like." "Pardon " me, Sir," faid Nightingale, "I have not the " least design to reflect on my cousin, for whom " I have the greatest esteem; and indeed I am " convinced you will never put her to so severe a " trial, or lay such hard commands on her, as " you would do on me. - But, dear Sir, let us " return to the company; for they will begin " to be uneafy at our long absence. I must beg , one favor of my dear uncle, which is, that " Howould not fay any thing to shock the poor " girl or her mother." "O you need not fear " me" answered he, " I understand myself too , well to affront women; fo I will readily " grant you that favor; and in return I must " expect another of you." "There are but few

" of your commands, Sir, " faid Nightingale, " which I shall not very cheerfully obey." "Nay, " Sir, I ask nothing," faid the uncle, " but the " honor of your company home to my lodging, " that I may reason the case a little more fully " with you: for I would, if possible, have the " fatisfaction of preserving my family, notwith-" standing the headstrong folly of my brother, " who, in his own opinion, is the wifest man " in the whole world.

Nightingale, who well knew his uncle to be as headstrong as his father, submitted to attend him home, and then they both returned back into the room, where the old gentleman promised to carry himself with the same decorum which he had before maintained.

CHAP. X.

A short Chapter, which concludes the Book.

THE long absence of the uncle and nephew had occasioned some disquiet in the minds of all whom they had left behind them; and the more, as during the preceding dialogue, the uncle had more than once elevated his voice, so as to be heard down stairs; which, though they could not distinguish what he said, had caused some evil foreboding in Nancy and her mother, and even in Jones himself.

When the good company therefore again affembled, there was a visible alteration in all their faces; and the good humor which, at their last meeting, universally shone forth in every countenance, was now changed into a much less agreeable aspect. It was a change indeed common enough to the weather in this climate, from sunshine to clouds, from June to December.

This alteration was not however greatly remarked by any present; for as they were all now endeavouring to conceal their own thoughts, and to act a part, they became all too busily engaged in the scene to be spectators of it. Thus neither the uncle nor nephew saw any symptoms of suspicion in the mother or daughter; nor did the mother or daughter remark the overacted complaisance of the old man, nor the counterfeit satisfaction which grinned in the features of the young one.

Something like this, I believe, frequently happens, where the whole attention of two friends being engaged in the part which each is to act, in order to impose on the other, neither sees nor suspects the art practised against himself; and thus the thrust of both (to borrow no improper metaphor on the occasion) alike takes place.

From the same reason it is no unusual thing sor both parties to be over-reached in a bargain,

though the one must be always the greater loser; as was he who fold a blind horse, and received a bad note in payment.

Our company in about half an hour broke up, and the uncle carried off his nephew; but not before the latter had affured Mifs Nancy, in a whifper, that he would attend her early in the morning, and fulfil all his engagements.

Jones, who was the least concerned in this scene, saw the most. He did indeed suspect the very sact; for besides observing the great alteration in the behaviour of the uncle, the distance he assumed, and his overstrained civility to Miss Nancy; the carrying off a bridegroom from his bride at that time of night, was so extraordinary a proceeding, that it could be only accounted for, by imagining that young Nightingale had revealed the whole truth; which the apparent openness of his temper, and his being slustered with liquor, made too probable,

While he was reasoning with himself, whether he should acquaint these poor people with his suspicion, the maid of the house informed him, that a gentlewoman desired to speak with him.— He went immediately out, and taking the candle from the maid, ushered his visitant up stairs, who, in the person of Mrs. Honor, acquainted him with such dreadful news concerning his Sophia, that he immediately lost all consideration

for every other person; and his whole stock of compassion was entirely swallowed up in reflections on his own misery, and on that of his unfortunate angel.

What this dreadful matter was, the Reader will be informed, after we have first related the many preceding steps which produced it, and those will be the subject of the following Book.

THE

HISTORY

OF A

FOUNDLING.

BOOK XV.

In which the History advances about two Days.

CHAP. I.

Too short to need a Preface.

THERE are a fet of religious, or rather moral writers, who teach that virtue is the certain road to happiness, and vice to misery, in this world. A very wholesome and comfortable doctrine, and to which we have but one objection, namely, That it is not true.

Indeed, if by virtue these writers mean the exercise of those cardinal virtues, which like good housewives stay at home, and mind only the business of their own family, I shall very readily

concede the point: for fo furely do all these contribute and lead to happiness, that I could almost wish in violation of all the ancient and modern sages, to call them rather by the name of wisdom, than by that of virtue: for with regard to this life, no system, I conceive, was ever wifer than that of the ancient Epicureans, who held this wisdom to constitute the chief good; nor spolisher than that of their opposites, those modern Epicures, who place all selicity in the abundant gratification of every sensual appetite.

But if by virtue is meant, as I almost think it ought, a certain relative quality, which is always busying itself without doors, and seems as much interested in pursuing the good of others as its own: I cannot so easily agree that this is the surest way to human happiness; because I am asraid we must then include poverty and contempt, with all the mischiefs which backbiting envy, and ingratitude, can bring on mankind, in our idea of happiness; nay, sometimes perhaps we shall be obliged to wait upon the said happiness to a gaol; since many, by the above virtue, have brought themselves thither.

I have not now leifure to enter upon fo large a field of speculation, as here seems opening upon me; my design was to wipe off a doctrine the lay in my way; since while Mr. Jones was acting the most virtuous part imaginable, in laboring to preserve his fellow creatures from destruction, the

devil, or some other evil spirit, one perhaps clothed in human sless, was hard at work to make him completely miserable in the ruin of his Sophia.

This therefore would feem an exception to the above rule, if indeed it was a rule; but as we have in our voyage through life feen fo many other exceptions to it, we chuse to dispute the doctrine on which it is founded, which we don't apprehend to be Christian, which we are convinced is not true, and which is indeed destructive of one of the noblest arguments that reason alone can furnish for the belief of immortality.

But as, the Reader's curiofity (if he has any) must be now awake, and hungry, we shall provide to feed it as fast as we can.

CHAP. II.

In which is opened a very black Design against Sophia.

I remember a wise old gentleman, who used to say, "When children are doing nothing they are doing mischief." I will not enlarge this quaint saying to the most beautiful part of the creation in general; but so far may I be allowed, that when the effects of semale jealousy do not appear openly in their proper colors of rage and sury, we may suspect that mischievous passion to be at work

privately, and attempting to undermine, what it does not attack above ground.

This was exemplified in the conduct of Lady Bellaston, who, under all the smiles which she wore in her countenance, concealed much indignation against Sophia; and as she plainly saw that this young Lady stood between her and the full indulgence of her desires, she resolved to get rid of her by some means or other; nor was it long before a very savorable opportunity of accomplishing this presented itself to her.

The Reader may be pleased to remember, that when Sophia was thrown into that consternation at the play-house, by the wit and humor of a set of young gentlemen who call themselves the town, we informed him, that she had put herself under the protection of a young nobleman, who had very safely conducted her to her chair.

This nobleman, who frequently visited Lady Bellaston, had more than once seen Sophia there, since her arrival in town, and had conceived a very great liking to her; which liking, as beauty never looks more amiable than in distress, Sophia had in this fright so increased, that he might now, without any great impropriety, be said to be actually in love with her.

It may easily be believed, that he would not fuffer so ahandsome an occasion of improving his

acquaintance with the beloved object as now offered itself, to elapse, when even good breeding alone might have prompted him to pay her a visit.

The next morning, therefore, after this accident, he waited on Sophiat with the usual compliments, and hopes that she had received no harm from her last night's adventure.

As love, like fire, when once thoroughly kindled is foon blown into a flame; Sophia in a very short time completed her conquest. Time now flew away unperceived, and the noble Lord had been two hours in company with the Lady, before it entered into his head that he had made too long a visit. Though this circumstance alone would have alarmed Sophia, who was somewhat more a mistress of computation at present; she had indeed much more pregnant evidence from the eyes of her lover of what past within his bosom; nay, though he did not make any open declaration of his passion, yet many of his expressions were rather too warm, and too tender, to have been imputed to complaifance, even in the age when fuch complaifance was in fashion; the very reverse of which is well known to be the reigning mode at prefent.

Lady Bellaston had been apprised of his Lordship's visit at his first arrival; and the length of it very well satisfied her, that things went as she wished, and as indeed she had suspected the second time she saw this young couple together. This business she

rightly, I think, concluded, that she should by no means forward by mixing in the company while they were together: she therefore ordered her servants, that when my Lord was going, they should tell him, she desired to speak with him; and employed the intermediate time in meditating how best to accomplish a scheme which she made no doubt but his Lordship would very readily embrace the execution of.

Lord Fellamar (for that was the title of this young nobleman) was no fooner introduced to her Ladyship, than she attacked him in the following strain: "Bless me, my Lord, are you here yet? , I thought my fervants had made a mistake, and " let you go away; and I wanted to fee you about " an affair of some importance." —— " Indeed, " Lady Bellaston," faid he, "I don't wonder you , are aftonished at the length of my visit: for I " have staid above two hours, and I did not think , I had staid above half a one." -- " What am I to conclude from thence, my Lord?" faid she, , The company must be very agreeable which can " make time flide away fo very deceitfully."— " Upon my honor," faid he, " the most agreeable " I ever faw. Pray tell me, Lady Bellaston, who " is this blazing star which you have produced " among us all of a sudden?"—— " What blazing " star, my Lord?" said she affecting a surprise. " I mean," said he, "the Lady I saw here the , other day, whom I had last night in my arms , at the play - house, and to whom I have been

" making that unreasonable visit." — "O my cou. " fin Western!" faid she; "why that blazing star, " my Lord, is the daughter of a country booby "Squire, and has been in town about a fortnight, "for the first time."—"Upon my foul," faid he, " I should swear she had been bred in a Gourt; for , besides her beauty, I never saw any thing so gen-" teel, fo fenfible, fo polite."—"O brave!" cries the Lady, "my cousin has you, I find."-" Upon my " honor," answered he, "I wish she had: for I " am in love with her to distraction."—" Nay, my , Lord," faid she "it is not wishing yourself very ,, ill neither, for she is a very great fortune: I assure , you she is an only child, and her father's estate is " a good 3000 l. a year."—" Then I can affure you , Madam," answered the Lord, "I think her the " best match in England." "Indeed my Lord," replied she, "if you like her, I heartily wish you " had her." "If you think so kindly of me, Madam," faid he, "as she is a relation of yours, will you do, me the honor to propose it to her father?" "And ,, are you really then in earnest?" cries the Lady with an affected gravity. "I hope, Madam," anfwered he, "you have a better opinion of me, , than to imagine I would jest with your Ladyn fhip in an affair of this kind." "Indeed then," faid the Lady, "I will most readily propose your , Lordship to her father; and I can, I believe, , affure you of his joyful acceptance of the pro-, posal; but there is a bar, which I am almost , ashamed to mention; and yet it is one you will never be able to conquer. You have a rival,

,, my Lord, and a rival who, though I blush to " name him, neither you, nor all the world will " ever be able to conquer." "Upon my word, " Lady Bellaston," cries he, "you have struck a , damp to my heart, which has almost deprived " me of being." "Fie! my Lord," faid she, "I , should rather hope I had struck fire into you. A , lover, and talk of damps in your heart! I rather , imagined you would have asked your rival's " name, that you might have immediately entered " the lifts with him." "I promife you, Madam," answered he, "there are very few things I would " not undertake for your charming coufin: but " pray, who is this happy man?"—"Why he is;" faid she, "what I am forry to fay most happy men , with us are, one of the lowest fellows in the , world. He is a beggar, a bastard, a foundling, , a fellow in meaner circumstances than one of " your Lordship's footmen." "And is it possible," cried he, "that a young creature with fuch per-, fections, should think of bestowing herself so " unworthily?" "Alas! my Lord," answered she, , consider the country - the bane of all young , women is the country. There they learn a fet n of romantic notions of love, and I know not ,, what folly, which this town and good company " can scarce eradicate in a whole winter." "In-" deed, Madam," replied my Lord, " your cousin , is of too immense a value to be thrown away! " Such ruin as this must be prevented." "Alas!" cries she, "my Lord, how can it be prevented? , The family have already done all in their

" power; but the girl is, I think, intoxicated, " and nothing less than ruin will content her. " And to deal more openly with you, I expect " every day to hear she is run away with him." " What you tell me, Lady Bellaston," answered his Lordship, "affects me most tenderly, and only , raifes my compassion instead of lessening my , adoration of your cousin. Some means must be , found to preserve so inestimable a jewel. Has "your Ladyship endeavoured to reason with her?" Here the Lady affected a laugh, and cried, "My , dear Lord, fure you know us better than to " talk of reasoning a young woman out of her , inclinations? These inestimable jewels are as , deaf as the jewels they wear. Time, my Lord, , time is the only medicine to cure their folly; , but this is a medicine, which I am certain she " will not take; nay, I live in hourly horrors " on her account. In fhort, nothing but violent " methods will do." "What is to be done?" cries my Lord, "What methods are to be taken? ----, Is there any method upon earth? — Oh! Lady Bellaston! there is nothing which I would not " undertake for fuch a reward." - "I really know ,, not," answered the Lady, after a pause; and then paufing again, fhe cried out, - "Upon my foul, " I am at my wit's end on this girl's account. " If she can be preserved, something must be " done immediately; and, as I fay, nothing but , violent methods will do. - If your Lordship " has really this attachment to my cousin (and , to do her justice, except in this filly inclination,

" of which she will soon see her folly, she ,, is every way deferving) I think there may be one way, indeed it is a very disagreeable n one, and what I am almost afraid to think of. -" It requires great spirit, I promise you. " I am " not conscious, Madam, " said he; " of any de-" fect there; nor am I, I hope, suspected of any " fuch. It must be an egregious desect indeed, , which could make me backward on this occasion." " Nay, my Lord, " answered she, " I am far from " doubting you. I am much more inclined to " doubt my own courage; for I must run a mon-" strous risk. In short, I must place such a con-,, fidence in your honor, as a wife woman will " fcarce ever place in a man on any confideration." In this point likewife my Lord very well fatisfied her; for his reputation was extremely clear, and common fame did him no more than justice, in speaking well of him. "Well then, "faid she, "my "Lord — I — I vow, I can't bear the apprehen-" sion of it. — No, it must not be. — At least n every other method shall be tried. Can you get " rid of your engagements, and dine here to-day? " Your Lordship will have an opportunity of seeing " a little more of Miss Western. — I promise you we , have no time to lofe. Here will be nobody but , Lady Betty, and Miss Eagle, and colonel Hamn stead, and Tom Edwards; they will all go soon, , and I shall be at home to nobody. Then your , Lordship may be a little more explicit. Nay, I will contrive fome method to convince you of " her attachment to this fellow." My Lord made proper

proper compliments, accepted the invitation, and then they parted to dress, it being now past three in the morning, or to reckon by the old style, in the afternoon.

CHAP. III.

A further Explanation of the foregoing Defign.

THOUGH the Reader may have long fince concluded Lady Bellaston to be a member (and no inconsiderable one) of the great world, she was in reality a very considerable member of the Little World; by which appellation was distinguished a very worthy and honorable society which not long since flourished in this kingdom.

Among other good principles upon which this fociety was founded, there was one very remarkable: for as it was a rule of an honorable club of heroes, who affembled at the close of the late war, that all the members should every day fight once at least; so 'twas in this, that every member should, within the twenty-four hours, tell at least one merry sib, which was to be propagated by all the brethren and sisterhood.

Many idle stories were told about this society, which from a certain quality may be, perhaps not unjustly, supposed to have come from the society themselves. As, that the devil was the president; and that he sat in person in an elbow-chair at the Vol. IV.

upper end of the table: but upon very strict inquiry, I find there is not the least truth in any of those tales, and that the assembly consisted in reality of a set of very good fort of people, and the fibs which they propagated were of a harmless kind, and tended only to produce mirth and good humor.

Edwards was likewise a member of this comical society. To him therefore Lady Bellaston applied as a proper instrument for her purpose, and furnished him with a fib, which he was to vent whenever the Lady gave him her cue; and this was not to be till the evening, when all the company but Lord Fellamar and himself were gone, and while they were engaged in a rubbers at whist.

To this time then, which was between feven and eight in the evening, we will convey our Reader; when Lady Bellaston, Lord Fellamar, Miss Western, and Tom, being engaged at whist, and in the last game of their rubbers, Tom received his cue from Lady Bellaston, which was, "I protest, Tom, you are grown intolerable lately; "you used to tell us all the news of the town, "and now you know no more of the world than "if you lived out of it."

Mr. Edwards then began as follows: "The fault is not mine, Madam; it lies in the dulness, of the age, that does nothing worth talking of. — O la! though now I think on't, there, has a terrible accident befallen poor colonel

" Wilcox. — Poor Ned! — You know him, my " Lord, every body knows him; faith! I am very " much concerned for him."

" What is it, pray?" fays Lady Bellaston.

"Why, he has killed a man this morning in a ,, duel, that's all."

His Lordship, who was not in the secret, asked gravely, whom he had killed? To which Edwards answered, "A young fellow we none of us know; a Somersetshire lad just come to town, one Jones his name is; a near relation to one Mr. Allworthy, of whom your Lordship I bes, lieve has heard. I saw the lad lie dead in a cossee-house — Upon my soul he is one of the finest corpses I ever saw in my life."

Sophia, who just began to deal as Tom had mentioned that a man was killed, stopt her hand, and listened with attention (for all stories of that kind affected her) but no sooner had he arrived at the latter part of the story, than she began to deal again; and having dealt three cards to one, and seven to another, and ten to a third, at last dropt the rest from her hand, and fell back in her chair.

The company behaved as usually on these occasions. The usual disturbance ensued, the usual affistance was summoned, and Sophia at last, as it is usual, returned again to life, and was soon after,

at her earnest desire, led to her own apartment; where, at my Lord's request, Lady Bellaston acquainted her with the truth, attempted to carry it off as a jest of her own, and comforted her with repeated assurances, that neither his Lordship, nor Tom', though she had taught him the story, were in the true secret of the affair.

There was no farther evidence necessary to convince Lord Fellamar how justly the case had been represented to him by Lady Bellaston; and now at her return into the room, a scheme was laid between these two noble persons, which, though it appeared in no very heinous light to his Lordship (as he faithfully promised, and faithfully resolved too, to make the Lady all the subsequent amends in his power by marriage;) yet many of our Readers, we doubt not, will see with just detestation.

The next evening at feven was appointed for the fatal purpose, when Lady Bellaston undertook that Sophia should be alone, and his Lordship should be introduced to her. The whole family were to be regulated for the purpose, most of the fervants dispatched out of the house; and for Mrs. Honor, who, to prevent suspicion, was to be left with her Mistress till his Lordship's arrival, Lady Bellaston herself was to engage her in an apartment as distant as possible from the scene of the intended mischief, and out of the hearing of Sophia.

Matters being thus agreed on, his Lordship took his leave, and her Ladyship retired to rest, highly pleased with a project, of which she had no reason to doubt the success, and which promised so effectually to remove Sophia from being any future obstruction to her amour with Jones, by a means of which she should never appear to be guilty, even if the fact appeared to the world; but this she made no doubt of preventing by huddling up a marriage, to which she thought the ravished Sophia would easily be brought to consent, and at which all the rest of her family would rejoice.

But affairs were not in fo quiet a fituation in the bosom of the other conspirator: his mind was tost in all the distracting anxiety so nobly described by Shakespeare:

Eetween the acting of a dreadful thing,
And the first motion, all the interim is
Like a phantasma, or a hideous dream:
The genius and the mortal instruments
Are then in council; and the state of man,
Like to a little kingdom, suffers then
The nature of an insurrection.—

Though the violence of his passion had made him eagerly embrace the first hint of this design, especially as it came from a relation of the Lady, yet when that friend to reflection, a pillow, had placed the action itself in all its natural black colors before his eyes, with all the consequences which must, and those which might probably attend it; his resolution began to abate, or rather indeed to go over to the other side; and after a long conslict which lasted a whole night between honor and appetite, the former at length prevailed, and he determined to wait on Lady Bellaston, and to relinquish the design.

Lady Bellaston was in bed, though very late in the morning, and Sophia sitting by her bedsside, when the servant acquainted her that Lord Fellamar was below in the parlour; upon which her Ladyship desired him to stay, and that she would see him presently; but the servant was no sooner departed than poor Sophia began to entreat her cousin not to encourage the visits of that odious Lord (so she called him, though a little unjustly) upon her account. "I see his design," faid she; "for he made downright love to me, yesterday morning; but as I am resolved ne, ver to admit it, I beg your Ladyship not to see leave us alone together any more, and to order the fervants that, if he inquires for me, I may be always denied to him."

"La! child," fays Lady Bellaston, "you country girls have nothing but sweethearts in your heads; you fancy every man who is civil to you is making love. He is one of the most gallant young fellows about town, and I am convinced means no more than a little gallantry. Make love to you indeed! I wish with all " my heart he would, and you must be an arrant " mad woman to refuse him."

- "But as I shall certainly be that mad woman," cries Sophia, "I hope his visits will not be in, truded upon me."
- "O child," faid Lady Bellaston, "you need not, be so fearful; if you resolve to run away with that Jones, I know no person who can hinder, you."
- "Upon my honor, Madam," cries Sophia, "your Ladyship injures me. I will never run away with any man; nor will I ever marry contrary to my father's inclinations."
- "Well, Miss Western," faid the Lady, "if you, are not in a humor to see company this morning, you may retire to your own apartment; for I, am not frightened at his Lordship, and must, fend for him up into my dressing-room."

Sophia thanked her Ladyship, and withdrew; and prefently afterwards Fellamar was admitted up stairs.

CHAP. IV.

By which it will appear how dangerous an Advocate a Lady is, when she applies her Eloquence to an ill Purpose.

WHEN Lady Bellaston heard the young Lord's scruples, she treated them with the same disdain with which one of those Sages of the law, called Newgate folicitors, treats the qualms of conscience in a young witness. "My dear Lord," said she, ,, you certainly want a cordial. I must fend to , Lady Edgely for one of her best drams. Fie " upon it! have more resolution. Are you fright-" ened by the word Rape? Or are you apprehen-" five? - Well; if the story of Helen was modern, " I should think it unnatural. I mean the be-, haviour of Paris, not the fondness of the Lady; ", for all women love a man of spirit. There is " another story of the Sabine Ladies,—and that ", too, I thank Heaven, is very ancient. Your , Lordship, perhaps, will admire my reading; but , I think Mr. Hook tells us, they made tolerable " good wives afterwards. I fancy few of my married acquaintance were ravished by their ", husbands." "Nay, dear Lady Bellaston," cried he, "don't ridicule me in this manner." "Why, " my good Lord," answered she, "do you think " any woman in England would not laugh at you ,, in her heart, whatever prudery she might wear in , her countenance? — You force me to use a strange "kind of language, and to betray my fex most "abominably. but I am contented with know—ing my intentions are good, and that I am endeavouring to ferve my cousin; for I think you will make her a husband notwithstanding this; or, upon my soul, I would not even persuade "her to sling herself away upon an empty title. She should not upbraid me hereafter with having lost a man of spirit; for that his enemies allow "this poor young fellow to be."

Let those who have had the satisfaction of hearing reflections of this kind from a wife or a mistress, declare whether they are at all sweetened by coming from a semale tongue. Certain it is, they sunk deeper into his Lordship than any thing which Demosthenes or Cicero could have said on the occasion.

Lady Bellaston, perceiving she had fired the young Lord's pride, began now, like a true orator, to rouse other passions to its assistance. "My, Lord," says she, in a graver voice, "you will, be pleased to remember, you mentioned this, matter to me first; for I would not appear to you, in the light of one who is endeavouring to put, off my cousin upon you. Fourscore thousand, pounds do not stand in need of an advocate to, recommend them." "Nor does Miss Western," said he, "require any recommendation from her, fortune; for in my opinion, no woman ever had, half her charms." "Yes, yes, my Lord," replied

3, the Lady, looking in the glass, "there have 3, been women with more than half her charms, I 3, affure you; not that I need lessen her on that 3, account: she is a most delicious girl, that's 3, certain; and within these few hours she will be 3, in the arms of one, who surely does not deserve 3, her, though I will give him his due, I believe 3, he is truly a man of spirit."

"I hope fo, Madam," faid my Lord; "though, I must own he does not deserve her; for unless, Heaven, or your Ladyship disappoint me, she, shall within that time be in mine."

"Well spoken, my Lord," answered the Lady, I promise you no disappointment shall happen from my side; and within this week I am convinced I shall call your Lordship my cousin in public."

The remainder of this scene consisted entirely of raptures, excuses, and compliments, very pleasant to have heard from the parties; but rather dull when related at second hand. Here, therefore, we shall put an end to this dialogue, and hasten to the fatal hour, when every thing was prepared for the destruction of poor Sophia.

But this being the most tragical matter in our whole History, we shall treat it in a Chapter by itself.

CHAP. V.

Containing some Matters which may affect, and others which may surprise the Reader.

THE clock had now struck seven, and poor Sophia, alone and melancholy, sat reading a tragedy. It was The Fatal Marriage; and she was now come to that part where the poor distressed Isabella disposes of her wedding ring.

Here the book dropt from her hand, and a shower of tears ran down into her bosom. In this fituation the had continued a minute, when the door opened, and in came Lord Fellamar. Sophia started from her chair at his entrance; and his Lordship advancing forwards, and making a low bow, faid, "I am afraid, Miss Western, I break, in upon you abruptly." "Indeed, my Lord," says she, "I must own myself a little surprised at " this unexpected visit." "If this visit be unex-, pected, Madam," answered Lord Fellamar, "my n eyes must have been very faithless interpreters , of my heart, when last I had the honor of seeing " you: for furely you could not otherwife have " hoped to detain my heart in your possession, " without receiving a visit from its owner." Sophia, confused as she was, answered this bombast (and very properly, I think) with a look of inconceivable disdain. My Lord then made another and a longer speech of the same fort. Upon which Sophia,

trembling, faid, " Am I really to conceive your " Lordship to be out of your fenses? Sure, my , Lord, there is no other excuse for such beha-"viour." - " I am, indeed, Madam, in the " fituation you suppose," cries his Lordship; " and , fure you will pardon the effects of a frenzy which , you yourfelf have occasioned: for love has so , totally deprived me of reason, that I am scarce " accountable for any of my actions." "Upon my " word, my Lord," faid Sophia, " I neither un-", derstand your words nor your behaviour." — " Suffer me then, Madam," cries he, "at your " feet to explain both, by laying open my foul to , you, and declaring that I dote on you to the " highest degree of distraction. O most adorable. " most divine creature! what language can express " the fentiments of my heart?" "I do affure you, " my Lord, " faid Sophia, " I shall not stay to " hear any more of this." " Do not," cries he, , think of leaving me thus cruelly: could you , know half the torments which I feel, that tender , bosom must pity what those eyes have caused." Then fetching a deep figh, and laying hold of her hand, he ran on for some minutes in a strain which would be little more pleafing to the Reader than it was to the Lady; and at last concluded with a declaration, "That if he was mafter of the , world, he would lay it at her feet." Sophia then forcibly pulling away her hand from his, answered with much spirit, "I promise you, , Sir, your world and its mafter, I should " fpurn from me with equal contempt." She

then offered to go, and Lord Fellamar again laying hold of her hand, faid, "Pardon me, my , beloved angel, freedoms which nothing but def-, pair could have tempted me to take. - Believe me, could I have had any hope that my title and , fortune, neither of them inconsiderable, unless " when compared with your worth, would have , been accepted, I had, in the humblest manner, " presented them to your acceptance. —But I can-" not lose you.—By Heaven, I will sooner part " with my soul.—You are, you must, you shall " be only mine." "My Lord," said she, "I en-, treat you to defift from a vain pursuit; for, , upon my honor, I will never hear you on this " subject. Let go my hand, my Lord; for I am ,, refolved to go from you this moment; nor will "I ever see you more." "Then, Madam, " cries his Lordship, "I must make the best use of this ,, moment; for, I cannot, nor will not live with-", out you."——" What do you mean, my Lord?" faid Sophia; "I will raise the family." " "I have " no fear, Madam," answered he, " but of losing , you, and that I am refolved to prevent, the only , way which despair points to me." -He then caught her in his arms: upon which she screamed fo loud, that flie must have alarmed some one to her affistance, had not Lady Bellaston taken care to remove all ears.

But a more lucky circumstance happened for poor Sophia: another noise now broke forth, which almost drowned her cries; for now the whole house rung with, "Where is she? D—n, me, I'll unkennel her this instant. Show me, her chamber, I say. Where is my daughter?, I know she's in the house, and I'll see her if, she's above ground. Show me where she is." At which last words the door slew open, and in came Squire Western, with his Parson, and a set of myrmidons at his heels.

How miferable must have been the condition of poor Sophia, when the enraged voice of her father was welcome to her ears? Welcome indeed it was, and luckily did he come; for it was the only accident upon earth which could have preserved the peace of her mind from being for ever destroyed.

Sophia, notwithstanding her fright, presently knew her father's voice; and his Lordship notwithstanding his passion, knew the voice of reason, which peremptorily assured him, it was not now a time for the perpetration of his villany. Hearing, therefore, the voice approach, and hearing likewise whose it was; (for as the Squire more than once roared forth the word daughter, so Sophia, in the midst of her struggling, cried out upon her father;) he thought proper to relinquish his prey, having only disordered her handkerchief, and with his rude lips committed violence on her lovely neck.

If the Reader's imagination does not affift me, I shall never be able to describe the situation of these two persons when Western came into the room. Sophia tottered into chair, where she sat disordered, pale, breathless, bursting with indignation at Lord Fellamar; affrighted, and yet more rejoiced at the arrival of her sather.

His Lordship sat down near her, with the bag of his wig hanging over one of his shoulders, the rest of his dress being somewhat disordered, and rather a greater proportion of linen than is usual appearing at his bosom. As to the rest, he was amazed, affrighted, vexed, and assumed.

As to Squire Western, he happened, at this time, to be overtaken by an enemy, which very frequently purfues, and feldom fails to overtake, most of the country gentlemen in this kingdom. He was, literally fpeaking, drunk; which circumstance, together with his natural impetuosity, could produce no other effect, than his running immediately up to his daughter, upon whom he fell foul with his tongue in the most inveterate marmer; nay, he had probably committed violence with his hands, had not the Parson interposed, saying, "For Hea-,, ven's fake, Sir, animadvert that you are in the , house of a great Lady. Let me beg you to miti-" gate your wrath; it should minister a fullness of " fatisfaction that you have found your daughter; " for as to revenge it belongeth not unto us. I difcern " great contrition in the countenance of the young " Lady. I stand assured, if you will forgive her, " fhe will repent her of all past offences, and " return unto her duty."

The strength of the Parson's arms had at first been of more service than the strength of his rhetoric. However, his last words wrought some effect, and the Squire answered, "I'll forgee her, if she wull ha un. If wot ha un, Sophy, I'll forgee thee all. Why dost unt speak? Shat ha un? D—n me, shat ha un? Why dost unt answer? "Was ever such a stubborn twoad."

"Let me entreat you, Sir, to be a little more, moderate," faid the Parson; "you frighten the young Lady so, that you deprive her of all power of utterance."

"Power of mine a—," answered the squire.
"You take her part then, do you? A pretty
"Parson truly, to side with an undutiful child.
"Yes, yes, I'll gee you a living with a pox, I'll
"gee un to the devil sooner."

"I humbly crave your pardon" faid the Parfon, "I affure your Worship, I meant no such matter."

My Lady Bellaston now entered the room, and came up to the Squire, who no sooner saw her, than resolving to sollow the instructions of his sister, he made her a very civil bow, in the rural manner, and paid her some of his best compliments. He then immediately proceeded to his complaints, and said, "There my Lady cousin,, there, stands the most undutiful child in the world:

" Honored Madam,

"The occasion of my writing this will perhaps, make a letter of mine agreeable to my dear Aunt, for the sake of one of her nieces, tho' I have, little reason to hope it will be so on the account, of another.

"Without more apology, as I was coming to throw my unhappy felf at your feet, I met, by the strangest accident in the world, my coufin Sophy, whose history you are better acquainted with than myself, though, alas! I know infinitely too much; enough indeed to fatisfy me, that unless she is immediately prevented, she is in danger of running into the same fatal mischief, which by soolishly and ignorantly resusing your most wise and prudent advice, I have unfortunately brought on myself.

"In short, I have seen the man, nay, I was most part of yesterday in his company, and a charming young sellow I promise you he is. By what accident he came acquainted with me is too tedious to tell you now; but I have this morning changed my lodgings to avoid him, lest he should by my means discover my cousin; for he does not yet know where she is, and it is advisable he should not, till my uncle has secured her. — No time therefore is to be lost; and I need only inform you, that she is now with Lady Bellaston, whom I have seen, and who

" has, I find, a defign of concealing her from her family. You know, Madam, she is a strange woman; but nothing could misbecome me more, than to presume to give any hint to one of your great understanding, and great knowledge of the world, besides barely informing you of the matter of fact.

"I hope, Madam, the care which I have shown on this occasion for the good of my family, will recommend me again to the favor of a Lady who has always exerted so much zeal for the honor and true interest of us all; and that it may be a means of restoring me to your friendship, which has made so great a part of my former, and is so necessary to my suture happiness. I am,

" With the utmost respect,

" Honored Madam,

" Your most dutiful obliged Niece,

" And most obedient

" Humble Servant,

" Harriet Fitzpatrick."

Mrs. Western was now at her brother's house, where she had resided ever since the slight of Sophia, in order to administer comfort to the poor

Squire in his affliction. Of this comfort which she doled out to him in daily portions, we have formerly given a specimen.

She was now standing with her back to the fire, and, with a pinch of snuff in her hand, was dealing forth this daily allowance of comfort to the Squire, while he smoked his afternoon pipe, when she received the above letter; which she had no sooner read than she delivered it to him, saying, "There, Sir, there is an account of your lost sheep. Fortune has again restored her, to you, and if you will be governed by my, advice, it is possible you may yet preserve her."

The Squire had no sooner read the letter than he leaped from his chair, threw his pipe into the fire, and gave a loud huzza for joy. He then summoned his servants, called for his boots, and ordered the Chevalier and several other horses to be saddled, and that Parson Supple should be immediately sent for. Having done this, he turned to his sister, caught her in his arms, and gave her a close embrace, saying, Zounds! you don't seem pleased; one would, imagine you was forry I have sound the girl."

"Brother," answered she, "the deepest politi-,, cians, who see to the bottom, discover often a very ,, different aspect of affairs, from what swims on the ,, surface. It is true indeed, things do look rather less ,, desperate than they did formerly in Holland, ,, when Lewis the Fourteenth was at the gates " of Amsterdam; but there is a delicacy required in " this matter, which you will pardon me, brother, " if I suspect you want. There is a decorum to be " used with a woman of figure, such as Lady Bel-" laston, brother, which requires a knowledge of " the world superior, I am asraid, to yours.

"Sister," cries the Squire, "I know you have no opinion of my parts; but I'll show you on this occasion who is a fool. Knowledge quotha! I have not been in the country so long without having some knowledge of warrants and the law of the land. I know I may take my own wherever I can find it. Show me my own daughter, and if I don't know how to come at her, I'll suffer you to call me a fool as long as I live. There be Justices of Peace in London, as well as in other places."

"I protest," cries she, "you make me tremble for the event of this matter, which if you will proceed by my advice, you may bring to so good an issue. Do you really imagine, brother, that the house of a woman of sigure is to be attacked by warrants and brutal Justices of the Peace? I will inform you how to proceed. As soon as you arrive in town, and have got yourself into a decent dress (for indeed, brother, you have none at present sit to appear in) you must send your compliments to Lady Bellaston, and desire leave to wait on her. When you are admitted to her presenc coas you certainly will be, and have told

" fhe hankers after a beggarly rafcal, and won't " marry one of the greatest matches in all England, " that we have provided for her."

"Indeed, cousin Western," answered the Lady, I am persuaded you wrong my cousin. I am , fure she has a better understanding. I am con, vinced she will not refuse what she must be fen, sible is so much to her advantage."

This was a wilful mistake in Lady Bellaston; for she well knew whom Mr. Western meant; though perhaps she thought he would easily be reconciled to his Lordship's proposals.

"Do you hear there," quoth the Squire, "what, her Ladyship fays? All your family are for the match. Come, Sophy, be a good girl, and be, dutiful, and make your father happy."

" If my death will make you happy, Sir," anfwered Sophia, "you will shortly be so."

"It's a lie, Sophy; it's a d—n'd lie, and you, know it," faid the Squire.

"Indeed, Miss Western," faid Lady Bellaston, you injure your father; he has nothing in view, but your interest in this match; and I and all your friends must acknowledge the highest honor, done to your family in the proposal."

"Ay, all of us," quoth the Squire: "Nay, it, was no proposal of mine. She knows it was, her aunt proposed it to me first.—Come, So, phy, once more let me beg you to be a good girl, and gee me your consent before your cousin."

"Let me give him your hand, coufin," faid the Lady. "It is the fashion now a-days to dispense, with time and long courtships."

"Pugh," faid the Squire, "what fignifies time; won't they have time enough to court after, wards? People may court very well after they, have been a bed together."

As Lord Fellamar was very well affured, that he was meant by Lady Bellaston, so never having heard nor suspected a word of Bliss, he made no doubt of his being meant by the father. Coming up therefore to the Squire, he said, "Though, I have not the honor, Sir, of being personally known to you; yet, as I find I have the happiness to have my proposals accepted, let me, intercede, Sir, in behalf of the young Lady, that she may not be more solicited at this time."

"You intercede, Sir!" faid the Squire, "why , who the devil are you?"

"Sir, I am Lord Fellamar," answered he, "and , am the happy man, whom I hope you have done , the honor of accepting for a fon-in-law."

"You are a fon of a b—," replied the Squire, for all your laced coat. You my fon-in-law, and be d—n'd to you!"

"I shall take more from you, Sir, than from ,, any man," answered the Lord; "but I must ,, inform you, that I am not used to hear such ,, language without resentment."

"Refent my a—," quoth the Squire. "Don't think I am afraid of fuch a fellow as thee art! Because hast a got a spit there dangling at thy fide. Lay by your spit, and I'll give thee enough of meddling with what does not belong to thee. — I'll teach you to father-in-law me. I'll lick thy jacket."

"It's very well, Sir," faid my Lord, "I shall, make no disturbance before the Ladies. I am, very well fatisfied. Your humble fervant, Sir; Lady Bellaston, your most obedient."

His Lordship was no fooner gone, than Lady Bellaston coming up to Mr. Western, said, "Bless, me, Sir, what have you done? You know not whom you have affronted; he is a nobleman, of the first rank and fortune, and yesterday made, proposals to your daughter; and such as I am sure, you must accept with the highest pleasure."

" Answer for yourfelf, Lady cousin," faid the Squire, "I will have nothing to do with any of

"your Lords. My daughter shall have an honest "country gentleman; I have pitched upon one "for her,—and she shall ha' un.— I am forry "for the trouble she has given your Ladyship "with all my heart." Lady Bellaston made a civil speech upon the word trouble, to which the Squire answered, "Why that's kind,—and I "would do as much for your Ladyship. To be sure "relations should do for one another. So I wish "your Ladyship a good night.—Come, Madam, "you must go along with me by sair means, or "Til have you carried down to the coach."

Sophia faid she would attend him without force; but begged to go in a chair, for she faid she should not be able to ride any other way.

"Prithee," cries the Squire, "wout unt per"fuade me can'st not ride in a coach, would'st?
"That's a pretty thing surely! No, no, I'll never
"let thee out of my sight any more till art mar"ried, that I promise thee." Sophia told him
she saw he was resolved to break her heart. "O
"break thy heart and be d—n'd," quoth he, "if
"a good husband will break it. I don't value a
"brass varden, not a hapenny of any unduti"ful b— upon earth." He then took violently
hold of her hand; upon which the Parson once
more interfered, begging him to use gentle methods. At that the Squire thundered out a curse,
and bid the Parson hold his tongue, saying,
"At'n't in pulpit now? when art a got up there

" I never mind what dost fay; but I won't be " priest-ridden, nor taught how to behave myself " by thee. I wish your Ladyship a good night. " Come along, Sophy; be a good girl, and all " shall be well. Shat ha un, d—n me, shat " ha un."

Mrs. Honor appeared below stairs, and with a low courtesy to the Squire, offered to attend her Mistress; but he pushed her away, saying, "Hold, Madam, hold, you come no more near my house." "And will you take my maid away, from me?" said Sophia. "Yes, indeed, Mandam, will I," cries the Squire. "You need, not fear being without a fervant; I will get you, another maid, and a better maid than this, who, I'd lay five pound to a crown, is no more a maid, than my grannum. No, no, Sophy, she shall contrive no more escapes I promise you." He then packed up his daughter and the Parson into a hackney coach, after which he mounted himself, and ordered it to drive to his lodgings. In the way thither he suffered Sophia to be quiet, and entertained himself with reading a lecture to the Parson on good manners, and a proper behaviour to his betters.

It is possible he might not so easily have carried off his daughter from Lady Bellaston, had that good Lady desired to have detained her; but in reality, she was not a little pleased with the confinement into which Sophia was going: and as her project with Lord Fellamar had sailed of success.

fhe was well contented that other violent methods were now going to be used in favor of another man.

CHAP. VI.

By what Means the Squire came to discover his Daughter.

THOUGH the Reader in many histories is obliged to digest much more unaccountable appearances than this of Mr. Western, without any satisfaction at all; yet as we dearly love to oblige him whenever it is in our power, we shall now proceed to show by what method the Squire discovered where his daughter was.

In the third Chapter then of the preceding Book, we gave a hint (for it is not our custom to unfold at any time more than is necessary for the occasion) that Mrs. Fitzpatrick, who was very desirous of reconciling herself to her uncle and aunt Western, thought she had a probable opportunity, by the service of preserving Sophia from committing the same crime which had drawn on herself the anger of her family. Aster much deliberation therefore she resolved to inform her aunt Western where her cousin was, and accordingly she writ the following letter, which we shall give the Reader at length, for more reasons than one.

" her your story, and have made proper use of my " name, (for I think you only just know one another by sight, though you are relations,) I am " consident she will withdraw her protection from " my niece, who has certainly imposed upon her. This is the only method — Justices of Peace indeed! Do you imagine any such event can arrive to a woman of figure in a civilized nation."

"D—n their figures," cries the Squire; "a pretty civilized nation truly, where women are above the law. And what must I stand sending a parcel of compliments to a consounded whore, that keeps away a daughter from her own natural father? I tell you, sister, I am not so ignorant as you think me. — I know you would have women above the law, but it is all a lie; I heard his Lordship say at a size, that no one is above the law. But this of yours is Hanover law, I suppose."

"Mr. Western," said she, "I think you daily improve in ignorance. — I protest you are grown an arrant bear."

"No more a bear than yourself, sister Western," faid the Squire, — "Pox! you may talk of your, civility an you will, I am sure you never show any, to me. I am no bear, no, nor no dog neither, though I know somebody, that is something that, begins with a b--. But pox! I will show you, I have a got more good manners than some folks."

"Mr. Western," answered the Lady, "you may say what you please. Je vous méprise de tout mon cœur. I shall not therefore be angry. — Bessides, as my cousin with that odious Irish name justly says, I have that regard for the honor and true interest of my samily, and that concern for my niece, who is a part of it, that I have resolved to go to town myself upon this occasion; for indeed, indeed, brother, you are not a fit minister to be employed at a polite court. — Greenland — Greenland should always be the scene of the tramontane negotiation."

"I thank Heaven," cries the Squire, "I don't understand you now. You are got to your Hanoverian lingo. However, I'll show you I scorn to be behind hand in civility with you; and as you are not angry for what I have said, so I am not angry for what you have said. Indeed I have always thought it a folly for relations to quarrel; and if they do now and then give a hasty word, why people should give and take; for my part I never bear malice; and I take it very kind of you to go up to London; for I never was there but twice in my life, and then I did not stay above a fortnight at a time; and to be sure I can't be expected to know much of the streets and the solks in that time. I never denied that you know'd all these matters better than I. For me to dispute that would be all as one, as for you to dispute the management of a pack of dogs, or the finding a hare sitting, with me."—"Which I promise you," says she,

" I never will."—"Well, and I promise you," returned he, "that I never will dispute t'other."

Here then a league was struck (to borrow a phrase from the Lady) between the contending parties; and now the Parson arriving, and the horses being ready, the Squire departed, having promised his sister to sollow her advice, and she prepared to sollow him the next day.

But having communicated these matters to the Parson on the road, they both agreed that the prescribed formalities might very well be dispensed with; and the Squire having changed his mind, proceeded in the manner we have already seen.

CHAP. VII.

In which various Misfortunes befel poor Jones.

AFFAIRS were in the aforesaid situation when Mrs. Honor arrived at Mrs. Miller's and called Jones out from the company, as we have before seen, with whom, when she found herself alone, she began as follows:

"O my dear Sir, how shall I get spirits to tell, you; you are undone, Sir, and my poor Lady's undone, and I am undone." "Has any thing, happened to Sophia?" cries Jones, staring like a mad-man. "All that is bad," cries Honor; "O I, shall never get such another Lady! O that I should

" ever live to fee this day!" At these words Jones turned pale as ashes, trembled and stammered; but Honor went on: "O Mr. Jones I have lost my " Lady for ever." "How! What! for Heaven's " fake tell me.—O my dear Sophia!" "You may , well call her fo," faid Honor; "fhe was the , dearest Lady to me. - I shall never have such " another place."—" D—n your place," cries Jones, " where is? what! what is become of my Sophia?" " Ay, to be fure," cries she, "fervants may be " d-n'd. It fignifies nothing what becomes of them " tho' they are turned away, and ruined ever fo , much. To be fure they are not flesh and blood " like other people. No to be fure, it fignifies " nothing what becomes of them."—" If you have ,, any pity, any compassion," cries Jones, "I beg " you will instantly tell me what has happened " to Sophia?" " To be fure I have more pity for ,, you than you have for me," answered Honor; , I don't d-n you because you have lost the sweet-,, est Lady in the world. To be fure you are wor-,, thy to be pitied, and I am worthy to be pitied , too: for to be fure if ever there was a good " Miftress"—" What has happened?" cries Jones, in almost a raving fit. - What? - " What?" faid Honor; "why the worst that could have happened , both for you and for me. — Her father is come " to town, and has carried her away from us " both." Here Jones fell on his knees in thankfgiving that it was no worfe.—"No worfe?" repeated Honor, "what could be worse for either of us? , He carried her off, fwearing she should marry

" Mr. Blifil; that's for your comfort; and for poor " me, I am turned out of doors." "Indeed Mrs. " Honor," answered Jones, " you frightened me " out of my wits. I imagined fome most dreadful " fudden accident had happened to Sophia; fome-,, thing, compared to which, even the feeing her , married to Blifil would be a trifle; but while there ,, is life, there are hopes, my dear Honor. Women , in this land of liberty cannot be married by actual " brutal force." "To be fure, Sir," faid fhe, "that's " true. There may be fome hopes for you; but " alack-a-day! what hopes are there for poor me? ,, And to be fure, Sir, you must be sensible I suffer " all this upon your account. All the quarrel the " Squire has to me, is for taking your part, as I " have done, against Mr. Blifil." "Indeed, Mrs. " Honor," answered he, "I am sensible of my ,, obligations to you, and will leave nothing in " my power undone to make you amends." "Alas, Sir," faid she, "what can make a fervant amends ,, for the lofs of one place, but the getting another " altogether as good!"——"Do not defpair, Mrs. " Honor," faid Jones, "I hope to reinstate you " again in the fame." "Alack-a-day, Sir," faid she, "how can I flatter myself with such hopes, ,, when I know it is a thing impossible; for the " Squire is fo fet against me: and yet if you should " ever have my Lady, as to be fure I now hopes " heartily you will; for you are a generous good-" natured gentleman, and I am fure you loves " her, and to be fure she loves you as dearly as , her own foul: it is a matter in vain to deny it;

, because as why, every body that is in the least ,, acquainted with my Lady, must see it; for, , poor dear Lady, she can't dissemble, and if two people who loves one another are not happy, ,, why who should be so? Happiness don't always " depend upon what people has; besides my Lady has enough for both. To be fure therefore, , as one may fay, it would be all the pity in the , world to keep two fuch lovers afunder; nay, " I am convinced for my part, you will meet " together at last; for if it is to be, there is no , preventing it. If a marriage is made in Heaven, ,, all the Justices of Peace upon earth can't break n it off. To be fure I wishes that Parson Supple ,, had but a little more spirit to tell the Squire of his , wickedness in endeavouring to force his daught-,, er contrary to her liking; but then his whole " dependance is on the Squire, and fo the poor " gentleman, though he is a very religious good , fort of a man, and talks of the badness of fuch , doings behind the Squire's back, yet he dares , not fay his foul is his own to his face. To be , fure I never faw him make fo bold as just now; I ,, was afeard the Squire would have struck him. " I would not have your Honor be melancholy, " Sir, nor despair; things may go better, as long ,, as you are fure of my Lady, and that I am " certain you may be; for she never will be brought " to consent to marry any other man. Indeed, " I am terribly afeard the Squire will do her a " mischief in his passion: for he is a prodigious , passionate gentleman, and I am afeard too the

" always ready to acknowledge your Ladyship's " friendships to me; sure I never had so good a " friend as your Ladyship — and to be sure now I , fee it is your Ladyship that I spoke to, I could " almost bite my tongue off for very mad.—I " constructions upon your Ladyship - to be sure , it does not become a fervant as I am to think " about fuch a great great Lady — I mean I was a , fervant: for indeed I am nobody's fervant now, , the more miserable wretch is me. - I have lost ,, the best Mistress." - Here Honor thought fit to produce a shower of tears. — "Don't cry, child," fays the good Lady: "Ways perhaps may be " found to make you amends. Come to me to-" morrow morning." She then took up her fan which lay on the ground, and without even looking at Jones, walked very majestically out of the room; there being a kind of dignity in the impudence of women of quality, which their inferiors vainly aspire to attain to in circumstances of this nature.

Jones followed her down stairs, often offering her his hand, which she absolutely refused him, and got into her chair without taking any notice of him as he stood bowing before her.

At his return up stairs, a long dialogue past between him and Mrs. Honor, while she was adjusting herself after the discomposure she had undergone. The subject of this was his insidelity to her young Lady; on which she enlarged with great bitterness; but Jones at last found means to reconcile her, and not only so, but to obtain a promise of most inviolable secrecy, and that she would the next morning endeavour to find out Sophia, and bring him a further account of the proceedings of the Squire.

Thus ended this unfortunate adventure to the fatisfaction only of Mrs. Honor; for a fecret (as fome of my Readers will perhaps acknowledge from experience) is often a very valuable possefion; and that not only to those who faithfully keep it, but sometimes to such as whisper it about till it come to the ears of every one, except the ignorant person, who pays for the supposed concealing of what is publicly known.

CHAP. VIII.

Short and Sweet.

NOTWITHSTANDING all the obligations she had received from Jones, Mrs. Miller could not forbear in the morning some gentle remonstrances for the hurricane which had happened the preceding night in his chamber. These were however so gentle and so friendly; professing, and indeed truly, to aim at nothing more than the real good of Mr. Jones himself, that he, far from being offended, thankfully received the admonition of the good woman, expressed much concern

for what had past, excused it as well as he could, and promised never more to bring the same disturbances into the house.

But though Mrs. Miller did not refrain from a short expostulation in private at their first meeting; yet the occasion of his being summoned down stairs that morning was of a much more agreeable kind; being indeed to perform the office of a father to Miss Nancy, and to give her in wedlock to Mr. Nightingale, who was now ready drest, and full as sober as many of my Readers will think a man ought to be who receives a wife in so imprudent a manner.

And here perhaps it may be proper to account for the escape which this young gentleman had made from his uncle, and for his appearance in the condition in which we have seen him the night before.

Now when the uncle had arrived at his lodgings with his nephew, partly to indulge his own inclinations (for he dearly loved his bottle) and partly to disqualify his nephew from the immediate execution of his purpose, he ordered wine to be set on the table; with which he so briskly ply'd the young gentleman, that this latter, who, though not much used to drinking, did not detest it so as to be guilty of disobedience, or of want of complaisance by resusing, was soon completely sinished.

Just as the uncle had obtained this victory, and was preparing a bed for his nephew, a messenger arrived with a piece of news, which so entirely disconcerted and shocked him, that he in a moment lost all consideration for his nephew and his whole mind became entirely taken up with his own concerns.

This fudden and afflicting news was no less than that his daughter had taken the opportunity of almost the first moment of his absence, and had gone off with a neighbouring young clergyman; against whom, tho' her father could have had but one objection, namely, that he was worth nothing, yet she had never thought proper to communicate her amour even to that father; and so artfully had she managed, that it had never been once suspected by any, till now, that it was consummated.

Old Mr. Nightingale no fooner received this account, than in the utmost confusion he ordered a post-chaise to be instantly got ready, and having recommended his nephew to the care of a servant, he directly left the house, scarce knowing what he did, nor whither he went.

The uncle being thus departed, when the fervant came to attend the nephew to bed, had waked him for that purpose, and had at last made him sensible that his uncle was gone, he, instead of accepting the kind offices tendered him, insisted on a chair being called, with this the servant, who " poor Lady will be brought to break her heart; " for the is as tender-hearted as a chicken; it is pity, methinks, the had not a little of my courage. If I was in love with a young man, " and my father offered to lock me up, I would " tear his eyes out, but I would come at him; but then there's a great fortune in the case, which it is in her father's power either to give her or not; that, to be sure, may make some "difference."

Whether Jones gave strict attention to all the foregoing harangue, or whether it was for want of any vacancy in the discourse, I cannot determine; but he never once attempted to answer, nor did she once stop, till Partridge came running into the room, and informed him that the great Lady was upon the stairs.

Nothing could equal the dilemma to which Jones was now reduced. Honor knew nothing of any acquaintance that subsisted between him and Lady Bellaston, and she was almost the last person in the world to whom he would have communicated it. In this hurry and distress, he took as is common enough, the worst course, and instead of exposing her to the Lady, which would have been of little consequence, he chose to expose the Lady ther; he therefore resolved to hide Honor, whom he had but just time to convey behind the bed, and to draw the curtains.

The hurry in which Jones had been all day engaged on account of his poor landlady and her family; the terrors occasioned by Mrs. Honor, and the confusion into which he was thrown by the sudden arrival of Lady Bellaston, had altogether driven former thoughts out of his head; so that it never once occurred to his memory to act the part of a sick man; which indeed, neither the gaiety of his dress, nor the freshness of his countenance, would have at all supported.

He received her Ladyship therefore rather agreeably to her desires than to her expectations, with all the good humor he could muster in his countenance, and without any real or affected appearance of the least disorder.

Lady Bellaston no sooner entered the room than she squatted herself down on the bed: "So, my dear Jones," said she, "you find nothing can detain me long from you. Perhaps I ought to be angry with you, that I have neither seen; nor heard from you all day; for I perceive your distemper would have suffered you to come abroad: nay I suppose you have not sat in your chamber all day drest up like a fine Lady to see company after a lying-in; but how- even, don't think I intend to scold you: for I never will give you an excuse for the cold behaviour of a husband by putting on the ill humor of a wife."

"Nay, Lady Bellaston" said Jones, "I am sure your Ladyship will not upbraid me with neglect of duty, when I only waited for orders. Who my dear creature has reason to complain? Who missed an appointment last night, and lest an unhappy man to expect, and wish, and sigh, and languish."

"Do not mention it, my dear Mr. Jones," cried she. "If you knew the occasion, you would pity, me. In short, it is impossible to conceive what, women of condition are obliged to suffer from the impertinence of fools, in order to keep up the farce of the world. I am glad, however, all your languishing and wishing have done you no harm: for you never looked better in your life. Upon my faith, Jones, you might at this instant if the for the picture of Adonis."

There are certain words of provocation which men of honor hold can only properly be answered by a blow. Among lovers possibly there may be some expressions which can be only answered by a kifs. The compliment which Lady Bellaston now made Jones seems to be of this kind, especially as it was attended with a look in which the Lady conveyed more soft ideas than it was possible to express with her tongue.

Jones was certainly at this instant in one of the most disagreeable and distressed fituations imaginable; for to carry on the comparison we made use of before, tho' the provocation was given by the Lady, Jones could not receive fatisfaction, nor, fo much as offer to ask it, in the presence of a third person; seconds in this kind of duels not being according to the law of arms. As this objection did not occur to Lady Bellaston, who was ignorant of any other woman being there but herself, fhe waited fome time in great aftonishment for an answer from Jones, who, conscious of the ridiculous figure he made, stood at a distance, and not daring to give the proper answer, gave none at all. Nothing can be imagined more comic, nor yet more tragical than this scene would have been, if it had lasted much longer. The Lady had already changed color two or three times; had got up from the bed and fat down again, while Jones was wishing the ground to fink under him, or the house to fall on his head, when an odd accident freed him from an embarrassment, out of which neither the eloquence of a Cicero, nor the politics of a Machiavel could have delivered him, without utter difgrace.

This was no other than the arrival of young Nightingale dead drunk; or rather in that state of drunkenness, which deprives men of the use of their reason, without depriving them of the use of their limbs.

Mrs. Miller and her daughters were in bed, and Partridge was smoking his pipe by the kitche fire; so that he arrived at Mr. Jones's

chamber door without any interruption. This he burst open, and was entering without any ceremony, when Jones started from his feat, and ran to oppose him; which he did so effectually, that Nightingale never came far enough within the door to see who was sitting on the bed.

Nightingale had in reality mistaken Jones's apartment for that in which himself had lodged; he therefore strongly insisted on coming in, often swearing that he would not be kept from his own bed. Jones, however, prevailed over him, and delivered him into the hands of Partridge, whom the noise on the stairs soon summoned to his Master's assistance.

And now Jones was unwillingly obliged to return to his own apartment, where at the very inftant of his entrance he heard Lady Bellaston venting an exclamation, though not a very loud one; and at the same time, saw her slinging herself into a chair in a vast agitation, which in a Lady of a tender constitution would have been an hysteric sit.

In reality the Lady, frightened with the struggle between the two men of which she did not know what would be the issue, as she heard Nightingale swear many oaths he would come to his own bed, attempted to retire to her known place of hiding, which to her great confusion she found already occupied by another.

"Is this usage to be borne, Mr. Jones?" cries the Lady. "—Basest of men! — What wretch is ,, this to whom you have exposed me?" Wretch!" cries Honor, bursting in a violent rage from her place of concealment—" marry come up! —" Wretch for,, sooth! —As poor a wretch as I am, I am honest; ,, that is more than some folks who are richer can fay."

Jones, instead of applying himself directly to take off the edge of Mrs. Honor's resentment, as a more experienced gallant would have done, fell to curfing his stars, and lamenting himself as the most unfortunate man in the world; and prefently after, addressing himself to Lady Bellaston, he fell to some very abfurd protestations of innocence. By this time the Lady having recovered the use of her reason, which she had as ready as any woman in the world, especially on such occasions, calmly replied; "Sir, " you need make no apologies; I fee now who the " person is; I did not at first know Mrs. Honor; , but now I do, I can suspect nothing wrong be-, tween her and you; and I am fure she is a wo-" man of too good fense to put any wrong con-" structions upon my visit to you; I have been ", always her friend, and it may be in my power " to be much more fo hereafter."

Mrs. Honor was altogether as placable, as she was passionate. Hearing therefore Lady Bellaston assume the soft tone, she likewise softened her's—

"I am sure, Madam," says she, "I have been

had received no strict orders to the contrary, readily complied; and thus being conducted back to the house of Mrs. Miller; he had staggered up to Mr. Jones's chamber, as has been before recounted.

This bar of the uncle being now removed (though young Nightingale knew not as yet in what manner) and all parties being quickly ready, the mother, Mr. Jones, Mr. Nightingale, and his Love, stept into a hackney-coach which conveyed him to Doctors-commons; where Miss Nancy was, in vulgar language, soon made an honest woman; and the poor mother became, in the purest sense of the word, one of the happiest of all human beings.

And now Mr. Jones having feen his good offices to that poor woman and her family brought to a happy conclusion, began to apply himself to his own concerns; but here lest many of my Readers should censure his folly for thus troubling himself with the affairs of others, and lest some few should think he acted more disinterestedly than indeed he did, we think proper to assure our Reader, that he was so far from being unconcerned in this matter, that he had indeed a very considerable interest in bringing it to that final consummation.

To explain this feeming paradox at once, he was one who could truly fay with him in Terence, Homo fum: nihil humani a me alienum puto. He was never an indifferent spectator of the misery

or happiness of any one; and he felt either the one or the other in greater proportion as he himself contributed to either. He could not therefore be the instrument of raising a whole family from the lowest state of wretchedness to the highest pitch of joy without conveying great felicity to himself; more perhaps than worldly men often purchase to themselves by undergoing the most severe labor, and often by wading through the deepest iniquity.

Those Readers who are of the same complexion with him, will perhaps think this short Chapter contains abundance of matter; while others may probably wish, short as it is, that it had been totally spared as impertinent to the main design, which I suppose they conclude is to bring Mr. Jones to the gallows, or if possible, to a more deplorable catastrophe.

CHAP. IX.

Containing Love Letters of Several Sorts.

MR. Jones, at his return home, found the following letters lying on his table, which he luckily opened in the order they were fent.

LETTER I.

"Surely I am under some strange infatuation; , I cannot keep my resolutions a moment, how-" ever strongly made or justly founded. Last , night I resolved never to see you more; this " morning I am willing to hear if you can, as " you fay, clear up this affair. And yet I know ,, that to be impossible. I have faid every thing , to myfelf which you can invent. - Perhaps not. " Perhaps your invention is stronger. Come to , me therefore the moment you receive this. If " you can forge an excuse, I almost promise you , to believe it. Betrayed to -I will think no more. — Come to me directly. — This is the third " letter I have writ, the two former are burnt — , I am almost inclined to burn this too - I wish I " may preferve my fenfes. — Come to me prefently."

LETTER II.

"If you ever expect to be forgiven, or even ,, fuffered within my doors, come to me this instant."

LETTER III.

"I now find you was not at home when my, notes came to your lodgings. The moment, you receive this let me fee you;—I shall not, stir out; nor shall any body be let in but yourself. Sure nothing can detain you long."

Jones had just read over these three billets, when Mr. Nightingale came into the room. "Well, , Tom," said he, "any news from Lady Bel , laston, after last night's adventure?" (for it was now no fecret to any one in that house who the Lady was.) "The Lady Bellaston?" answered Jones very gravely. - "Nay, dear Tom," cries Nightingale, "don't be so referved to your friends. "Though I was too drunk to fee her last night, "I saw her at the masquerade. Do you think I " am ignorant who the Queen of the Fairies is?" " And did you really then know the Lady at the " masquerade?" said Jones. "Yes, upon my soul " did I," said Nightingale, "and have given you ways fo tender on that point that I would not fpeak plainly. I fancy, my friend, by your extreme nicety in this matter, you are not fo well acquainted with the character of the Lady, as with her person. Don't be angry, Tom, but, " upon my honor, you are not the first young ,, fellow the has debauched. Her reputation is in " no danger, believe me."

Though Jones had no reason to imagine the Lady to have been of the Vestal kind when his amour began; yet as he was thoroughly ignorant of the town, and had very little acquaintance in it, he had yet no knowledge of that character which is vulgarly called a Demirep; that is to say, a woman who intrigues with every man she likes, under the name and appearance

of virtue; and who, though fome over nice Ladies will not be feen with her, is visited (as they term it) by the whole town; in short, whom every one knows to be what no body calls her.

When he found, therefore, that Nightingale was perfectly acquainted with his intrigue, and began to suspect, that so scrupulous a delicacy as he had hitherto observed, was not quite necessary on the occasion, he gave a latitude to his friend's tongue, and desired him to speak plainly what he knew, or had ever heard of the Lady.

Nightingale, who, in many other instances, was rather too effeminate in his disposition, had a pretty strong inclination to tittle-tattle. He had no sooner, therefore, received a full liberty of speaking from Jones, than he entered upon a long narrative concerning the Lady; which, as it contained many particulars highly to her dishonor, we have too great a tenderness for all women of condition to repeat. We would cautiously avoid giving an opportunity to the suture commentators on our Works, of making any malicious application; and of forcing us to be against our will, the author of standal, which never entered into our head.

Jones having very attentively heard all that Nightingale had to fay, fetched a deep figh, which the other observing, cried, "Hey-day! "Why thou art not in love, I hope! Had I

" imagined my stories would have affected you, " I promise you should never have heard them." , O my dear friend," cries Jones, "I am fo entan-" gled with this woman, that I know not how " to extricate myself." " In love indeed?" No, " my friend, but I am under obligations to her, , and very great ones. Since you know fo much, , I will be very explicit with you. It is owing , perhaps folely to her, that I have not before , this, wanted a bit of bread. How can I possibly " desert such a woman? And yet I must desert her, " or be guilty of the blackest treachery to one, " who deserves infinitely better of me than she can: , a woman, my Nightingale, for whom I have , a passion which sew can have an idea of. I am , half distracted with doubts how to act." , is this other, pray, an honorable Mistress?" cries Nightingale. "Honorable!" answered Jones, " No breath ever yet durst fully her reputation. " The fweetest air is not purer, the limpid stream , not clearer than her honor. She is all over, both ,, in mind and body, confurmate perfection. She , is the most beautiful creature in the universe; ,, and yet she is mistress of such noble, elevated , qualities, that though fhe is never from my thoughts. , I scarce ever think of her beauty, but when I " fee it." — " And can you, my good friend," cries Nightingale," with fuch an engagement as this " upon your hands, hesitate a moment about quitting " fnch a —." "Hold, "faid Jones, "no more abuse 2, of her; I detest the thought of ingratitude. " " Poh!"

" Poh!" answered the other, "you are not the , first upon whom she has conferred obligations , of this kind. She is remarkably liberal where , she likes; though, let me tell you, her favors , are fo prudently bestowed, that they should , rather raife a man's vanity, than his gratitude." In short, Nightingale proceeded so far on this head, and told his friend fo many stories of the Lady, which he fwore to the truth of, that he entirely removed all esteem for her from the breast of Jones: and his gratitude was lessened in proportion. Indeed he began to look on all the favors he had received, rather as wages than benefits, which not only depreciated her, but himfelf too in his own conceit; and put him quite out of humor with both. From this difgust, his mind, by a natural transition, turned towards Sophia: * her virtue, her purity, her love to him, her fufferings on his account, filled all his thoughts, and made his commerce with Lady Bellaston appear still more odious. The refult of all was; that though his turning himfelf out of her service, in which light he now faw his affair with her, would be the loss of his bread, vet he determined to quit her, if he could but find a handsome pretence; which having communicated to his friend, Nightingale confidered a little, and then faid, "I have it, my boy! I have , found out a fure method: propose marriage to , her, and I would venture hanging upon the " fuccefs." "Marriage!" cries Jones. "Ay, " propose marriage," answered Nightingale, " and , fhe will declare off in a moment. I knew a young Vor. IV.

" fellow whom she kept formerly, who made the " offer to her in earnest, and was presently turned " off for his pains."

Jones declared he could not venture the experiment. "Perhaps," faid he, " she may be less " shocked at this proposal from one man than from , another. And if she should take me at my word, " where am I then? Caught in my own trap, and , undone for ever." "No;" answered Nightingale, " not if I can give you an expedient, " by which you may, at any time, get out of " the trap." — " What expedient can that be?" replied Jones. "This," answered Nightingale. , The young fellow I mentioned, who is one of , the most intimate acquaintances I have in the ,, world, is fo angry with her for some ill offices, she has since done him, that I am sure he would, , without any difficulty, give you a fight of her " letters; upon which you may decently break , with her; and declare off before the knot is tied, ,, if the should really be willing to tie it, which " I am convinced she will not."

After fome hesitation, Jones, upon the strength of this assurance, consented; but as he swore he wanted the considence to propose the matter to her face, he wrote the following letter, which Nightingale dictated.

"MADAM,

Ch. 9.

" I am extremely concerned, that, by an un-, fortunate engagement abroad, I should have , missed receiving the honor of your Ladyship's " commands the moment they came; and the " delay which I must now suffer of vindicating " myself to your Ladyship, greatly adds to this misfortune. O Lady Bellaston, what a terror have I been in, for fear your reputation should " be exposed by these perverse accidents. There " is one only way to fecure it. I need not name " what that is. Only permit me to fay, that as , your honor is as dear to me as my own; to " my fole ambition is to have the glory of lay-,, ing my liberty at your feet; and believe me ,, when I affure you, I can never be made com-" pletely happy, without you generously bestow on " me a legal right of calling you mine for ever. "Iam,

"MADAM,

" With most profound respect,

. ,, Your Ladyship's most obliged,

" Obedient humble Servant,

" Thomas Jones."

To this she presently returned the following answer:

"SIR,

"When I read over your ferious epiftle, I could from its colduess and formality, have sworn that you had already the legal right you mention; nay, that we had, for many years, composed that monstrous animal a husband and wise. Do you really then imagine me a fool? Or do you fancy yourself capable of so entirely persuading me out of my senses, that I should deliver my whole fortune into your power, in order to enable you to support your pleasures at my expected? Is this the return for — but I scorn to upbraid you, and am in great admiration of your profound respect.

" P. S. I am prevented from revising: — Perhaps, I have faid more than I meant. — Come to me at eight this evening."

Jones, by the advice of his privy-council, replied,

" MADAM,

"It is impossible to express how much I am
, shocked at the suspicion you entertain of me.
, Can Lady Bellaston have conferred favors on
 a man whom she could believe capable of so base
 a design? Or can she treat the most solemn tie

" of love with contempt? Can you imagine, Ma" dam, that if the violence of my passion, in an
" unguarded moment, overcame the tenderness
" which I have for your honor, that I would
" think of indulging myself in the continuance of
" an intercourse which could not possibly escape
" long the notice of the world; and which when
" discovered, must prove so fatal to your reputa" tion? If such be your opinion of me, I must
" pray for a sudden opportunity of returning those
" pecuniary obligations, which I have been so
" unfortunate to receive at your hands; and for
" those of a more tender kind, I shall ever remain,
" &c." And so concluded in the very words with
which he had concluded the former letter.

The Lady answered as follows:

"I fee you are a villain; and I despife you, from my soul. If you come here I shall not be a at home."

Though Jones was well fatisfied with his deliverance from a thraldom which those who have ever experienced it, will, I apprehend, allow to be none of the lightest, he was not, however, perfectly easy in his mind. There was, in this scheme, too much of fallacy to satisfy one who utterly detested every species of falshood or dishonesty: nor would he, indeed, have submitted to put it in practice, had he not been involved in a distressful situation, where he was obliged to

be guilty of fome dishonor, either to the one Lady or the other; and furely the Reader will allow, that every good principle, as well as love, pleaded strongly in favor of Sophia.

Nightingale highly exulted in the success of his stratagem, upon which he received many thanks, and much applause from his friend. He answered, Dear Tom, we have conferred very different obligations on each other. To me you owe the regaining your liberty; to you I owe the loss of mine. But if you are as happy in the one instance as I am in the other, I promise you, we are the two happiest fellows in England."

The two gentlemen were now fummoned down to dinner, where Mrs. Miller, who performed herself the office of cook, had exerted her best talents, to celebrate the wedding of her daughter. This joyful circumstance she ascribed principally to the friendly behaviour of Jones, her whole soul was fired with gratitude towards him, and all her looks, words, and actions were so busied in expressing it, that her daughter, and even her new son-in-law, were very little the objects of her consideration.

Dinner was just ended when Mrs. Miller received a letter; but as we have had letters enough in this Chapter, we shall communicate the contents in our next.

CHAP. X.

Consisting partly of Facts, and partly of Observations upon them.

I HE letter then which arrived at the end of the preceding Chapter was from Mr. Allworthy, and the purport of it was his intention to come immediately to town, with his nephew Blifil, and a defire to be accommodated with his usual lodgings; which were the first floor for himself, and the second for his nephew.

The cheerfulness which had before displayed itself in the countenance of the poor woman, was a little clouded on this occasion. This news did indeed a good deal disconcert her. To requite fo difinterested a match with her daughter, by prefently turning her new fon-in-law out of doors, appeared to her very unjustifiable on the one hand; and, on the other, she could scarce bear the thoughts of making any excuse to Mr. Allworthy, after all the obligations received from him, for depriving him of lodgings which were indeed ftrictly his due: for that gentleman, in conferring all his numberless benefits on others, acted by a rule diametrically opposite to what is practifed by most generous people. He contrived, on all occasions, to hide his beneficence not only from the world, but even from the object of it. He constantly used the words Lend and Pay, instead of Give; and by

every other method he could invent, always leffened with his tongue the favors he conferred, while he was heaping them with both his hands. When he fettled the annuity of 50 l. a year, therefore, on Mrs. Miller, he told her, "It was in con-,, fideration of clways having her first floor when " he was in town," (which he scarce ever intend-, ed to be) but the fine might let it at any other ,, time, for that 'ie would a ways fend her a "month's warning." He was now, however, hurried to town to fuddenly that he had no opportunity of giving fuch notice; and this hurry probably prevented him, when he wrote for his lodgings, adding, if they were then empty: for he would most certainty hav been well and to have relinquished them on a less sufficient exoufe, thin what Mrs. Hiller could now have made.

Bu there are a fort of perfore, who, as Prior excellently were remarke, direct their conduct by fomething

Beyond the fix'd and fettled rules Of vice and virtue in the fchools: Beyond the letter of the law.

To these it is so far from being sufficient that their desence would acquit them at the Old Bailey, that they are not even contented, though conscience, the severest of all judges, should discharge them. Nothing short of the sair and honorable will fatisfy the delicacy of their minds; and if any of their actions fall short of this mark, they mope and pine, are as easy and restless as a murderer, who is assaid of a ghost or of the hangman.

Mrs. Mil r was one of thefe. She could not concert her uneaffiness at this letter; with the co.s of which she had n so er acquainted the company, and given the hir sof her distress, than Jones, her good anger, presently relieved her anxiety. "This for myself, Madam" faid he, by lodging is at your torvice at a moment's ring; and the Nightingale, I am sure, as the cannot yet prepare a house sit to recove his the content of the new lodging, whither Mrs. Nightingale will certainly consent to go With which proposal both husband and wife initiant, agreed.

I eader will eafily believe that the cheeks of "". Willer began again to glow with additional gratitude to Jones; but, perhaps, it may be more difficult to perfuade him, that Mr. Jones having, in his lattifieech, called her daughter Mrs. Nightingale, it being the first time that agreeable found had ever reached her ears) gave the fond mother more satisfaction, and warmed her heart more towards Jones, than his having diffipated her present anxiety.

The next day was then appointed for the removal of the new-married couple, and of Mr. Jones,

who was likewise to be provided for in the same house with his friend. And now the serenity of the company was again restored, and they past the day in the utmost cheerfulness, all except Jones, who, though he outwardly accompanied the rest in their mirth, selt many a bitter pang on the account of his Sophia; which were not a little heightened by the news of Mr. Bliss's coming to town, (for he clearly saw the intention of his journey:) and what greatly aggravated his concern was, that Mrs. Honor, who had promised to inquire after Sophia, and to make her report to him early the next evening, had disappointed him.

In the fituation that he and his Miftress were in at this time, there were scarce any grounds for him to hope, that he should hear any good news; yet he was as impatient to fee Mrs. Honor, as if he had expected the would bring him a letter with an affignation in it from Sophia, and bore the difappointment as ill. Whether this impatience arose from that natural weakness of the human mind. which makes it defirous to know the worst, and renders uncertainty the most intolerable of pains; or whether he still flattered himself with some secret hopes, we will not determine. But that it might be the last, whoever has loved cannot but know. For of all the powers exercised by this passion over our minds, one of the most wonderful is that of fupporting hope in the midst of despair. Difficulties, improbabilities, nay impossibilities are quite overlooked by it; fo that to any man extremely

in love, may be applied what Addison says of Cæsar,

The Alps, and Pyrenæans, fink before him!

Yet it is equally true, that the fame passion will sometimes make mountains of molehills, and produce despair in the midst of hope; but these cold sits last not long in good constitutions. Which temper Jones was now in, we leave the Reader to guess, having no exact information about it; but this is certain, that he had spent two hours in expectation, when being unable any longer to conceal his uneasiness, he retired to his room; where his anxiety had almost made him frantic, when the following letter was brought him from Mrs. Honor, with which we shall present the Reader verbatim & literatim.

"SIR,

"I shud fartenly has kaled on you a cordin too, mi prommiss haddunt itt bin that hur Lashipp, prevent mee; for too bee sur, Sir, you nose, very well that evere persun must luk surst at mome, and sartenly such anuther offar mite not ave ever hapned, so as I shud ave bin justly to blam, had I not excepted of it when her Lashipp, was so veri kind as to offar to make mee hur one uman without mi ever askin any such thing, to bee sur shee is won of thee best Ladis in thee wurld, and pepil, who safe to the kontrari must

, bee veri wiket pepil in thare harts. To be fur if ,, ever I ave fad any thing of that kine it as bin , thru ignorens and I am hartili forri for it. I nose " your onur to be a genteelman of more onur and ,, onesty, if I ever faid ani such thing, to repete , it to hurt a pore fervant that as alwais ad thee " gratest respect in the wurld for ure onur. To " bee fur won shud kepe wons tung within one's , teeth, for no boddi nose what may happen; and , too bee fur if ani boddi ad tolde mee yesterday, , that I shud haf bin in fo gud a plase to day, I , flud not haf beleeved it; for too bee fur I never , was a dremd of any fuch thing, nor shud I ever " have foft after ani other bodi's plafe; but as her " Lashipp wass so kine of her one a corde too give , it mee without askin, to bee fur Mrs. Etoff her. " felf, nor no other boddi can blam mee for ex-, ceptin fuch a thing when it falls in mi waye. I , beg ure onur not too menshion ani thing of , what I haf fad, for I wish ure onur all the gud ,, luk in thee wurld; and I don't cuestion butt thatt " u wil haf Madame Sofia in the end; but ass to " miself ure onur nose I kant bee of ani farder , farvis to u in that matar, nou bein under thee " cumand of anuthar parfon, and not mi one " Mistres. I begg ure onur to fay nothing of , what past, and believe me to be, Sir

Ure onur's umble farvant

"To cumand till deth,

" Honor Blackmore."

Various were the conjectures which Jones entertained on this step of Lady Bellaston; who in reality had little farther design than to secure within her own house the repository of a secret, which she chose should make no farther progress than it had made already; but mostly she desired to keep it from the ears of Sophia; for though that young Lady was almost the only one who would never have repeated it again, her Ladyship could not persuade herself of this; since as she now hated poor Sophia with most implacable hatred, she conceived a reciprocal hatred to herself to be lodged in the tender breast of our Heroine, where no such passion had ever yet found an entrance.

While Jones was terrifying himself with the apprehension of a thousand dreadful machinations, and deep political designs, which he imagined to be at the bottom of the promotion of Honor, Fortune, who hitherto seems to have been an utter enemy to his match with Sophia, tried a new method to put a final end to it, by throwing a temptation in the way of Jones, which in his present desperate situation it seemed unlikely he should be able to resist.

CHAP. XI.

Containing curious, but not unprecedented Matter.

THERE was a Lady, one Mrs. Hunt, who ·had often feen Jones at the house where he lodged, being intimately acquainted with the women there, and indeed a very great friend to Mrs. Miller. Her age was about thirty; for she owned six-and-twenty; her face and person very good, only inclining a little too much to be fat. She had been married young by her relations to an old Turkey merchant, who having got a great fortune, had left off trade. With him she lived without reproach, but not without pain, in a state of great felf-denial, for about twelve years; and her virtue was rewarded by his dying, and leaving her very rich. The first year of her widowhood was just at an end and she had passed it in a good deal of retirement, feeing only a few particular friends, and dividing her time between her devotions and novels, of which she was always extremely fond. Very good health, a very warm constitution, and a great deal of religion, made it absolutely necessary for her to marry again; and she resolved to please herself in her fecond husband, as she had done her friends in the first. From her the following billet was brought to Mr. Jones:

"SIR,

" From the first day I saw you, I doubt my n eyes have told you too plainly, that you were , not indifferent to me; but neither my tongue nor ,, my hand should ever have avowed it, had not , the Ladies of the family where you are lodged , given me fuch a character of you, and told me , fuch proofs of your virtue and goodness, as con-, vinces me you are not only the most agreeable , but the most worthy of men. I have also the , fatisfaction to hear from them, that neither my " person, understanding, or character are disagree-,, able to you. I have a fortune fufficient to make n us both happy, but which cannot make me fo without you. In thus disposing of myself, I , know I shall incur the censure of the world, , but if I did not love you more than I fear the ,, world, I should not be worthy of you. One , only difficulty stops me: I am informed you are , engaged in a commerce of gallantry with a , woman of fashion. If you think it worth while , to facrifice that to the possession of me, I " am yours; if not, forget my weakness, and , let this remain an eternal fecret between you and and

" Arabella Hunt."

At the reading of this Jones was put into a violent flutter. His fortune was then at a very low ebb, the fource being stopt from which hitherto he had

been supplied. Of all he had received from Lady. Bellaston not above five guineas remained, and that very morning he had been dunned by a tradesman for twice that sum. His honorable Mistrefs was in the hands of her father, and he had fcarce any hopes ever to get her out of them again. To be subsisted at her expense from that little fortune she had independent of her father, went much against the delicacy both of his pride and his love. This Lady's fortune would have been exceeding convenient to him, and he could have no objection to her in any respect. On the contrary, he liked her as well as he did any woman except Sophia. But to abandon Sophia, and marry another, that was impossible; he could not think of it upon any account. Yet why should he not, fince it was plain she could not be his? Would it not be kinder to her, than to continue her longer engaged in a hopeless passion for him? Ought he not to do fo in friendship to her? This notion prevailed fome moments, and he had almost determined to be false to her from a high point of honor; but that refinement was not able to stand very long against the voice of nature, which cried in his heart, that fuch friendship was treason to love. At last he called for pen, ink, and paper and writ as follows to Mrs. Hunt:

" MADAM,

"It would be but a poor return to the favor, you have done me, to facrifice any gallantry

" to the possession of you, and I would certainly " do it, though I were not difengaged, as at pre-, fent I am, from any affair of that kind. But n I should not be the honest man you think me, ,, if I did not tell you, that my affections are en-, gaged to another, who is a woman of virtue, , and one that I never can leave, though it is " probable I shall never possess her. God forbid , that in return of your kindness to me, I should ,, do you fuch an injury, as to give you my hand, , when I cannot give my heart. No, I had much , rather starve than be guilty of that. Even though my Mistress were married to another, I would , not marry you unless my heart had entirely " effaced all impressions of her. Be assured that your fecret was not more fafe in your own " breast, than in that of

" Your most obliged, and

" Grateful humble Servant,

" T. Jones."

When our Hero had finished and sent this letter, he went to his scrutoire, took out Miss Western's must, kissed it several times, and then strutted some turns about the room, with more satisfaction of mind than ever any Irishman selt in carrying off a fortune of sifty thousand pounds.

CHAP. XII.

A Discovery made by Partridge.

WHILE Jones was exulting in the consciousness of his integrity, Partridge came capering into the room, as was his custom when he brought, or fancied he brought any good tidings. He had been dispatched that morning, by his Master, with orders to endeavour, by the fervants of Lady Bellaston, or by any other means, to discover whither Sophia had been conveyed; and he now returned, and with a joyful countenance told our Hero, that he had found the loft bird. "I have feen, Sir," fays he, "Black George the game-keeper, who is , one of the fervants whom the Squire has brought , with him to town. I knew him prefently, though , I have not feen him these several years; but you , know, Sir, he is a very remarkable man, or to " use a purer phrase, he has a most remarkable , beard, the largest and blackest I ever faw. It was , fome time however before Black George could " recollect me."—" Well, but what is your good " news?" cries Jones: " what do you know of my " Sophia?" - "You shall know presently, Sir," answered Partridge, "I am coming to it as fast as I , can. - You are so impatient, Sir, you would ,, come at the infinitive mood, before you can get ,, to the imperative. As I was faying, Sir, it was fome time before he recollected my face." -", Confound your face," cries Jones, " what of my "Sophia?" - "Nay, Sir," answered Partridge,

" I know nothing more of Madam Sophia, than , what I am going to tell you; and I should have , told you all before this if you had not interrupt-, ed me; but if you look fo angry at me, you will " frighten all of it out of my head, or to use a purer " phrase, out of my memory. I never saw you look , fo angry fince the day we left Upton, which I " shall remember if I was to live a thousand years." " - Well, pray go on in your own way," faid Jones, "you are refolved to make me mad I find." , Not for the world," answered Partridge, "I , have fuffered enough for that already; which, as " I faid, I shall bear in my remembrance the longest ", day I have to live."—"Well, but Black George!" cries Jones.—"Well, Sir, as I was faying, it was n a long time before he could recollect me; for inn deed I am very much altered fince I faw him. , Non fum qualis eram. I have had troubles in the , world, and nothing alters a man fo much as grief. " I have heard it will change the color of a man's , hair in a night. However, at last, know me he ,, did, that's fure enough; for we are both of an ,, age, and were at the fame charity-school. George , was a great dunce, but no matter for that; all " men do not thrive in the world according to their " learning. I am fure I have reason to say so; but , it will be all one a thousand years hence. Well, , Sir, — where was I?—O—well, we no fooner " knew each other, than after many hearty shakes " by the hand, we agreed to go to an alchouse " and take a pot, and by good luck the beer was " fome of the best I have met with fince I have " been in town.—Now, Sir, I am coming to the point; for no fooner did I name you, and told him, that you and I came to town together, and had lived together ever fince, than he called for another pot, and fwore he would drink to your health; and indeed he drank your health fo heartily, that I was overjoyed to fee there was fo much gratitude left in the world: and after we had emptied that pot, I faid I would be my pot too, and fo we drank another to your health; and then I made hafte-home to tell you the news."

"What news?" cries Jones, "you have not " mentioned a word of my Sophia!"—"Bless me! , I had like to have forgot that. Indeed we men-, tioned a great deal about young Madam Western, ,, and George told me all; that Mr. Blifil is coming n to town in order to be married to her. He had " best make haste then, says I, or somebody will , have her before he comes; and indeed, fays I, , Mr. Seagrim, it is a thousand pities somebody , should not have her; for he certainly loves her , above all the women in the world. I would have , both you and she know that it is not for her for-, tune he follows her; for I can affure you as to , matter of that, there is another Lady, one of , much greater quality and fortune than she can , pretend to, who is fo fond of fomebody, that " fhe comes after him day and night."

Here Jones fell into a passion with Partridge, for having, as he said, betrayed him; but the poor fellow answered, he had mentioned no name: Besides, Sir," said he, "I can assure you, George; is sincerely your friend, and wished Mr. Bliss at the devil more than once; nay, he said he would do any thing in his power upon earth to serve you; and so I am convinced he will.—Betray, you indeed! why I question whether you, have a better friend than George upon earth, except myself, or one that would go farther to, serve you."

"Well," fays Jones, a little pacified, "you fay, this fellow, who I believe indeed is enough inclined to be my friend, lives in the fame house, with Sophia?"

"In the fame house!" answered Partridge; "why, ,, Sir, he is one of the fervants of the family, and , very well drest I promise you he is; if it was not ,, for his black beard, you would hardly know him."

"One fervice then at least he may do me," fays Jones; "fure he can certainly convey a letter 25 to my Sophia."

"You have hit the nail ad unguem," cries Partridge, how came I not to think of it? I will engage he shall do it upon the very first mentioning."

"Well then," faid Jones, "do you leave me at , present, and I will write a letter which you , shall deliver to him to-morrow morning; for I , suppose you know where to find him."

- "O yes, Sir," answered Partridge, "I shall cer, tainly find him again; there is no fear of that. The liquor is too good for him to stay away, long. I make no doubt but he will be there, every day he stays in town."
- "So you don't know the street then where my "Sophia is lodged?" cries Jones.
 - " Indeed; Sir, I do," fays Partridge.
 - "What is the name of the street?" cries Jones.
- "The name, Sir, why here, Sir, just by," answered Partridge, "not above a street or two off, I don't indeed know the very name; for as he, never told me, if I had asked, you know it might, have put some suspicion into his head. No, no, Sir, let me alone for that. I am too cunning for, that, I promise you."
- "Thou art most wonderfully cunning indeed," replied Jones; "however I will write to my charm, er, fince I believe you will be cunning enough, to find him to-morrow at the alehouse."

And now having difmissed the fagacious Partridge, Mr. Jones sat himself down to write, in which employment we shall leave him for a time. And here we put an end to the sisteenth Book.

THE

HISTORY

OF A

FOUNDLING.

BOOK XVI.

Containing the Space of five Days.

CHAP. I.

Of Prologues.

I have heard of a dramatic writer who used to fay, he would rather write a play than a prologue; in like manner, I think, I can with less pains write one of the Books of this History, than the prefatory Chapter to each of them.

To fay the truth, I believe many a hearty curse has been devoted on the head of that author who first instituted the method of prefixing to his play that portion of matter which is called the prologue; and which at first was part of the piece itself, but of latter years has had usually so little connexion with the drama before which it stands, that the prologue to one play might as well serve for any other. Those indeed of more modern date, seem all to be written on the same three topics, viz. an abuse of the taste of the town, a condemnation of all cotemporary authors, and an eulogium on the performance just about to be represented. The sentiments in all these are very little varied, nor is it possible they should; and indeed I have often wondered at the great invention of authors, who have been capable of finding such various phrases to express the same thing.

In like manner I apprehend, some future historian (if any one shall do me the honor of imitating my manner) will, after much scratching his pate, bestow some good wishes on my memory, for having first established these several initial Chapters; most of which, like modern prologues, may as properly be prefixed to any other Book in this History as to that which they introduce, or indeed to any other history as to this.

But however authors may fuffer by either of these inventions, the Reader will find sufficient emolument in the one, as the spectator has long found in the other.

First, it is well known, that the prologue serves

the critic for an opportunity to try his faculty of hisfing, and to tune his cat - call to the best advantage; by which means, I have known those musical instruments so well prepared, that they have been able to play in full concert at the first rising of the curtain.

The fame advantages may be drawn from these Chapters, in which the critic will be always sure of meeting with something that may serve as a whetstone to this noble spirit; so that he may fall with a more hungry appetite for cenfure on the History itself. And here his sagacity must make it needless to observe how artfully these Chapters are calculated for that excellent purpose; for in these we have always taken care to intersperse somewhat of the sour or acid kind, in order to sharpen and stimulate the said spirit of criticism.

Again, the indolent Reader, as well as spectator, finds great advantage from both these; for as they are not obliged either to see the one, or read the others, and both the play and the book are thus protracted, by the former they have a quarter of an hour longer allowed them to sit at dinner, and by the latter they have the advantage of beginning to read at the fourth or sifth page instead of the first; a matter by no means of trivial consequence to persons who read books with no other view than to say they have read them, a more general motive to reading than is commonly

imagined; and from which not only law books, and good books, but the pages of Homer and Virgil, of Swift and Cervantes, have been often turned over.

Many other are the emoluments which arise from both these, but they are for the most part so obvious that we shall not at present stay to enumerate them; especially since it occurs to us that the principal merit of both the Prologue and the Presace is that they be short.

CHAP. II.

A whimsical Adventure which befel the Squire, with the distressed Situation of Sophia.

WE must now convey the Reader to Mr. Weftern's lodgings, which were in Piccadilly, where he was placed by the recommendation of the landlord at the Hercules Pillars at Hyde Park Corner; for at that inn, which was the first he saw on his arrival in town, he placed his horses, and in those lodgings, which were the first he heard of, he deposited himself.

Here when Sophia alighted from the hackney coach, which brought her from the house of Lady Bellaston, she desired to retire to the apartment provided for her, to which her father very readily agreed, and whither he attended her himself. A short dialogue, neither very material nor pleasant to relate minutely, then passed between them, in which he pressed her vehemently to give her consent to the marriage with Bliss, who, as he acquainted her, was to be in town in a few days; but instead of complying, she gave a more peremptory and resolute resusal than she had ever done before. This so incensed her father, that after many bitter vows that he would force her to have him whether she would or no, he departed from her with many hard words and curses, locked the door, and put the key into his pocket.

While Sophia was left with no other company than what attend the closest state prisoner, namely, fire and candle, the Squire sat down to regale himself over a bottle of wine, with his Parson and the landlord of the Hercules Pillars, who, as the Squire said, would make an excellent third man, and could inform them of the news of the town, and how affairs went; for to be sure, says he, he knows a great deal, since the horses of many of the Quality stand at his house.

In this agreeable fociety, Mr. Western past that evening and great part of the succeeding day, during which period nothing happened of sufficient consequence to find a place in this History. All this time Sophia past by herself, for her father swore she should never come out of her chamber alive, unless she first consented to marry Bliss; nor did he ever suffer the door to be unlocked unless

to convey her food, on which occasion he always attended himself.

The fecond morning after his arrival, while he and the Parson were at breakfast together on a toast and a tankard, he was informed that a gentleman was below to wait upon him.

"A gentleman!" quoth the Squire, "who the moderal can he be? Do, Doctor, go down and fee who it is. Mr. Blifil can hardly be come to town yet. — Go down, do, and know what his business is."

The Doctor returned with an account that it was a very well drest man, and by the ribbon in his hat, he took him for an officer of the army; that he said he had some particular business, which he could deliver to none but Mr. Western himself.

"An officer!" cries the Squire, "what can, any such fellow have to do with me? If he wants an order for baggage-waggons, I am, no Justice of Peace here, nor can I grant a warrant.—Let un come up then, if he must peak to me."

A very genteel man now entered the room; who having made his compliments to the Squire, and defired the favor of being alone with him, delivered himself as follows:

"Sir, I come to wait upon you by the com-,, mand of my Lord Fellamar; but with a very ,, different message from what I suppose you ex-,, pect after what past the other night."

"My Lord who?" cries the Squire, "I never, heard the name o'un."

"His Lordship," faid the gentleman, "is willing ,, to impute every thing to the effect of liquor, " and the most trifling acknowledgment of that " kind will fet every thing right; for as he has the " most violent attachment to your daughter, you, , Sir, are the last person upon earth, from whom " he would refent an affront; and happy is it , for you both that he has given fuch public " demonstrations of his courage, as to be able , to put up an affair of this kind, without danger " of any imputation on his honor. All he defires ", therefore, is, that you will, before me, make " fome acknowledgment; the flightest in the world , will be fufficient; and he intends this afternoon , to pay his respects to you, in order to obtain " your leave of vifiting the young Lady on the " footing of a lover."

"I don't understand much of what you say, Sir," said the Squire; "but I suppose, by what you talk about my daughter, that this is the Lord, which my cousin Lady Bellaston mentioned to, me, and said something about his courting my, daughter. If so be, that how, that be the case,

" you may give my fervice to his Lordship, and " tell un the girl is disposed of already."

"Perhaps, Sir," faid the gentleman, "you are, not fufficiently apprized of the greatness of this, offer. I believe such a person, title, and fortune, would be no where resused."

"Lookee, Sir," answered the Squire, "to be, very plain, my daughter is bespoke already; but, if she was not, I would not marry her to a Lord, upon any account; I hate all Lords; they are, a parcel of Courtiers and Hanoverians, and I, will have nothing to do with them."

"Well, Sir," faid the gentleman, "if that is ,, your refolution, the message I am to deliver to ,, you, is, that my Lord desires the savor of your ,, company this morning in Hyde-Park."

"You may tell my Lord," answered the Squire, that I am busy and cannot come. I have enough to look after at home, and cannot stir abroad on 35 any account."

"I am fure, Sir," quoth the other, "you are not too much a gentleman to fend fuch a meffage; you will not, I am convinced, have it faid of you, that after having affronted a noble Peer, you refuse him fatisfaction. His Lordship would have been willing, from his great regard to the young Lady, to have made up matters in

" another way; but unless he is to look on you as " a father, his honor will not suffer his putting up " fuch an indignity as you must be sensible you " offered him."

"I offered him!" cries the Squire; "it is a ,, d—n'd lie, I never offered him any thing."

Upon these words the gentleman returned a very short verbal rebuke, and this he accompanied at the same time with some manual remonstrances, which no sooner reached the ears of Mr. Western, than the worthy Squire began to caper very briskly about the room, bellowing at the same time with all his might, as if desirous to summon a greater number of spectators to behold his agility.

The Parson, who had left great part of the tankard unfinished, had not retired far; he immediately attended therefore on the Squire's vociferation, crying, "Bless me! Sir, what's the matter?", — Matter!" quoth the Squire, "here's a highwayman, I believe, who wants to rob and mur, der me—for he has fallen upon me with that, there stick in his hand, when I wish I may be, d—n'd if I gid un the least provocation."

"How, Sir," faid the captain, "did you not tell me I ly'd?"

"No, as I hope to be faved," answered the Squire, — "I believe I might fay, It was a lie

" that I had offered any affront to my Lord,——
" but I never faid the word you lie.—I understand
" myself better, and you might have understood
" yourself better than to fall upon a naked man.
" If I had a stick in my hand, you would not have
" dared to strike me. I'd have knocked thy lantern
" jaws about thy ears. Come down into the yard
" this minute, and I'll take a bout with thee at
" fingle stick for a broken head, that I will; or I
" will go into a naked room and box thee for a
" belly-full. At unt half a man, at unt I am sure.

The captain, with fome indignation, replied, ,, I fee, Sir, you are below mye notice, and I shall ,, inform his Lordship you are below his.—I am ,, forry I have dirtied my fingers with you."—At which words he withdrew, the Parson interposing to prevent the Squire from stopping him, in which he easily prevailed, as the other, though he made some efforts for the purpose, did not seem very violently bent on success. However, when the captain was departed, the Squire sent many curses and some menaces after him; but as these did not set out from his lips till the officer was at the bottom of the stairs, and grew louder and louder as he was more and more remote, they did not reach his ears, or at least did not retard his departure.

Poor Sophia however, who, in her prison, heard all her father's outcries from first to last, began now first to thunder with her soot, and afterwards to scream as loudly as the old gentleman himself had done before, though in a much fweeter voice. These screams soon silenced the Squire, and turned all his consideration towards his daughter, whom he loved so tenderly, that the least apprehension of any harm happening to her, threw him presently into agonies: for except in that single instance in which the whole suture happiness of her life was concerned, she was sovereign Mistress of his inclinations.

Having ended his rage against the captain, with fwearing he would take the law of him, the Squire now mounted up stairs to Sophia, whom, as foon as he had unlocked and opened the door, he found all pale and breathless. The moment however that she faw her father, she collected all her fpirits, and catching him hold by the hand, she cry'd paffionately, "O my dear Sir, I am almost " frightened to death; I hope to Heaven no harm ", has happened to you." — " No, no," cries the Squire, " no great harm. The rafcal has , not hurt me much, but rat me if I don't ha ,, the la o'un." "Pray, dear Sir," fays she, "tell , me what's the matter, who is it that has infulted ", you?" "I dont know the name o'un," answered Western, "fome officer fellow I suppose that we are " to pay for beating us, but I'll make him pay " this bout, if the rafcal has got any thing, which , I suppose he has not. For thof he was drest ,, out so vine, I question whether he has got a voot ,, of land in the world." "But, dear Sir," cries fhe, "what was the occasion of your quarrel?" VOL. IV.

" What should it be, Sophy?" answered the Squire, " but about you, Sophy. All my misfortunes " are about you; and you will be the death of " your poor father at last. Here's a varlet of a Lord, the Lord knows who forfooth! who has ,, taan a liking to you, and because I would not , gi un my confent, he fent me a kallenge. "Come, do be a good girl, Sophy, and put an ,, end to all your father's troubles; come do, con-, fent to ha un; he will be in town within this " day or two; do but promife me to marry un as ", foon as he comes, and you will make me the ", happiest manin the world, and I will make you the , happiest woman; you shall have the finest clothes , in London, and the finest jewes, and a coach and fix at your command. I promifed Allworthy , already to give up half my estate, - Odrabbet ", it! I should hardly stick at giving up the whole."
" Will my papa be so kind," says she, "as to hear
" me speak?"—" Why wout ask, Sophia?" cries he, "when dost know that I had rather hear thy , voice, than the music of the best pack of dogs in England. — Hear thee, my dear little girl! I whope I shall hear thee as long as I live: for if I , was ever to lofe that pleasure, I would not gee " a brass varden to live a moment longer. Indeed, "Sophy, you do not know how I love you, " indeed you don't, or you never could have run " away and left your poor father, who has no " other joy, no other comfort upon earth but his " little Sophy." At these words the tears stood in his eyes; and Sophia (with the tears streaming

from hers) answered, "Indeed, my dear papa, , I know you have loved me tenderly, and Hea-, ven is my witness how fincerely I have returned , your affection; nor could any thing but an ap-, prehension of being forced into the arms of , this man, have driven me to run from a father , whom I love so passionately, that I would, with " pleasure, facrifice my life to his happiness; nay, " I have endeavoured to reason myself into doing , more, and had almost worked up a resolution, " to endure the most miserable of all lives, to , comply with war inclination. It was that refo-, lution alone to which I could not force my mind; ", nor can I ever." Here the Squire began to look wild, and the foam appeared at his lips, which Sophia observing, begged to be heard out, and then proceeded: "If my father's life, his health, or any , real happiness of his was at stake, here stands , your resolved daughter, may Heaven blast me, ,, if there is a mifery I would not fuffer to preferve , you. - No, that most detested, most loathsome ,, of all lots would I embrace, I would give my " hand to Blifil for your fake." — " I tell thee, it , will preferve me," answers the father; " it will " gee me health, happiness, life, every thing. — " Upon my foul I shall die if dost refuse me; I ", shall break my heart, I shall upon my foul."— ", Is it possible," says she, "you can have such a " desire to make me miserable?" I tell you noa," answered he loudly, "my whole defire is to " make thee happy; me! d—n me if there is a ,, thing upon earth I would not do to fee thee happy."

" — And will not my dear papa allow me to have ,, the least knowledge of what will make me so? If it , be true that happiness consists in opinion; what , must be my condition, when I shall think my-" felf the most miserable of all the wretches upon " earth?"' "Better think yourself so," said he, , than know it by being married to a poor baf-, tardly vagabond." "If it will content you, Sir," faid Sophia, " I will give you the most folemn , promife never to marry him nor any other while , my papa lives without his confent. Let me de-,, dicate my whole life to your wice; let me be " again your poor Sophy, and my whole bulinefs , and pleasure be, as it has been, to please and "divert you." "Lookee, Sophy," answered the Squire, "I am not to be choused in this mau-, ner. Your aunt Western would then have reason , to think me the fool she does. No, no, Sophy, ,, I'd have you to know I have a got more wisdom, , and know more of the world than to take the , word of a woman in a matter where a man is " concerned." " How, Sir, have I deferved this " want of confidence?" faid she: " Have I ever " broke a fingle promife to you? Or have I ever " been found guilty of a falfhood from my cra-" dle?" " Lookee, Sophy," cries he, " that's , neither here nor there. I am determined upon "this match, and have him you shall, d-n me " if shat unt. D-n me if shat unt, though dost , hang thyfelf the next morning." At repeating which words he clinched his fift, knit his brows, bit his lips, and thundered fo loud, that the

poor afflicted, terrified Sophia funk trembling into her chair; and had not a flood of tears come immediately to her relief, perhaps worse had followed.

Western beheld the deplorable condition of his daughter with no more contrition or remorfe, than the turnkey of Newgate feels at viewing the agonies of a tender wife, when taking her last farewel of her condemned hufband; or rather he looked down on her with the fame emotions which arife in an honest fair tradesman, who sees his debtor dragged to prison for 10 l. which, though a just debt, the wretch is wickedly unable to pay. Or, to hit the case still more nearly, he felt the same compunction with a bawd, when some poor innocent whom she has enfnared into her hands, falls into fits at the first proposal of what is called seeing company. Indeed this refemblance would be exact, was it not that the bawd has an interest in what fhe does, and the father, though perhaps he may blindly think otherwise, can in reality have none in urging his daughter to almost an equal prostitution.

In this condition he left his poor Sophia, and departing with a very vulgar observation on the effect of tears, he locked the room, and returned to the Parson, who said every thing he durst in behalf of the young Lady, which though perhaps it was not quite so much as his duty required, yet was it sufficient to throw the Squire into a violent

rage, and into many indecent reflections on the whole body of the clergy, which we have too great an honor for that facred function to commit to paper.

CHAP. III.

What happened to Sophia during her Confinement.

THE landlady of the house where the Squire lodged had begun very early to entertain a strange opinion of her guests. However, as she was informed that the Squire was a man of a vast fortune, and as she had taken care to exact a very extraordinary price for her rooms, she did not think proper to give any offence; for though she was not without some concern for the confinement of poor Sophia, of whose great sweetness of temper and affability, the maid of the house had made so favorable a report, which was confirmed by all the Squire's servants, yet she had much more concern for her own interest, than to provoke one, whom, as she said, she perceived to be a very hastish kind of a gentleman.

Though Sophia eat but little, yet she was regularly served with her meals; indeed I believe if she had liked any one rarity, that the Squire, however angry, would have spared neither pains nor cost to have procured it for her; since, however strange it may appear to some of my Readers, he really

doted on his daughter, and to give her any kind of pleasure was the highest satisfaction of his life.

The dinner hour being arrived, Black George carried her up a pullet, the Squire himself (for he had sworn not to part with the key) attending the door. As George deposited the dish, some compliments passed between him and Sophia, for he had not seen her since she left the country, and she treated every servant with more respect than some persons show to those who are in a very slight degree their inseriors: Sophia would have had him take the pullet back, saying, she could not eat; but George begged her to try, and particularly recommended to her the eggs, of which he said it was full.

All this time the Squire was waiting at the door; but George was a great favorite with his Master, as his employment was in concerns of the highest nature, namely, about the game, and was accustomed to take many liberties. He had officiously carried up the dinner, being, as he said, very desirous to see his young Lady; he made therefore no scruple of keeping his Master standing above ten minutes, while civilities were passing between him and Sophia, for which he received only a good-humored rebuke at the door when he returned.

The eggs of pullets, partridges, pheafants, &c. were, as George well knew, the most favorite

dainties of Sophia. It was therefore no wonder, that he who was a very good-natured fellow, fhould take care to fupply her with this kind of delicacy, at a time when all the fervants in the house were afraid she would be starved; for she had fcarce fwallowed a fingle morfel in the laft forty hours.

Though vexation has not the fame effect on all perfons, as it usually has on a widow, whose appetite is often rendered sharper than it can be rendcred by the air on Bansted Downs, or Salisbury Plain; yet the fublimest grief, notwithstanding what some people may say to the contrary, will eat at last. And Sophia herself, after some little confideration, began to diffect the fowl, which she found to be as full of eggs as George had reported.

But if she was pleafed with these, it contained fomething which would have delighted the Royal Society much more; for if a fowl with three legs be fo invaluable a curiofity, when perhaps time has produced a thousand such, at what price shall we esteem a bird which so totally contradicts all the laws of animal economy, as to contain a letter in its belly? Ovid tells us of a flower into which Hyacinthus was metamorphofed, that bears letters on its leaves, which Virgil recommended as a miracle to the Royal Society of his day; but no age nor nation has ever recorded a bird with a letter in its maw.

But though a miracle of this kind might have engaged all the Academies des Sciences in Europe, and perhaps in a fruitless inquiry; yet the Reader, by barely recollecting the last dialogue which passed between Messieurs Jones and Partridge, will be very easily satisfied from whence this letter came, and how it found its passage into the sowl.

Sophia, notwithstanding her long fast, and notwithstanding her favorite dish was there before her, no sooner saw the letter than she immediately snatched it up, tore it open, and read as follows:

" Madam,

"Was I not fenfible to whom I have the honor of writing, I should endeavour, however difficult, to paint the horrors of my mind, at the account brought me by Mrs. Honor: but as tenderness alone can have any true idea of the pangs which tenderness is capable of feeling; so can this most amiable quality which my Sophia possession the most eminent degree, sufficiently inform her what her Jones must have suffered on this melancholy occasion. Is there a circumstance in the world which can heighten my agonies, when I hear of any misfortune which has bestallen you? Surely there is one only, and with that I am accursed. It is, my Sophia, the dread-study consideration that I am myself the wretched

" cause. Perhaps I here do myself too much honor; , but none will envy me an honor which costs me fo extremely dear. Pardon me this pre-" fumption, and pardon me a greater still, if I " ask you whether my advice, my affistance, my , presence, my absence, my death, or my tor-" tures can bring you any relief? Can the most , perfect admiration, the most watchful observance, , the most ardent love, the most melting tender-, nefs, the most refigned submission to your will, " make you amends for what you are to facrifice " to my happiness? If they can, fly, my lovely ,, angel, to those arms which are ever open to " receive and protect you; and to which, whether " you bring yourfelf alone, or the riches of the " world with you, is, in my opinion, an alter-, native not worth regarding. If, on the contrary, " wifdom shall predominate, and, on the most " mature reflection, inform you, that the facri-" fice is too great; and if there be no way left " to reconcile you to your father, and restore the " peace of your dear mind, but by abandoning , me, I conjure you drive me for ever from your , thoughts, exert your resolution, and let no , compassion for my sufferings bear the least weight ,, in that tender bosom. Believe me, Madam, I " fo fincerely love you better than myfelf, that " my great and principal end is your happiness. " My first wish (why would not fortune indulge " me in it?) was, and pardon me if I fay, still is, ,, to fee you every moment the happiest of women; " my fecond wish is to hear you are so; but " no mifery on earth can equal mine, while I " think you owe an uneafy moment to him who is,

" Madam,

" In every fense, and to every purpose,

"Your devoted

" Thomas Jones."

What Sophia faid, or did, or thought upon this letter, how often she read it, or whether more than once, shall all be left to our Reader's imagination. The answer to it he may perhaps see hereaster; but not at present; for this reason, among others, that she did not now write any, and that for several good causes, one of which is this, that she had no paper, pen, nor ink.

In the evening while Sophia was meditating on the letter she had received, or on something else, a violent noise from below disturbed her meditations. This noise was no other than a round bout at altercation between two persons. One of the combatants, by his voice, she immediately distinguished to be her father; but she did not so soon discover the shriller pipes to belong to the organ of her aunt Western, who was just arrived in town, and having, by means of one of her fervants, who stopt at the Hercules Pillars learnt

where her brother lodged, she drove directly to his lodgings.

We shall therefore take our leave at present of Sophia, and, with our usual good-breeding, attend her Ladyship.

CHAP. IV.

In which Sophia is delivered from her Confinement.

THE Squire and the Parson (for the land-lord was now otherwise engaged) were smoking their pipes together, when the arrival of the Lady was first signified. The Squire no sooner heard her name, than he immediately ran down to usher her up stairs, for he was a great observer of such ceremonials, especially to his sister, of whom he stood more in awe than of any other human creature, though he never would own this, nor did he perhaps know it himself.

Mrs. Western, on her arrival in the dining-room, having slung herself into a chair, began thus to harangue. "Well, surely no one ever had, such an intolerable journey. I think the roads, fince so many turnpike acts, are grown worse, than ever. La, brother, how could you get, into this odious place? No person of condition, I dare swear, ever set foot here before." "I, don't know," cries the Squire, I think they do, well enough; it was landlord recommended them.

" I thought as he knew most of the quality, he " could best show me where to get among um." "Well, and where's my niece?" fays the Lady; " have you been to wait upon Lady Bellaston yet?" "Ay, ay," cries the Squire, "your niece is fafe " enough; she is up stairs in chamber." " How," answered the Lady, " is my niece in this house, " and does the not know of my being here?" "No, " no body can well get to her," fays the Squire, " for she is under lock and key. I have her safe; " I vetched her from my Lady cousin the first ,, night I came to town, and I have taken care o' , her ever fince; she is as fecure as a fox in a bag, "I promise you." "Good Heaven!" returned Mrs. Western, "what do I hear! I thought what ,, a fine piece of work would be the confequence " of my consent to your coming to town your-" felf; nay, it was indeed your own headstrong " will, nor can I charge myself with ever having , consented to it. Did not you promise me, " brother, that you would take none of thefe " headstrong measures? Was it not by these head-" ftrong measures that you forced my niece to run " away from you in the country? Have you a " mind to oblige her to take fuch another step!" " Z-ds and the devil," cries the Squire, dashing his pipe on the ground, "did ever mortal hear " the like? When I expected you would have com-" mended me for all I have done, to be fallen upon " in this manner!" "How! Brother," faid the Lady, " have I ever given you the least reason to " imagine I should commend you for locking up

" your daughter? Have I not often told you, that women in a free country are not to be treated , with fuch arbitrary power? We are as free as , the men, and I heartily wish I could not say we , deserve that freedom better. If you expect I , should stay a moment longer in this wretched , house, or that I should ever own you again as , my relation, or that I should ever trouble my-, felf again with the affairs of your family, I infift a, upon it that my niece be fet at liberty this instant." This she spoke with so commanding an air, standing with her back to the fire, with one hand behind her, and a pinch of fnuff in the other, that I question whether Thalestris at the head of her Amazons ever made a more tremendous figure. It is no wonder therefore that the poor Squire was not proof against the awe which she inspired. " There," he cried, throwing down the key, ", there it is, do what you please. I intended ", only to have kept her up till Blifil came to town " which can't be long; and now if any harm hap-,, pens in the mean time, remember who is to be " blamed for it."

"I will answer it with my life," cries Mrs. Western; "but I shall not intermeddle at all, un, less upon one condition, and that is, that you, will commit the whole entirely to my care, without taking any one measure yourself, un, less I shall eventually appoint you to act. If you ratify these preliminaries, brother, I yet, will endeavour to preserve the honor of your

" family; if not, I shall continue in a neutral

"I pray you, good Sir," faid the Parson, "permit yourself to be admonished this once by her, Ladyship; peradventure by communing with young Madam Sophia, she will effect more than you have been able to perpetrate by more rigor, ous measures."

"What dost thee open upon me?" cries the Squire. "If thee dost begin to babble, I shall, wip thee in presently."

"Fie, brother," answered the Lady, "is this nanguage to a clergyman? Mr. Supple is a man of sense, and gives you the best advice; and the whole world, I believe, will concur in his opinion; but I must tell you, I expect an immediate answer to my categorical proposals. Either cede your daughter to my disposal, or take her wholly to your own surprising discretion, and then I here, before Mr. Supple, evacuate the garrison, and renounce you and your family for ever."

" I pray you let me be a mediator," cries the " Parson: "let me supplicate you."

"Why there lies the key on the table," cries the Squire. "She may take un up, if she pleases; who hinders her?"

"No, brother," answered the Lady, "I infift, on the formality of its being delivered me, with a full ratification of all the concessions stipulated."

"Why then I will deliver it to you—There, it is," cries the Squire. "I am fure, fifter, you, can't accuse me of ever denying to trust my, daughter to you. She has a lived wi' you a, whole year and muore to a time, without my, ever zeeing her."

"And it would have been happy for her," anfwered the Lady, "if she had always lived with ,, me. Nothing of this kind would have happened ,, under my eye."

"Ay, certainly," cries he, "I only am to, blame."

"Why, you are to blame, brother," answered she: "I have been often obliged to tell you so, and shall always be obliged to tell you so. How, ever, I hope you will now amend, and gather, so much experience from past errors, as not to defeat my wisest machinations by your blunders. Indeed, brother, you are not qualified for these, negotiations. All your whole scheme of politics, is wrong. I once more, therefore, insist, that you do not intermeddle. Remember only what, is past."—

" Z—ds and bl—d, fifter," cries the Squire, what

" what would you have me fay? You are enough " to provoke the devil."

"There now," faid she, " just according to the , old custom. I see, brother, there is no talking , to you. I will appeal to Mr. Supple, who is , a man of sense, if I said any thing which could , put any human creature into a passion; but you , are so wrong-headed every way."

"Let me beg you, Madam," faid the Parson, not to irritate his Worship."

"Irritate him?" faid the Lady; — "Sure you, are as great a fool as himfelf. Well, brother, fince you have promifed not to interfere, I will, once more undertake the management of my, niece. Lord have mercy upon all affairs which, are under the directions of men. The head of, one woman is worth a thousand of you." And now having summoned a servant to show her to Sophia, she departed, bearing the key with her.

She was no fooner gone, than the Squire (having first shut the door) ejaculated twenty bitches, and as many hearty curses against her, not sparing himfelf for having ever thought of her estate; but added, "Now one has been a slave so long, it would, be a pity to lose it at last, for want of hold, ing out a little longer. The bitch can't live, for ever, and I know I am down for it upon, the will."

The Parson greatly commended this resolution; and now the Squire having ordered in another bottle, which was his usual method when any thing either pleased or vexed him, did, by drinking plentifully of this medicinal julap, so totally wash away his choler, that his temper was become perfectly placid and serene, when Mrs. Western returned with Sophia into the room. The young Lady had on her hat and capuchin, and the aunt acquainted Mr. Western, "That she intended to, take her niece with her to her own lodgings; for, indeed, brother," says she, "these rooms, are not fit to receive a Christian soul in."

"Very well, Madam," quoth Western, "what, ever you please. The girl can never be in bet, ter hands than yours; and the Parson here can, do me the justice to say, that I have said sifty, times behind your back, that you was one of the most sensible women in the world.

"To this", cries the Parson, "I am ready to ,, bear testimony."

"Nay, brother," fays Mrs. Western, "I have always, I'm sure, given you as savorable a character. You must own you have a little too much hastiness in your temper; but when you will allow yourself time to reslect, I never knew a man more reasonable."

" Why then, fifter, if you think so, "faid the

Squire, "here's your good health with all my, heart. I am a little passionate sometimes, but, I scorn to bear any malice. Sophy, do you be, a good girl, and do every thing your aunt orders, you."

" I have not the least doubt of her," answered Mrs. Western. "She has had already an example , before her eyes, in the behaviour of that wretch , her cousin Harriet, who ruined herself by ne-, glecting my advice. - O brother, what think " you? You was hardly gone out of hearing, ,, when you fet out for London, when who should ,, arrive but that impudent fellow with the odious , Irish name - that Fitzpatrick. He broke abrupt-,, ly upon me without notice, or I would not have , feen him. He ran on a long, unintelligible story ,, about his wife, to which he forced me to give , him a hearing; but I made him very little answer. ,, and delivered him the letter from his wife, which I ,, bid him answer himself. I suppose the wretch , will endeavour to find us out; but I beg you will ,, not fee her, for I am determined I will not."

"I zee her?" answered the Squire; "You need not fear me. I'll gi no encouragement to such undutiful wenches. It was well for the fellow her husband, I was not at huome. Od rabbit it, he flould have taken a dance thru the horse-pond, I promise un. You zee, Sophy, what unduting fulness brings volks to. You have an example in your own family."

"Brother," cries the aunt, "you need not , fhock my niece by fuch odious repetitions. Why will you not leave every thing entirely to , me?" "Well, well, I wull, I wull," faid the Squire.

And now Mrs. Western, luckily for Sophia, put an end to the conversation, by ordering chairs to be called. I say luckily; for had it continued much longer, fresh matter of dissension would, most probably, have risen between the brother and sister; between whom education and sex made the only difference; for both were equally violent, and equally positive; they had both a vast affection for Sophia, and both a sovereign contempt for each other.

CHAP. V.

In which Jones receives a Letter from Sophia, and goes to a Play with Mrs. Miller and Partridge.

HE arrival of Black George in town, and the good offices which that grateful fellow had promifed to do for his old benefactor, greatly comforted Jones in the midf of all the anxiety and uneafiness which he had suffered on the account of Sophia; from whom, by the means of the said George, he received the following answer to his letter, which Sophia, to whom the use of pen, ink, and paper was restored with her liberty, wrote

the very evening when she departed from her confinement.

"SIR,

" As I do not doubt your fincerity in what ,, you write, you will be pleased to hear that some , of my afflictions are at an end, by the arrival of my aunt Western, with whom I am at pre-, fent, and with whom I enjoy all the liberty I , can desire. One promise my aunt has insisted on my making, which is, that I will not fee or " converse with any person without her know-,, ledge and confent. This promife I have most " folemnly given, and shall most inviolably keep: ,, and though she has not expressly forbidden me , writing, yet that must be an omission from for-" getfulness; or this, perhaps, is included in the , word conversing. However, as I cannot but , consider this as a breach of her generous confid-,, ence in my honor, you cannot expect that I shall, , after this, continue to write myself, or to ren ceive letters, without her knowledge. A pro-, mife is with me a very facred thing, and to be " extended to every thing understood from it, as " well as to what is expressed by it; and this con-" fideration may perhaps, on reflection, afford you , fome comfort. But why should I mention a com-, fort to you of this kind? for though there is one , thing in which I can never comply with the best " of fathers, yet am I firmly resolved never to

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, act in defiance of him, or to take any step of , consequence without his consent. A firm per-, fuafion of this, must teach you to divert your , thoughts from what fortune has, perhaps, made n impossible. This your own interest persuades , you. This may reconcile you, I hope, to Mr. , Allworthy; and if it will, you have my injunc-, tions to pursue it. Accidents have laid some , obligations on me, and your good intentions pro-, bably more. Fortune may, perhaps, be some-, times kinder to us both than at present. Believe , this, that I shall always think of you as I think , you deferve, and am,

"SIR,

"Your obliged humble Servant,

" Sophia Western."

" I charge you write to me no more-at pre-" fent at least; and accept this, which is now of " no fervice to me, which I know you must want, ,, and think you owe the trifle only to that fortune , by which you found it *.".

A child who has just learnt his letters, would have fpelt this letter out in less time than Jones took in reading it. The fenfations it occasioned were a mixture of joy and grief; somewhat like what divide the mind of a good man, when he

^{*} Meaning, perhaps, the bank-bill for 100 1.

peruses the will of his deceased friend, in which a large legacy, which his distresses make the more welcome, is bequeathed to him. Upon the whole, however, he was more pleased than displeased; and indeed the Reader may probably wonder that he was displeased at all; but the Reader is not quite so much in love as was poor Jones: and love is a disease, which, though it may in some instances resemble a consumption, which it sometimes causes, in others proceeds in direct opposition to it, and particularly in this, that it never flatters itself, or sees any one symptom in a favorable light.

One thing gave him complete fatisfaction, which was, that his Mistress had regained her liberty, and was now with a Lady where she might at least assure herself of a decent treatment. Another comfortable circumstance, was the reference which fhe made to her promife of never marrying any other man; for however difinterested he might imagine his passion, and notwithstanding all the generous overtures made in his letter, I very much queftion whether he could have heard a more afflicting piece of news, than that Sophia was married to another, though the match had been never fo great, and never fo likely to end in making her completely happy. That refined degree of Platonic affection which is absolutely detached from the flesh, and is indeed entirely and purely spiritual, is a gift confined to the female part of the creation; many of whom I have heard declare, (and doubtless with great

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truth) that they would, with the utmost readiness, resign a lover to a rival, when such resignation was proved to be necessary for the temporal interest of such lover. Hence, therefore, I conclude, that this affection is in nature, though I cannot pretend to say, I have ever seen an instance of it.

Mr. Jones having fpent three hours in reading and kiffing the aforefaid letter, and being, at 'ast, in a state of good spirits, from the last-mentioned considerations, he agreed to carry an appointment, which he had before made, into execution. This was to attend Mrs. Miller, and her younger daughter, into the gallery at the play-house, and to admit Mr. Partridge as one of the company. For as Jones had really that taste for humor which many affect, he expected to enjoy much entertainment in the criticisms of Partridge; from whom he expected the simple dictates of nature, unimproved indeed, but likewise unadulterated by art.

In the first row then of the first gallery did Mr. Jones, Mrs. Miller, her youngest daughter, and Partridge, take their places. Partridge immediately declared, it was the finest place he had ever been in. When the first music was played, he said, It was a wonder how so many siddlers could play at one time, without putting one another out." While the fellow was lighting the upper candles, he cried out to Mrs. Miller, "Look, look, Madam, the very picture of the man in the end of the common-prayer book, before

" the gunpowder-treason service" Nor could he help observing with a sigh, when all the candles were lighted, "That here were candles enough burnt in one night, to keep an honest poor family for a whole twelvemonth."

As foon as the play, which was Hamlet Prince of Denmark, began, Partridge was all attention, nor did he break filence till the entrance of the ghost; upon which he asked Jones, "What man " that was in the strange dress; something," said he, "like what I have feen in a picture. Sure it " is not armor, is it?" Jones answered, "That is " the ghost." To which Partridge replied with a smile, "Persuade me to that, Sir, if you can. " Though I cannot fay I ever actually faw a choft " in my life, yet I am certain I should know one, " if I saw him, better than that comes to. No, " no, Sir, ghosts don't appear in such dresses as " that, neither." In this mistake, which caused much laughter in the neighbourhood of Partridge, he was suffered to continue, till the scene between the ghost and Hamlet, when Partridge gave that credit to Mr. Garrick, which he had denied to Jones, and fell into fo violent a trembling, that his knees knocked against each other. Jones asked him what was the matter, and whether he was afraid of the warrior upon the stage? "O la, " Sir," faid he, "I perceive now it is what you ,, told me. I am not afraid of any thing; for I " know it is but a play. And if it really was a , ghost, it could do one no harm at such a distance,

" and in fo much company; and yet if I was " frightened, I am not the only person." "Why " who," cries Jones, "dost thou take to be such " a coward here besides thyself?" "Nay, you " may call me coward if you will; but if that " little man there upon the stage is not frightened, , I never faw any man frightened in my life. Ay, " ay; go along with you! Ay, to be fure! Who's " fool then! Will you? Lud have mercy upon " fuch fool-hardiness! — Whatever happens it is " good enough for you.—Follow you? I'd follow " the devil as soon. Nay, perhaps, it is the devil " - for they fay he can put on what likeness he " pleases. — Oh! here he is again. — No farther! , No, you have gone far enough already; farther " than I'd have gone for all the King's dominions." Jones offered to speak, but Partridge cried, "Hush, " hush, dear Sir, don't you hear him!" And during the whole speech of the ghost, he sat with his eyes fixed partly on the ghost, and partly on Hamlet, and with his mouth open; the same passions which succeeded each other in Hamlet, fucceeding likewife in him.

When the scene was over, Jones said, "Why, Partridge, you exceed my expectations. You, enjoy the play more than I conceived possible." Nay, Sir, answered Partridge, "if you are, not assaid of the devil, I can't help it; but to, be sure it is natural to be surprised at such things, though I know there is nothing in them: not that it was the ghost that surprised me neither;

" for I should have known that to have been only , a man in a strange dress: but when I saw the " little man fo frightened himself, it was that which took hold of me." "And dost thou imagine, then, Partridge," cries Jones, "that he was, really frightened?" "Nay, Sir," faid Partridge, , did not you yourfelf observe afterwards, when , he found it was his own father's spirit, and , how he was murdered in the garden, how his , fear forfook him by degrees, and he was struck ,, dumb with forrow, as it were, just as I should ", have been, had it been my own cafe. — But " hush! O la! What noise is that? There he is " again. — Well, to be certain, though I know " there is nothing at all in it, I am glad I am not " down yonder, where those men are." Then turning his eyes again upon Hamlet, "Ay you " may draw your fword; what fignifies a fword ,, against the power of the devil?"

During the fecond act, Partridge made very few remarks. He greatly admired the fineness of the drefses; nor could he help observing upon the King's countenance. "Well," said he, "how, people may be deceived by faces? Nulla sides, fronti is, I find, a true saying. Who would, think, by looking in the King's face, that he had ever committed a murder?" He then inquired after the ghost; but Jones, who intended he should be surprised, gave him no other satisfaction, "Than that he might possibly see him again foon, and in a stash of fire."

Partridge fat in fearful expectation of this; and now, when the ghost made his next appearance, Partridge cried out, "There, Sir, now; what " fay you now? Is he frightened now or no? " As much frightened as you think me, and to , be fure, nobody can help fome fears, I would , not be in so bad a condition as what's his , name, Squire Hamlet, is there, for all the world. , Bless me! What's become of the spirit? As I , am a living foul, I thought I saw him fink into ", the earth." "Indeed you faw right," answered Jones. "Well, well," cries Partridge, "I know " it is only a play; and besides, if there was any , thing in all this, Madam Miller would not , laugh fo: for as to you, Sir, you would not , be afraid, I believe, if the devil was here in , person. — There, there — ay, no wonder you , are in fuch a passion; shake the vile wicked " wretch to pieces. If she was my own mother I " fhould ferve her fo. To be fure, all duty to a " mother is forfeited by fuch wicked doings.—Ay, " go about your business; I hate the fight of you."

Our critic was now pretty filent till the play, which Hamlet introduces before the King. This he did not at first understand, till Jones explained it to him; but he no sooner entered into the spirit of it, than he began to bless himself that he had never committed murder. Then turning to Mrs. Miller, he asked her, "If she did not imagine the King looked as if he was touched; though he is," said he, "a good actor, and does

" all he can to hide it. Well, I would not have fo " much to answer for, as that wicked man there has, " to fit upon a much higher chair than he fits upon. " No wonder he run away; for your sake I'll never trust an innocent sace again."

The grave-digging scene next engaged the attention of Partridge, who expressed much surprise at the number of skulls thrown upon the stage. To which Jones answered, "That it was one of the " most famous burial-places about town." "No " wonder then," cries Partridge, "that the place ,, is haunted. But I never faw in my life a worfe " grave - digger. I had a fexton when I was a ,, clerk, that should have dug three graves while , he is digging one. The fellow handles a spade , as if it was the first time he had ever had one " in his hands. Ay, ay, you may sing. You had ", rather fing than work, I believe."-Upon Hamlet's taking up the skull, he cried out, "Well, it " is strange to see how fearless some men are: I " never could bring myfelf to touch any thing " belonging to a dead man on any account.— " He seemed frightened enough too at the ghost , I thought. Nemo omnibus horis fapit."

Little more worth remembering occurred during the play; at the end of which Jones asked him, "which of the players he liked best?" To this he answered, with some appearance of indignation at the question, "The King without doubt." "In-"deed, Mr. Partridge," says Mrs. Miller, "you " are not of the fame opinion with the town; for they are all agreed, that Hamlet is acted by the best player who was ever on the stage." "He the best player!" cries Partridge, with a contemptuous sneer, "why I could act as well as he myself. I am sure if I had seen a ghost, I should have looked in the very same manner, and done just as he did. And then to be sure, in that scene, as you call it, between him and his mother, where you told me he acted so fine, why, Lord help me, any man, that is, any good man, that had such a mother, would have done exactly the same. I know you are only joking with me; but, indeed, Madam, though I was never at a play in London, yet I have seen acting before in the country; and the King for my money; he speaks all his words distinctly ly, half as loud again as the other.—Any body may see he is an actor."

While Mrs. Miller was thus engaged in converfation with Partridge, a Lady came up to Mr. Jones, whom he immediately knew to be Mrs. Fitzpatrick. She faid she had seen him from the other part of the gallery, and had taken that opportunity of speaking to him, as she had something to say, which might be of great service to himself. She then acquainted him with her lodgings, and made him an appointment the next day in the morning; which, upon recollection, she presently changed to the afternoon; at which time Jones promised to attend her. Thus ended the adventure of the play-house; where Partridge had afforded great mirth, not only to Jones and Mrs. Miller, but to all who sat within hearing, who were more attentive to what he said, than to any thing that passed on the stage.

He durst not go to bed all that night, for fear of the ghost; and for many nights after, sweated for two or three hours before he went to sleep with the same apprehensions, and waked several times in great horrors, crying out, "Lord have mercy, upon us! there it is."

CHAP. VI.

In which the History is obliged to go back.

IT is almost impossible for the best parent to observe an exact impartiality to his children, even though no superior merit should bias his affection; but sure a parent can hardly be blamed, when that superiority determines his preference.

As I regard all the personages of this History in the light of my children; so I must confess the same inclination of partiality to Sophia; and for that I hope the Reader will allow me the same excuse, from the superiority of her character.

This extraordinary tenderness, which I have for my Heroine, never suffers me to quit her any long time without the utmost reluctance. I could now, therefore, return impatiently to inquire, what has happened to this lovely creature since her departure from her father's, but that I am oblided first to pay a short visit to Mr. Blisil.

Mr. Western in the first confusion into which his mind was cast, upon the sudden news he received of his daughter, and in his first hurry to go after her, had not once thought of sending any account of the discovery to Bliss. He had not gone far, however, before he recollected himself, and accordingly stopt at the very first inn he came to, and dispatched away a messenger to acquaint Bliss with his having sound Sophia, and with his firm resolution to marry her to him immediately, if he would come up after him to town.

As the love which Blifil had for Sophia was of that violent kind, which nothing but the loss of her fortune, or fome such accident, could lessen, his inclination to the match was not at all altered by her having run away, though he was obliged to lay this to his own account. He very readily, therefore, embraced this offer. Indeed, he now proposed the gratification of a very strong passion besides avarice, by marrying this young Lady, and this was hatred: for he concluded that matrimony afforded an equal opportunity of satisfying either hatred or love; and this opinion is very probably verified.

verified by much experience. To fay the truth, if we are to judge by the ordinary behaviour of married persons to each other, we shall perhaps be apt to conclude, that the generality seek the indulgence of the former passion only in their union of every thing but of hearts.

There was one difficulty, however, in his way, and this arose from Mr. Allworthy. That good man, when he found by the departure of Sophia (for neither that, nor the cause of it, could be concealed from him) the great aversion which she had for his nephew, began to be feriously concerned that he had been deceived into carrying matters fo far. He by no means concurred with the opinions of those parents, who think it as immaterial to confult the inclinations of their children in the affair of marriage, as to folicit the good pleafure of their fervants when they intend to take a journey; and who are, by law or decency at least, with-held often from using absolute force. On the contrary, as he esteemed the institution to be of the most facred kind, he thought every preparatory caution necessary to preserve it holy and inviolate; and very wifely concluded, that the furest way to effect this, was by laying the foundation in previous affection.

Blifil indeed foon cured his uncle of all anger on the fcore of deceit, by many vows and protestations that he had been deceived himself, with which the many declarations of Western very well Vol. IV.

tallied; but now to persuade Allworthy to consent to the renewing his addresses, was a matter of such apparent difficulty, that the very appearance was sufficient to have deterred a less enterprising genius; but this young gentleman so well knew his own talents, that nothing within the province of cunning seemed to him hard to be achieved.

Here then he represented the violence of his own affection, and the hopes of subduing aversion in the Lady by perseverance. He begged that in affair on which depended all his suture repose, he might at least be at liberty to try all fair means for success. Heaven forbid, he said, that he should ever think of prevailing by any other than the most gentle methods! "Besides, Sir," said he, " if they, sail, you may then (which will be surely time, enough) deny your consent." He urged the great and eager desire which Mr. Western had for the match, and lastly, he made great use of the name of Jones, to whom he imputed all that had happened; and from whom, he said, to preserve so valuable a young Lady was even an act of charity.

All these arguments were well seconded by Thwackum, who dwelt a little stronger on the authority of parents than Mr. Blisil himself had done. He ascribed the measures which Mr. Blisil was desirous to take, to Christian motives; "And, though," says he, "the good young gentleman, has mentioned charity last, I am almost convinced, it is his first and principal consideration."

Square, possibly, had he been present, would have sung to the same tune, though in a different key, and would have discovered much moral sitness in the proceeding; but he was now gone to Bath, for the recovery of his health.

Allworth, though not without reluctance, at last yielded to the desires of his nephew. He said, he would accompany him to London, where he might be at liberty to use every honest endeavour to gain the Lady: "But I declare," said he, I will never give my consent to any absolute force being put on her inclinations, nor shall you ever have her, unless she can be brought preely to compliance."

Thus did the affection of Allworthy for his nephew betray the superior understanding to be triumphed over by the inferior; and thus is the prudence of the best of heads often deseated, by the tenderness of the best of hearts.

Blifil having obtained this unhoped for acquiescence in his uncle, rested not till he carried his purpose into execution. And as no immediate business required Mr. Allworthy's presence in the country, and little preparation is necessary to men for a journey, they set out the very next day, and arrived in town that evening, when Mr. Jones, as we have seen, was diverting himself with Partridge, at the play.

The morning after his arrival, Mr. Blifil waited on Mr. Western, by whom he was most kindly and graciously received, and from whom he had every possible assurance (perhaps more than was possible) that he should very shortly be as hanny as Sophia could make him; nor would the Squire suffer the young gentleman to return to his uncle, till he had, almost against his will, carried him to his sister.

CHAP. VII.

In which Mr. Western pays a Visit to his Sister, in Company with Mr. Blisil.

MRS. Western was reading a lecture on prudence and matrimonial politics to her niece, when her brother and Blisil broke in with less ceremony than the laws of visiting require. Sophia no sooner faw Blisil, than she turned pale, and almost lost the use of all her faculties; but her aunt on the contrary waxed red, and having all her faculties at command, began to exert her tongue on the Squire.

"Brother," faid she, "I am astonished at your behaviour: will you never learn any regard to decorum? Will you still look upon every apartment as your own, or as belonging to one of your country tenants? Do you think your, self at liberty to invade the privacies of women of condition, without the least decency or notice?" —— "Why, what a pox! is the

" matter now," quoth the Squire, " one would " think I had eaught you at" — "None of your " brutality, Sir, I befeech you," answered she. — " You have surprised my poor niece so, that she " can hardly, I see, support herself. — Go, my " dear, retire, and endeavour to recruit your " spirits; see I see you have occasion." At which words, Sophia, who never received a more welcome command, hastily withdrew.

"To be fure, fifter," cries the Squire, "you, are mad, when I have brought Mr. Blifil here to, court her, to force her away.

"Sure, brother," fays she, "you are worse than mad, when you know in what situation affairs are, to—I am sure, I ask Mr. Blissl pardon, but he knows very well to whom to impute so disagreeable a reception. For my own part, I am sure I shall always be very glad to see Mr. Blissl; but his own good sense would not have suffered him to proceed so abruptly, had not you compelled him to it."

Blifil bowed and stammered, and looked like a fool; but Western, without giving him time to form a speech for the purpose, answered, "Well, well, I am to blame if you will, I always am, certainly; but come, let the girl be fetched back, again, or let Mr. Blifil go to her—He's come, up on purpose, and there's no time to be lost."

"Brother," cries Mrs. Western, "Mr. Bliss, I am consident, understands himself better than to think of seeing my niece any more this morning after what has happened. Women are of a nice contexture; and our spirits, when disordered, are not to be recomposed in a noment. Had you suffered Mr. Bliss to have sent his compliments to my niece, and to have desired the favor of waiting on her in the afternoon, I should possibly have prevailed on her to have seen him; but now I despair of bringing about any such matter."

"I am very forry, Madam," cried Blifil, "that, Mr. Western's extraordinary kindness to me, which I can never enough acknowledge, should, have occasioned—" "Indeed, Sir," said she, interrupting him, "you need make no apologies, we all know my brother so well."

"I don't care what any body knows of me," answered the Squire;—" but when must he come, to see her? For consider, I tell you, he is come, up on purpose, and so is Allworthy." "Brother," faid she, "whatever message Mr. Bliss! thinks, proper to send to my niece, shall be delivered, to her; and I suppose she will want no instructions to make a proper answer. I am convinced, she will not resuse to see Mr. Bliss! at a proper, time"——"The devil she won't," answered the Squire.——"Odsbud!——don't we know, ——I say nothing, but some volk are wifer

" than all the world. — If I might have had my , will, the had not run away before: and now ,, I expect to hear every moment she is guone , again. For as great a fool as some volk thinks "me, I know very well she hates" — " No mat-"ter, mother," replied Mrs. Western, " I will not " hear my siece abused. It is a reflection on my ,, family. She is an honor to it; and the will be ,, an honor to it, I promife you. I will pawn my , whole reputation in the world on her conduct. , - I shall be glad to see you, brother, in the after-, noon; for I have fomewhat of importance to , mention to you. — At prefent, Mr. Blifil, as " well as you, must excuse me; for I am in haste " to dress." — "Well but," faid the Squire, " do appoint a time." — "Indeed," faid she, "I can " appoint no time. — I tell you, I will see you in " the afternoon." — "What the devil would you " have me do?" cries the Squire, turning to Blifil, " I can no more turn her, than a beagle can turn ,, an old hare. Perhaps she will be in a better hu-" mor, in the afternoon." — "I am condemned, I " fee, Sir, to misfortune," answered Blifil, "but , I shall always own my obligations to you."-He then took a ceremonious leave of Mrs. Western. who was altogether as ceremonious on her part; and then they departed, the Squire muttering to himfelf with an oath, that Blifil should see his daughter in the afternoon.

If Mr. Western was little pleased with this interview, Blissl was less. As to the former, he imputed

the whole behaviour of his fifter to her humor only and to her diffatisfaction at the omission of ceremony in the visit; but Bliss faw a little deeper into things. He suspected somewhat of more consequence, from two or three words which dropt from the Lady; and, to say the truth, he suspected right as will appear when I have unfolded the several matters which will be contained in the following Chapter.

CHAP. VIII.

Schemes of Lady Bellaston for the Ruin of Jones.

LOVE had taken too deep a root in the mind of Lord Fellamar, to be plucked up by the rude hands of Mr. Western. In the heat of resentment he had indeed given a commission to captain Egglane, which the captain had far exceeded in the execution; nor had it been executed at all, had his Lordship been able to find the captain, after he had feen Lady Bellaston, which was in the afternoon of the day after he had received the affront; but so industrious was the captain in the discharge of his duty, that having after long inquiry found out the Squire's lodgings very late in the evening, he fat up all night at a tavern, that he might not miss the Squire in the morning, and by that means missed the revocation which my Lord had fent to his lodgings.

In the afternoon then next after the intended rape of Sophia, his Lordship, as we have said, made a visit to Lady Bellaston, who laid open so much of the character of the Squire, that his Lord-bip plainly faw the abfurdity he had been guilty of in taking any offence at his words, especially as he had thor honorable designs on his daughter. He then unbosomed the violence of his passion to Lady Bellaston, who readily undertook the cause, and encouraged him with certain affurance of a most favorable reception from all the elders of the family, and from the father himself when he should be fober, and should be made acquainted with the nature of the offer made to his daughter. The only danger, she faid, lay in the fellow he had formerly mentioned, who, though a beggar and a vagabond, had, by fome means or other, fhe knew not what, procured himself tolerable clothes, and past for a gentleman. "Now," says she, "as, I have, for the sake of my cousin, made it my, business to inquire after this fellow, I have ", luckily found out his lodgings;" with which fhe then acquainted his Lordship. "I am thinking, ,, my Lord," added she, " (for this fellow is too , mean for your personal resentment) whether it " would not be possible for your Lordship to " contrive fome method of having him preffed , and fent on board of ship. Neither law nor " conscience forbid this project; for the sellow, " I promise you, however well drest, is but a " vagabond, and as proper as any fellow in the " ftreets to be preffed into the fervice; and as for " the conscientious part, surely the preservation " of a young Lady from such ruin is a most me-" ritorious act; nay, with regard to the fellow " himself, unless he could succeed (which Heaven " forbid) with my cousin, it may probably be the " means of preserving him from the gallows, and " perhaps may make his fortune in an bonest way."

Lord Fellamar very heartily thanked her Ladyship for the part which she was pleased to take in the affair, upon the success of which his whole future happiness entirely depended. He said, he saw at present no objection to the pressing scheme, and would confider of putting it in execution. He then most earnestly recommended to her Ladyship, to do him the honor of immediately mentioning his propofals to the family; to whom, he faid, he offered a Carte blanche, and would fettle his fortune in almost any manner they should require. And after uttering many extafies and raptures concerning Sophia, he took his leave and departed, but not before he had received the strongest charge to beware of Jones, and to lose no time in securing his person where he should no longer be in a capacity of making any attempts to the ruin of the young Lady.

The moment Mrs. Western was arrived at her lodgings, a card was dispatched with her compliments to Lady Bellaston; who no sooner received it, than with the impatience of a lover, she slew to her cousin, rejoiced at this sair opportunity,

which beyond her hopes offered itself: for she was much better pleased with the prospect of making the proposals to a woman of sense, and who knew the world, than to a gentleman whom she honored with the appellation of Hottentot; though indeed from him she apprehended no danger of a resultable.

The two Ladies being met, after very short previous ceremonials, fell to business, which was indeed almost as soon concluded as begun; for Mrs. Western no sooner heard the name of Lord Fellamar than her cheeks glowed with pleasure; but when she was acquainted with the eagerness of his passion, the earnestness of his proposals and the generosity of his offer, she declared her sull satisfaction in the most explicit terms.

In the progress of their conversation, their discourse turned to Jones, and both cousins very pathetically lamented the unfortunate attachment which both agreed Sophia had to that young sellow; and Mrs. Western entirely attributed it to the folly of her brother's management. She concluded however at last, with declaring her considence in the good understanding of her niece, who, though she would not give up her affection in favor of Bliss, will, I doubt not, says she, soon be prevailed upon to facrifice a simple inclination to the addresses of a fine gentleman, who brings her both a title and a large estate: "For indeed," added she, "I must do Sophy the justice to confess,

" this Blifil is but a hideous kind of fellow, as " you know, Bellaston, all country gentlemen " are, and has nothing but his fortune to recommend him.

"Nay," faid Lady Bellaston, "I don't then so, much wonder at my cousin; for I promise you, this Jones is a very agreeable fellow, and has one virtue which the men say is a great recommendation to us. What do you think, Bell—I shall certainly make you laugh; nay, I can hardly tell you myself for laughing—Will you believe that the fellow has had the affurance to make love to me? But if you should be inclined to disbelieve, it, here is evidence enough, his own hand-writing, I affure you." She then delivered her cousin the letter with the proposals of marriage, which if the Reader has a desire to see, he will find already on record in the XVth Book of this History.

"Upon my word, I am aftonished," said Mrs. Western: "this is indeed a master-piece of assurance. With your leave, I may possibly make of one use of this letter." "You have my sull biberty," cries Lady Bellaston, "to apply it to what purpose you please. However, I would not have it shown to any but Miss Western, nor to her unless you find occasion." "Well, and how did you use the fellow?" returned Mrs. Western. Not as a husband," said the Lady; I am not married, I promise you, my dear. You know, Bell, I have tried the comforts once already; and once I think is enough for any reasonable woman."

This letter Lady Bellaston thought would certainly turn the balance against Jones in the mind of Sophy, and she was emboldened to give it up, partly by her hopes of having him instantly dispatched out of the way, and partly by having secured the evidence of Honor, who, upon sounding her, she saw sufficient reason to imagine, was prepared to testify whatever she pleased.

But perhaps the Reader may wonder why Lady Bellaston, who in her heart hated Sophia, should be fo defirous of promoting a match, which was fo much to the interest of the young Lady. Now, I would defire fuch Reader to look carefully into human nature, page almost the last, and there he will find in scarce legible characters, that women, notwithstanding the preposterous behaviour of mothers, aunts, &c. in matrimonial matters, do in reality think it so great a misfortune to have their inclinations in love thwarted, that they imagine they ought never to carry enmity higher than upon these disappointments; again, he will find it written much about the same place, that a woman who bas once been pleased with the possession of a man, will go above half way to the devil, to prevent any other woman from enjoying the fame.

If he will not be contented with these reasons, I freely confess I see no other motive to the actions of that Lady, unless we will conceive she was bribed by Lord Fellamar, which for my own part I see no cause to suspect.

Now this was the affair which Mrs. Western was preparing to introduce to Sophia, by some presatory discourse on the folly of love, and on the wisdom of legal prostitution for hire, when her brother and Blisil broke abruptly in upon her; and hence arose all that coldness in her behaviour to Blisil, which, though the Squire, as was usual with him, imputed to a wrong cause, insused into Blisil himself, he being a much more cunning man, a suspicion of the real truth.

CHAP. IX.

In which Jones pays a Visit to Mrs. Fitzpatrick.

THE Reader may now perhaps be pleased to return with us to Mr. Jones, who at the appointed hour attended on Mrs. Fitzpatrick; but before we relate the conversation which now past, it may be proper, according to our method, to return a little back, and to account for so great an alteration of behaviour in this Lady, that from changing her lodgings principally to avoid Mr. Jones, she had now industriously, as has been seen, sought this interview.

And here we shall need only to resort to what happened the preceding day, when hearing from Lady Bellaston, that Mr. Western was arrived in town, she went to pay her duty to him, at his lodgings at Piccadilly, where she was received with many scurvy compellations too coarse to be repeated,

and was even threatened to be kicked out of doors. From hence an old fervant of her aunt Western, with whom she was well acquainted, conducted her to the lodgings of that Lady, who treated her not more kindly, but more politely; or, to say the truth, with rudeness in another way. In short, she returned from both, plainly convinced not only that her scheme of reconciliation had proved abortive, but that she must for ever give over all thoughts of bringing it about by any means whatever. From this moment desire of revenge only filled her mind; and in this temper meeting Jones at the play, an opportunity seemed to her to occur of effecting the purpose.

The Reader must remember that he was acquainted by Mrs. Fitzpatrick, in the account she gave of her own story, with the fondness Mrs. Western had formerly shown for Mr. Fitzpatrick at Bath, from the disappointment of which, Mrs. Fitzpatrick derived the great bitterness her aunt had expressed towards her. She had therefore no doubt but that the good Lady would as easily listen to the addresses of Mr. Jones, as she had before done to the other; for the superiority of charms was clearly on the side of Jones; and the advance which her aunt had since made in age, she concluded, how justly I will not say, was an argument rather in savor of her project than against it.

Therefore when Jones attended, after a previous declaration of her defire of ferving him, arifing,

as she said, from a firm assurance how much she should by so doing oblige Sophia; and after some excuses for her former disappointment, and after acquainting Mr. Jones in whose custody his Mistress was, of which she thought him ignorant; she very explicitly mentioned her scheme to him, and advised him to make sham addresses to the older Lady, in order to procure an exty access to the younger, informing him at the same time of the success which Mr. Fitzpatrick had formerly owed to the very same stratagem.

Mr. Jones expressed great gratitude to the Lady for the kind intentions towards him which she shad expressed, and indeed testified, by this proposal; but besides intimating some diffidence of success from the Lady's knowledge of his love to her niece which had not been her case in regard to Mr. Fitzpatrick, he said, he was asraid Miss Western would never agree to an imposition of this kind, as well from her utter detestation of all sallacy, as from her avowed duty to her aunt.

Mrs. Fitzpatrick was a little nettled at this; and indeed, if it may not be called a lapfe of the tongue, it was a small deviation from politeness in Jones, and into which he scarce would have fallen, had not the delight he felt in praising Sophia, hurried him out of all reflection; for this commendation of one cousin was more than a tacit rebuke on the other.

" Indeed, Sir," answered the Lady, with some warmth, "I cannot think there is any thing easier ,, than to cheat an old woman with a profession , of love, when her complexion is amorous; and , though she is my aunt, I must say there never , was a more liquorish one than her Ladyship. , Can't you pretend that the despair of possessing , her niece, from her being promifed to Blifil, " has made you turn your thoughts towards her? , As to my coufin Sophia, I can't imagine her to , be fuch a fimpleton as to have the least scruple ,, on fuch an account, or to conceive any harm ,, in punishing one of these hags for the many " mischiefs they bring upon families, by their " tragi-comic passions; for which I think it is pity , they are not punishable by law. I had no fuch " scruple myself; and yet I hope my cousin Sophia , will not think it an affront when I fay the cannot " detest every real species of falshood more than " her cousin Fitzpatrick. To my aunt indeed I " pretend no duty, nor does the deferve any. , However, Sir, I have given you my advice, ,, and if you decline purfuing it, I shall have the less , opinion of your understanding—that's all."

Jones now clearly faw the error he had committed, and exerted his utmost power to rectify it; but he only faultered and stuttered into nonsense and contradiction. To say the truth, it is often safer to abide by the consequences of the first blunder, than to endeavour to rectify it; for by such endeavours, we meneally plunge deeper instead of Volliv.

extricating ourselves; and sew persons will on such occasions have the good-nature which Mrs. Fitz-patrick displayed to Jones, by saying with a smile, "You need attempt no more excuses; for I can "easily forgive a real lover, whatever is the effect "of sondness for his Mistress."

She then renewed her proposal, and very fervently recommended it, omitting no argument which her invention could suggest on the subject; for she was so violently incensed against her aunt, that scarce any thing was capable of affording her equal pleasure with exposing her; and like a true woman, she would see no difficulties in the execution of a favorite scheme.

Jones however perfifted in declining the undertaking, which had not indeed the least probability of success. He easily perceived the motives which induced Mrs. Fitzpatrick to be so eager in pressing her advice. He said, he would not deny the tender and passionate regard he had for Sophia; but was so conscious of the inequality of their situations, that he could never flatter himself so far as to hope that so divine a young Lady would condescend to think on so unworthy a man; nay, he protested, he could scarce bring himself to wish she should. He concluded with a profession of generous sentiments, which we have not at present leisure to insert.

There are some fine women for I dare not

here speak in too general terms, with whom self is so predominant, that they never detach it from any subject; and as vanity is with them a ruling principle, they are apt to lay hold of whatever praise they meet with; and, though the property of others, convey it to their own use. In the company of these Ladies it is impossible to say any thing handsome of another woman, which they will not apply to themselves; nay, they often improve the praise they seize; as for instance, if her beauty, her wit, her gentility, her good humor deserve so much commendation, what do I deserve who possess those qualities in so much more eminent a degree.

To these Ladies a man often recommends himfelf while he is commending another woman; and while he is expressing ardor and generous sentiments for his Mistress, they are considering what a charming lover this man would make to them, who can seel all this tenderness for an inferior degree of merit. Of this, strange as it may seem, I have seen many instances besides Mrs. Fitzpatrick, to whom all this really appened, and who now began to seel a somewhat for Mr. Jones, the symptoms of which she much sooner understood than poor Sophia had formerly done.

To fay the truth, perfect beauty in both fexes is a more irrefiftible object than it is generally thought; for notwithstanding some of us are contented with most homely lots, and learn by rote

(as children are to repeat what gives them no idea) to despise outside, and to value more solid charms; yet I have always observed at the approach of consummate beauty, that these more solid charms only shine with that kind of lustre which the stars have after the rising of the sun.

When Jones had finished his exclamations, many of which would have become the mouth of Oroondates himself, Mrs. Fitzpatrick heaved a deep sigh, and taking her eyes off from Jones, on whom they had been some time fixed, and dropping them on the ground, she cried, "Indeed, Mr. Jones, I pity you; but it is the curse of such tenderness to be thrown away on those who are insensible of it. I know my cousin better than you. Mr. Jones, and I must say, any woman who makes no return to such a passion, and such a person, is unworthy of both."

"Sure, Madam," faid Jones, "you can't mean"
"—Mean!" cries Mrs. Fitzpatrick, "I know not
what I mean; there is fomething, I think, in
true tenderness bewitching, few women ever
meet with it in men, and fewer still know how
to value it when they do. I never heard such
truly noble sentiments, and I can't tell how it
how it, but you force one to believe you. Sure she
must be the most contemptible of women who
can overlook such merit."

The manner and look with which all this was

fpoke, infused a suspicion into Jones, which we don't care to convey in direct words to the Reader. Instead of making any answer, he said, "I am, asraid, Madam, I have made too tiresome a visit," and offered to take his leave.

"Not at all, Sir," answered Mrs. Fitzpatrick.
"—Indeed I pity you, Mr. Jones; indeed I do.
"But if you are going, consider of the scheme I
"have mentioned. I am convinced you will approve it, and let me see you again as soon as
"you can.—To-morrow morning if you will, or
"at least some time to-morrow. I shall be at
"home all day."

Jones then, after many expressions of thanks very respectfully retired; nor could Mrs. Fitzpatrick forbear making him a present of a look at parting, by which if he had understood nothing, he must have had no understanding in the language of the eyes. In reality it confirmed his resolution of returning to her no more; for faulty as he has hitherto appeared in this History, his whole thoughts were now so confined to his Sophia, that I believe no woman upon earth could have now drawn him into an act of inconstancy.

Fortune however, who was not his friend, refolved, as he intended to give her no fecond opportunity, to make the best of this; and accordingly produced the tragical incident which we are now in forrowful notes to record.

" fatisfaction for that blow, I will give you another." And then drawing his fword, puts himfelf in a posture of defence, which was the only science he understood.

Jones was a little staggered by the blow which came somewhat unexpectedly; but presently recovering himself, he also drew, and tho' he understood nothing of fencing, pressed on so boldly upon Fitzpatrick, that he beat down his guard, and sheathed one half of his sword in the body of the said gentleman, who had no sooner received it, than he stept backwards, dropt the point of his sword, and leaning upon it, cried, "I have satisfaction, enough: I am a dead man."

"I hope not," cries Jones, "but whatever be, the confèquence, you must be sensible you have, drawn it upon yoursels." At this instant a number of sellows rushed in and seized Jones, who told them, he should make no resistance, and begged some of them at least would take care of the wounded gentleman.

"Ay," cries one of the fellows, "the wounded gentleman will be taken care enough of; for I suppose he has not many hours to live. As for you, Sir, you have a month at least good yet." "D—n me Jack," said another, "he has prevented his voyage; he's bound to another port now;" and many other such jests was our poor Jones made the subject of, by these sellows,

who were indeed the gang employed by Lord Fellamar, and had dogged him into the house of Mrs. Fitzpatrick, waiting for him at the corner of the street, when this unfortunate accident happened.

The officer who commanded this gang very wifely concluded, that his business was now to deliver his prisoner into the hands of the civil magistrate. He ordered him therefore to be carried to a public house, where, having sent for a constable, he delivered him to his custody.

The constable feeing Mr. Jones very well drest, and hearing that the accident had happened in a duel, treated his prisoner with great civility, and, at his request, dispatched a messenger to inquire after the wounded gentleman, who was now at a tavern under the surgeon's hands. The report brought back was, that the wound was certainly mortal, and there were no hopes of life. Upon which the constable informed Jones, that he must go before a Justice. He answered, "Wherever you, please: I am indifferent as to what happens to, me; for though I am convinced I am not guilty, of murder in the cye of the law, yet the weight, of blood I find intolerable upon my mind."

Jones was now conducted before the Justice, where the surgeon who dressed Mr. Fitzpatrick appeared, and deposed, that he believed the wound to be mortal; upon which the prisoner was committed to the Gate-house. It was very late at

night, so that Jones would not send for Partridge till the next morning; and as he never shut his eyes till seven, so it was near twelve before the poor fellow, who was greatly frightened at not hearing from his Master so long, received a message which almost deprived him of his being, when he heard it.

He went to the Gate-house with trembling knees and a beating heart, and was no sooner arrived in the presence of Jones, than he lamented the misfortune that had befallen him, with many tears, looking all the while frequently about him in great terror; for as the news now arrived that Mr. Fitzpatrick was dead, the poor sellow apprehended every minute, that his ghost would enter the room. At last he delivered him a letter, which he had like to have forgot, and which came from Sophia by the hands of Black George.

Jones prefently dispatched every one out of the room, and having eagerly broke open the letter, read as follows:

"You owe the hearing from me again to an accident, which I own furprises me. My aunt has just now shown me a letter from you to Lady Bellaston, which contains a proposal of marriage. I am convinced it is your own hand; and what more surprises me, is, that it is dated at the very time when you would have me imagine you was under such concern on my

" account. — I leave you to comment on this fact. " All I defire is, that your name may never more be mentioned to

, S. W."

Of the present situation of Mr. Jones's mind, and of the pangs with which he was now tormented, we cannot give the Reader a better idea, than by saying, his misery was such, that even Thwackum would almost have pitied him. But bad as it is, we shall at present leave him in it, as his good genius (if he really had any) seems to have done. And here we put an end to the sixteenth Book of our History.

THE

HISTORY

OF A

FOUNDLING.

BOOK XVII.

Containing three Days.

CHAP. I.

Containing a Portion of introductory Writing.

WHEN a comic writer has made his principal characters as happy as he can; or when a tragic writer has brought them to the highest pitch of human misery, they both conclude their business to be alone, and that their work is come to a period.

Had we been of the tragic complexion, the Reader must allow we were now very nearly arrived at this period, fince it would be difficult for the devil, or any of his reprefentatives on earth, to have contrived much greater torments for poor Jones, than those in which we left him in the last Chapter; and as for Sophia, a good natured woman would hardly wish more uneafines to a rival, than what she must at present be supposed to feel. What then remains to complete the tragedy but a murder or two, and a few moral sentences.

But to bring our favorites out of their present anguish and distress, and to land them at last on the shore of happiness, seems a much harder task; a task indeed so hard that we do not undertake to execute it. In regard to Sophia, it is more than probable, that we shall somewhere or other provide a good hulband for her in the end, either Blifil, or my Lord, or fomebody elfe; but as to poor Jones, fuch are the calamities in which he is at prefent involved, owing to his imprudence, by which if a man does not become a felon to the world, he is at least a Felo de se; so destitute is he now of friends, and fo perfecuted by enemies, that we almost despair of bringing him to any good; and if our Reader delights in feeing executions, I think he ought not to lofe any time in taking a first row at Tyburn.

This I faithfully promife, that notwithstanding any affection, which we may be supposed to have for this rogue, whom we have unfortunately made our Hero, we will lend him none of that fupernatural affiftance with which we are intrusted, upon condition that we use it only on very important occasions. If he does not therefore find some natural means of fairly extricating himself from all his distresses, we will do no violence to the truth and dignity of history for his sake; for we had rather relate that he was hanged at Tyburn (which may very probably be the case) than forfeit our integrity, or shock the faith of our Reader.

In this the ancients had a great advantage over the moderns. Their mythology, which was at that time more firmly believed by the vulgar than any religion is at present, gave them always an opportunity of delivering a favorite hero. Their Deities were always ready at the writer's elbow, to execute any of his purposes; and the more extraordinary the invention was, the greater was the surprise and delight of the credulous reader. Those writers could with greater ease have conveyed a friend from one country to another, nay, from one world to another, and have brought him back again, than a poor circumscribed modern can deliver him from a gaol.

The Arabians and Persians had an equal advantage in writing their tales from the Genii and Fairies, which they believe in as an article of their faith, upon the authority of the Koran itself. But we have none of these helps. To natural means alone we are confined; let us try therefore

what by these means may be done for poor Jones; though, to confess the truth, something whispers me in the ear, that he does not yet know the worst of his fortune; and that a more shocking piece of news than any he has yet heard, remains for him in the unopened leaves of fate.

CHÁP. II.

The generous and grateful Behaviour of Mrs. Miller.

MR. Allworthy and Mrs. Miller were just fat down to breakfast, when Blifil, who had gone out very early that morning, returned to make one of the company.

He had not been long feated before he began as follows: "Good Lord! my dear uncle, what , do you think has happened? I vow I'am afraid of telling it you, for fear of shocking you with the remembrance of ever having shown any kindness to such a villain." "What is the matter, child?" said the uncle; "I fear I have shown kindness in my life to the unworthy more than once. But charity does not adopt the vices of its objects." "O! Sir," returned Blifil, "it is not without the secret direction of Providence that you mention the word adoption. Your adopted fon, Sir, that Jones, that wretch whom you is nourished in your bosom, has proved one of the

" greatest villains upon earth." "By all that's , facred it is false," cries Mrs. Miller. "Mr. Jones , is no villain. He is one of the worthiest crea-, tures breathing; and if any other person had , called him villain, I would have thrown all this " boiling water in his face." Mr. Allworthy looked very much amazed at this behaviour. But she did not give him leave to speak, before turning to him, she cried, "I hope you will not be angry , with me; I would not offend you, Sir, for the , world; but indeed I could not bear to hear him " called fo." "I must own, Madam," faid Allworthy very gravely, "I am a little furprised to " hear you fo warmly defend a fellow you do not "know." "O I do know him, Mr. Allworthy," faid she, "indeed I do; I should be the most un-, grateful of all wretches if I denied it. O he has ,, preferved me and my little family; we have all , reason to bless him while we live. - And I pray , Heaven to bless him, and turn the hearts of his malicious enemies. I know, I find, I fee he has " fuch." "You furprise me, Madam, still more," faid Allworthy, "fure you must mean some other. " It is impossible you should have any such " obligations to the man my nephew mentions." " Too furely," answered she, "I have obligations , to him of the greatest and tenderest kind. He has , been the preserver of me and mine. - Believe mg ,, Sir, he has been abused, grossly abused to you; , know he has, or you, whom I know to be all , goodness and honor, would not, after the many , kind and tender things I have heard you fay of this

" poor helples child, have so disdainfully called " him sellow. Indeed, my best of friends, he " deserves a kinder appellation from you, had you " heard the good, the kind, the grateful things " which I have heard him utter of you. He never " mentions your name but with a sort of adoration. " In this very room I have seen him on his knees " imploring all the blessings of Heaven upon your " head. I do not love that child there better than " he sloves you."

"I fee Sir, now," faid Blifil, with one of those grinning sneers with which the devil marks his best beloved, "Mrs. Miller really does know, him. I suppose you will find she is not the nonly one of your acquaintance to whom he has exposed you. As for my character, I perceive by some hints she has thrown out, he has been very free with it, but I forgive him." And the Lord forgive you, Sir, "fays Mrs. Miller, "we have all sins enough to stand in need of his forgiveness."

"Upon my word, Mrs. Miller," faid Allworthy, "I do not take this behaviour of yours to my, nephew, kindly; and I do affure you, as any, reflections which you cast upon him must come, only from that wickedest of men, they would, only serve, if that were possible, to heighten, my resentment against him: for I must tell you, Mrs. Miller, the young man who now stands, before you, has ever been the warmest advocate Vol. IV.

" for the ungrateful wretch whose cause you es-" pouse. This, I think, when you hear it from " my own mouth, will make you wonder at so " much baseness and ingratitude."

"You are deceived, Sir," answered Mrs. Miller, "if they were the last words which were to iffue from my lips, I would say you are deceived; and I once more repeat it, the Lord sor, give those who have deceived you. I do not pretend to say the young man is without saults; but they are the saults of wildness and of youth; faults which he may, nay which I am certain, he will relinquish, and if he should not, they are vastly over-balanced by one of the most humane, tender, honest hearts, that ever man was blest with."

"Indeed, Mrs. Miller," faid Allworthy, "had this been related of you, I should not have believed it." "Indeed, Sir," answered she, "you will believe every thing I have said, I am sure you will; and when you have heard the story, which I shall tell you (for I will tell you all) you will be so far from being offended, that you will own (I know your justice so well) that I must have been the most despicable and most ungrateful of wretches, if I had acted any other part than I have."

"Well, Madam," faid Allworthy, "I shall be very glad to hear any good excuse for a behaviour

" which, I must confess, I think wants an excuse. " And now, Madam, will you be pleased to let " my nephew proceed in his story without inter-" ruption? He would not have introduced a mat-" ter of slight consequence with such a presace. " Perhaps even this story will cure you of your " mistake."

Mrs. Miller gave tokens of fubmission, and then Mr. Blisil began thus: "I am sure, Sir, if you, don't think proper to resent the ill usage of Mrs., Miller, I shall easily forgive what affects me, only. I think your goodness has not deserved, this indignity at her hands." "Well, child," said Allworthy, "but what is this new instance? What has he done of late?" "What," cries Blisil, "notwithstanding all Mrs. Miller has said, I am very forry to relate, and what you should never have heard from me, had it not been a matter impossible to conceal, from the whole world. In short, he has killed a man; I will not say "murdered — for perhaps it may not be so construed, in law, and I hope the best for his sake."

Allworthy looked shocked, and blessed himself; and then turning to Mrs. Miller, he cried, "Well, "Madam, what say you now?"

"Why, I say, Sir," answered she, "that I never, was more concerned at any thing in my life; but, if the fact be true, I am convinced the man, whoever he is, was in fault. Heaven knows there

" are many villains in this town, who make it their business to provoke young gentlemen. Nothing but the greatest provocation could have tempted him; for of all the gentlemen I ever had in my house, I never saw one so gentle, or so sweetmeeted. He was beloved by every one in the house, and every one who came near it."

While she was thus running on, a violent knocking at the door interrupted the conversation, and prevented her from proceeding further, or from receiving any answer; for as she concluded this was a visiter to Mr. Allworthy, she hastily retired, taking with her her little girl, whose eyes were all over blubbered at the melancholy news she heard of Jones, who used to call her his little wise, and not only gave her many playthings, but spent whole hours in playing with her himself.

Some Readers may perhaps be pleased with these minute circumstances, in relating of which we sollow the example of Plutarch, one of the best of our brother historians; and others, to whom they may appear trivial, will, we hope, at least pardon them, as we are never prolix on such occasions.

CHAP. III.

The Arrival of Mr. Western, with Some Matters concerning the Paternal Authority.

MRS. Miller had not long left the room, when Mr. Western entered; but not before a small wrangling bout had passed between him and his chairmen; for the fellows who had taken up their burden at the Hercules Pillars, had conceived no hopes of having any future good customer in the Squire; and they were more-over farther encouraged by his generofity, for he had given them of his own accord fix-pence more than their fare; they therefore very boldly demanded another shilling, which so provoked the Squire, that he not only bestowed many hearty curses on them at the door, but retained his anger after he came into the room; fwearing that all the Londoners were like the Court, and thought of nothing but plundering country gentlemen. "D-n me," fays he, , if I won't walk in the rain rather than get into one " of their handbarrows again. They have jolted " me more in a mile than brown bels would in " a long fox chase."

When his wrath on this occasion was a little appealed, he resumed the same passionate tone on another. "There," says he, "there is fine busing, ness forwards now. The hounds have changed

" at last, and when we imagined we had a fox to " deal with, od-rat-it, it turns out to be a badger " at last."

"Pray, my good neighbour," faid Allworthy, drop your metaphors, and speak a little plainer." Why, then, "faysthe Squire, "to tell you plainly, we have been all this time afraid of a son of a whore, of a bastard of somebody's, I don't know who's, not I — And now here is a consounded son of a whore of a Lord, who may be a bastard too for what I know or care, for he shall never, have a daughter of mine by my consent. They have beggared the nation, but they shall never beggar me. My land shall never be sent over to Hanover."

"You furprise me much, my good friend," said Allworthy. "Why, zounds! I am surprised my, felf," answered the Squire, "I went to zee
, sister Western last night, according to her own
, appointment, and there I was a had into a whole
, room-full of women. — There was my Lady
, cousin Bellaston, and my Lady Betty, and my
, Lady Catharine, and my Lady I don't know
, who; d—n me if ever you catch me among such
, a kennel of hoop-petticoat b—s. D—n me, I'd
, rather be run by my own dogs, as one Acton
, was, that the story-book says was turned into
, a hare; and his own dogs killed un, an eat
, un. Od-rabbit-it, no mortal was ever run in
, such a manner; if I dodged one way, one had

" me, if I offered to clap back, another fnap'd " me. "O! certainly one of the greatest matches " in England," says one cousin," (here he attempted to mimic them;) "a very advantageous offer indeed," " cries another cousin, (for you must know they " be all my cousins, thos I never zeed half oum " before) "Surely," says that fat a—se b—, my " Lady Bellaston, " cousin, you must be out of " your wits to think of resuling such an offer.

"Now I begin to understand," says Allworthy, fome person has made proposals to Miss Western, which the Ladies of the family approve, but it, is not to your liking."

"My liking!" faid Western, "how the devil , should it? I tell you it is a Lord, and those are always volks whom you know I always resolved , to have nothing to do with. Did unt I resuse , a matter of vorty years purchase now for a bit , of land, which one oum had a mind to put into , apark, only because I would have no dealings with , Lords, and dost think I would marry my daughter , zu? Besides, ben't I engaged to you, and did I , ever go off any bargain when I had promised."

"As to that point, neighbour," faid Allworthy,
I entirely release you from any engagement. No
contract can be binding between parties who
have not a full power to make it at the time, nor
ever afterwards acquire the power of fulfilling it."

"Shud! then," answered Western, "I tell you, I have power, and I will fulfil it. Come along, with me directly to Doctors Commons, I will, get a licence; and I will go to fister and take away, the wench by force, and she shall ha un, or I, will lock her up and keep her upon bread and water as long as she lives."

" Mr. Western," faid Allworthy, " shall I beg " you will hear my full fentiments on this matter?" " Hear thee! ay to be fure, I will," answered he. "Why then, Sir," cries Allworthy, "I can , truly fay, without a compliment either to you ,, or the young Lady, that when this match was , proposed, I embraced it very readily and heart-, ily, from my regard to you both. An alliance , between two families fo nearly neighbours, and , between whom there had always existed fo , mutual an intercourse and good harmony, I ,, thought a most desirable event; and with regard ,, to the young Lady, not only the concurrent , opinion of all who knew her, but my own , observation affured me that she would be an n inestimable treasure to a good husband. I shall 2) fay nothing of her personal qualifications, which , certainly are admirable; her good-nature, her , charitable disposition, her modesty are too well , known to need any panegyric: but she has one , quality which existed in a high degree in that best " of women, who is now one of the first of angels, which as it is not of a glaring kind, more

" commonly escapes observation; so little indeed ,, it is remarked, that I want a word to express , it. I must use negatives on this occasion. I , never heard any thing of pertness, or what is , called repartee ; out of her mouth; no pretence " to wit, much less to that kind of wisdom, " which is the refult only of great learning and " experience; the affectation of which, in a young , woman, is as abfurd as any of the affectations , of an ape. No dictatorial fentiments, no judi-" cial opinions, no profound criticisms. When-, ever I have feen her in the company of men, , fhe has been all attention, with the modesty n of a learner, not the forwardness of a teacher. , You will pardon me for it, but I once, to try " her only, defired her opinion on a point which , was controverted between Mr. Thwackum and , Mr. Square. To which she answered with , much fweetness; You will pardon me, good "Mr. Allworthy, I am fure you cannot in earnest , think me capable of deciding any point in " which two fuch gentlemen disagree. Thwac-, kum and Square, who both alike thought them-,, felves fure of a favorable decision, seconded my , request. She answered with the same good , humor, I must absolutely be excused; for I , will affront neither so much as to give my judge-, ment on his fide. Indeed she always showed , the highest deference to the understandings of , men; a quality absolutely essential to the making ,, a good wife. I shall only add, that as she is

" most apparently void of all affectation, this " deference must be certainly real."

Here Blifil fighed bitterly; upon which Western, whose eyes were full of tears at the praise of Sophia, blubbered out, "Don't be chicken-hearted, for , shat ha her, d—n me, shat ha her, if she was , twenty times as good."

"Remember your promife, Sir," cried All-worthy, "I was not to be interrupted." "Well, ,, fhat unt," answered the Squire, "I won't speak ,, another word."

" Now, my good friend," continued Allworthy, , I have dwelt fo long on the merits of this young 2, Lady, partly as I really am in love with her , character, and partly that fortune, for the match ,, in that light is really advantageous on my " nephew's fide, might not be imagined to be " my principal view in having fo eagerly embraced " the propofal. Indeed I heartily wished to re-" ceive fo great a jewel into my family; but " though I may wish for many good things, I , would not therefore steal them, or be guilty of , any violence or injustice to possess myself of , them. Now to force a woman into a marriage , contrary to her confent or approbation, is an act ,, of fuch injustice and oppression, that I wish the ,, laws of our country could restrain it; but a good , conscience is never lawless in the worst regulated , State, and will provide those laws for itself, which

,, the neglect of legislators has forgotten to supply. " This is furely a case of that kind; for is it not cruel, " nay impious to force a woman into that state , against her will; for her behaviour in which , she is to be accountable to the highest and most , dreadful Court of judicature, and to answer at , the peril of her foul? To discharge the matri-, monial duties in an adequate manner is no eafy ,, task; and shall we lay this burden upon a wo-, man, while we at the fame time deprive her of all ,, that affiftance which may enable her to undergo , it? Shall we tear her very heart from her, , while we enjoin her duties to which a whole , heart is fcarce equal. I must speak very plainly , here, I think parents who act in this manner , are accessaries to all the guilt which their chil-, dren afterwards incur, and of course must, " before a just Judge, expect to partake of their ,, punishment; but if they could avoid this, 2, good Heaven! is there a foul who can bear , the thought of having contributed to the damn-, ation of his child?

"For these reasons, my best neighbour, as I is fee the inclinations of this young Lady are most in unhappily averse to my nephew, I must decline in any farther thoughts of the honor you intended in him, though I assure you I shall always retain the most grateful sense of it."

"Well, Sir," faid Western, the froth bursting from his lips the moment they were uncorked;

" you cannot fay but I have heard you out, and , now I expect you'll hear me; and if I don't " answer every word on't, why then I'll consent " to gee the matter up. First then I desire you , to answer me one question, Did not I beget " her? Did not I beget her? answer me that. n They fay indeed it is a wife father who knows his , own child; but I am fure I have the best title n to her, for I bred her up. But I believe you " will allow me to be her father; and if I be, " am I not to govern my own child? I alk you " that, am I not to govern my own child? And " if I am to govern her in other matters, furely 2. I am to govern her in this which concerns her " most. And what am I desiring all this while? " Am I defiring her to do any thing for me? " To give me any thing? —— Zu much on t'other ", fide, that I am only defiring her to take away ", half my estate now, and t'other half when I , die. Well, and what is it all vor? Why is unt , it to make her happy? It's enough to make " one mad to hear volks talk; if I was going to " marry myself, then she would ha reason to cry ,, and to blubber; but, on the contrary, han't " I offered to bind down my land in such a man-" ner, that I could not marry if I would, feeing , as narro' woman upon earth would ha me. , What the devil in hell can I do more? I con-" tribute to her damnation! ——Zounds I'd zee , all the world d-n'd before her little finger should " be hurt. Indeed, Mr. Allworthy, you must , excuse me, but I am surprised to hear you talk

" in fuch a manner, and I must say, take it how " you will, that I thought you had more sense.

Allworthy refented this reflection only with a fmile; nor could he, if he would have endeavoured it, have conveyed into that fmile any mixture of malice or contempt. His fmiles at folly were indeed such as we may suppose the angels bestow on the absurdities of mankind.

Blifil now defired to be permitted to speak a few words. " As to using any violence on the " young Lady, I am fure I shall never consent to " it. My confcience will not permit me to use " violence on any one, much less on a Lady for " whom, however cruel she is to me, I shall ,, always preferve the purest and fincerest affection; " but yet I have read, that women are feldom " proof against perseverance. Why may I not hope , then by fuch perfeverance at last to gain those " inclinations, in which for the future I shall, per-, haps, have no rival? For as for this Lord, Mr. , Western is so kind to prefer me to him; and , fure, Sir, you will not deny but that a parent , has at least a negative voice in these matters; ,, nay, I have heard this very young Lady herself , fay fo, more than once, and declare, that she " thought children inexcufable who married in , direct opposition to the will of their parents. " Besides, though the other Ladies of the family , feem to favor the pretentions of my Lord, I do , not find the Lady herfelf is inclined to give him

- " any countenance; alas! I am too well affured " fhe is not; I am too fenfible that wickedest of " men remains uppermost in her heart."
 - " Ay,, ay, fo he does," cries Western.
- "But furely," fays Blifil, "when she hears of this murder which he has committed, if the law, should spare his life"———
- "What's that?" cries Western, "Murder! has, he committed a murder, and is there any hopes, of seeing him hanged?——Tol de rol, tol lol, de rol." Here he fell a singing and capering about the room.
- "Child," fays Allworthy, "this unhappy paf-,, fion of yours distresses me beyond measure. I ,, heartily pity you, and would do every fair thing ,, to promote your success.
- "I desire no more," cries Bliss, "I am con-, vinced my dear uncle has a better opinion of , me than to think that I myself would accept of , more."
- "Lookee," fays Allworthy, "you have my leave, to write, to vifit, if she will permit it, but, I insist on no thoughts of violence. I will have, no confinement, nothing of that kind attempted."

"Well, well," cries the Squire, "nothing of ,, that kind shall be attempted; we will try a little " longer what fair means will effect; and if this , fellow be but hanged out of the way tol lol de , rol. I never heard better news in my life; I " warrant every thing goes to my mind. — Do, prithee, dear Allworthy, come and dine with , me at the Hercules Pillars: I have bespoke a " shoulder of mutton roasted, and a spare-rib of " pork, and a fowl and egg-fauce. There will , be nobody but ourselves, unless we have a ,, mind to have the landlord; for I have fent Par-" fon Supple down to Bafinstoke after my tobacco , box, which I feft at an inn there, and I would , not lose it for the world; for it is an old ac-" quaintance of above twenty years standing. I " can tell you landlord is a vast comical bitch, ", you will like un hugely."

Mr. Allworthy at last agreed to this invitation, and soon after the Squire went off, singing and capering at the hopes of seeing the speedy tragical end of poor Jones.

When he was gone, Mr. Allworthy refumed the aforefaid subject with much gravity. He told his nephew, "he wished with all his heart he, would endeavour to conquer a passion, in which, I cannot," says he, "flatter you with any hopes, of succeeding. It is certainly a vulgar error, that aversion in a woman may be conquered by perseverance. Indifference may, perhaps sometimes

" yield to it; but the usual triumphs gained by perseverance in a lover, are over caprice, pru-, dence, affectation, and often an exorbitant , degree of levity, which excites women, not , over warm in their constitutions, to indulge , their vanity by prolonging the time of courtship, , even when they are well enough pleafed with , the object, and resolve, if they ever resolve at ,, all, to make him a very pitiful amends in the , end. But a fixed diflike, as I am afraid this is, , will rather gather ftrength, than be conquered , by time. Besides, my dear, I have another , apprehension which you must excuse. I am ,, afraid this paffion which you have for this fine , young creature, has her beautiful person too much ,, for its object, and is unworthy of the name of , that love, which is the only foundation of matri-, monial felicit. To admire, to like, and to , long for the possession of a beautiful woman, , without any regard to her fentiments towards " us, is, I am afraid, too natural. But love, I , believe, is the child of love only; at least, I am , pretty confident, that to love the creature who , we are affured hates us, is not in human nature. , Examine your heart, therefore, thoroughly, my , good boy, and if, upon examination, you have , but the least suspicion of this kind, I am sure , your own virtue and religion will impel you to , drive fo vicious a passion from your heart, and " your good fenfe will foon enable you to do it " without pain."

The Reader may pretty well guess Blisis's answer; but if he should be at a loss, we are not, at present, at leisure to satisfy him, as our History now hastens on to matters of higher importance, and we can no longer bear to be absent from Sophia.

CHAP. IV.

An extraordinary Scene between Sophia and her Aunt.

THE lowing heifer, and the bleating ewe, in herds and flocks, may ramble fafe and unregarded through the pastures. These are, indeed, hereafter doomed to be the prey of man; yet many years are they suffered to enjoy their liberty undisturbed. But if a plump doe be discovered to have escaped from the forest, and to repose herself in some field or grove, the whole parish is presently alarmed, every man is ready to set his dogs after her; and if she is preserved from the rest by the good Squire, it is only that he may secure her for his own eating.

I have often considered a very fine young woman of fortune and fashion, when first found strayed from the pale of her nursery, to be in pretty much the same situation with this doe. The town is immediately in an uproar, she is hunted from park to play, from court to assembly, from assembly to her own chamber, and Vot. IV.

rarely escapes a single season from the jaws of some devourer or other: for if her friends protect her from some, it is only to deliver her over to one of their own chusing, often more disagreeable to her than any of the rest: while whole herds or slocks of other women securely, and scarce regarded, traverse the park, the play, the opera, and the assembly; and though, for the most part at least, they are at last devoured, yet for a long time do they wanton in liberty, without disturbance or control.

Of all these paragons, none ever tasted more of this persecution than poor Sophia. Her ill stars were not contented with all that she had suffered on account of Blisil, they now raised her another pursuer, who seemed likely to torment her no less than the other had done. For though her aunt was less violent, she was no less assiduous in teazing her, than her father had been before.

The fervants were no fooner departed after dinner, than Mrs. Western, who had opened the matter to Sophia, informed her, "That she expected his Lordship that very afternoon, and intended to take the first opportunity of leaving her alone with him." "If you do, Madam," answered Sophia, with some spirit, "I shall take the first opportunity of leaving him by himsels." How! Madam!" cries the aunt; "Is this the return you make me for my kindness; in relieving you from your confinement at your father's?"

" You know, Madam," faid Sophia, " the cause , of that confinement was a refusal to comply with " my father, in accepting a man I detested; and ,, will my dear aunt, who has relieved me from , that diffress, involve me in another equally " bad?" "And do you think then, Madam," answered Mrs. Western, "that there is no dif-" ference between my Lord Fellamar and Mr. " Blifil?" "Very little in my opinion," cries Sophia; "and if I must be condemned to one, I would certainly have the merit of facrificing my-" felf to my father's pleasure." "Then my plea-" fure, I find," faid the aunt, " has very little , weight with you; but that confideration shall not move me. I act from nobler motives. , The view of aggrandizing my family, of enno-" bling yourfelf, is what I proceed upon. Have " you no fense of ambition? Are there no charms " in the thoughts of having a coronet on your " coach?" "None, upon my honor," faid Sophia. "A pincushion upon my coach would, please me just as well." "Never mention ho-" nor," cries the aunt. "It becomes not the , mouth of fuch a wretch. I am forry, niece, " you force me to use these words; but I can-" not bear your groveling temper; you have " none of the blood of the Westerns in you. But " however mean and base your own ideas are, " you shall bring no imputation on mine. I will " never fuffer the world to fay of me, that I " encouraged you in refusing one of the best " matches in England; a match which, besides

" its advantage in fortune, would do honor to almost any family, and has indeed, in title, the advantage of ours." "Surely," says Sophia, I am born deficient, and have not the senses with which other people are blessed: there must be certainly some sense which can relish the delights of sound and show, which I have not: for surely mankind would not labor so much, nor facrifice so much for the obtaining, nor would they be so elate and proud with possessing, what appeared to them, as it does to me, the most insignificant of all trisses."

" No, no, Miss!" cries the aunt; "you are " born with as many fenfes as other people; but , I assure you, you are not born with a sufficient , understanding to make a fool of me, or to " expose my conduct to the world. So I declare "this to you upon my word, and you know, "I believe, how fixed my resolutions are, unless , you agree to fee his Lordship this afternoon, I will, with my own hands, deliver you to-,, morrow morning to my brother, and will never , henceforth interfere with you, nor fee your " face again." Sophia stood a few moments filent after this speech, which was uttered in a most angry and peremptory tone; and then bursting into tears, she cried, "Do with me, Madam, " whatever you pleafe; I am the most miserable, , undone wretch upon earth; if my dear aunt , forfakes me, where shall I look for a protector?" , - My dear niece," cries she, "you will have

" a very good protector in his Lordship; a pro-, tector, whom nothing but a hankering after " that vile fellow Jones can make you decline." " Indeed, Madam," faid Sophia, "you wrong me. " How can you imagine, after what you have " shown me, if I had ever any such thoughts, " that I should not banish them for ever. If it , will fatisfy you, I will receive the facrament , upon it, never to fee his face again." - " But " child, dear child," faid the aunt, "be reason-, able: can you invent a fingle objection?" -, I have already, I think, told you a fufficient " objection, " answered Sophia. — " What?" cries the aunt; "I remember none." "Sure, " Madam," said Sophia, "I told vou he had " used me in the rudest and vilest manner." " In-" deed child," answered she, "I never heard you, " or did not understand you: - but what do you " mean by this rude and vile manner?" "Indeed. " Madam," faid Sophia, "I am almost ashamed ,, to tell you. He caught me in his arms, pulled " me down upon the fettee, and thrust his hand ,, into my bosom, and kiffed it with such violence, ,, that I have the mark upon my left breast at this " moment." — " Indeed!" faid Mrs. Western. " Yes indeed, Madam," answered Sophia; "my " father luckily came in at that instant, or Heaven " knows what rudeness he intended to have pro-" ceeded to. " " I am aftonished and confound-"ed," cries the aunt, "No woman of the , name of Western has been ever treated so, , fince we were a family. I would have torn

" the eyes of a prince out, if he had attempted " fuch freedoms with me. It is impossible: fure, "Sophia, you must invent this to raise my in-"dignation against him." "I hope, Madam," said Sophia, "you have too good an opinion of "me, to imagine me capable of telling an un-"truth. Upon my soul it is true." "I should have stabbed him to the heart had I been prefent," returned the aunt. "Yet furely he " could have no dishonorable design: it is impossible; he durst not: besides, his proposals " fhow he had not; for they are not only ho-" norable but generous. I don't know; the age , allows too great freedoms. A distant salute is ,, all I would have allowed before the ceremony. , I have had lovers formerly, not fo long ago , neither; feveral lovers, though I never would " confent to marriage, and I never encouraged the " least freedom. It is a foolish custom, and what " I never would agree to. No man kissed more " of me than my cheek. It is as much as one can " bring one's self to give lips up to a husband; and, ,, indeed, could I ever have been perfuaded to , marry, I believe I should not have soon been " brought to endure fo much." "You will par-" don me, dear Madam," faid Sophia, "if I " make one observation. You own you have had many lovers, and the world knows it, even if you should deny it. You refused them all, ,, and I am convinced one coronet at least among " them." "You fay true, dear Sophy," answered she; "I had once the offer of a title." "Why

" then," faid Sophia, " will you not fuffer me to , refuse this once?" "It is true, child," faid she, , I have refused the offer of a title; but it was " not fo good an offer; that is, not fo very, very " good an offer." — "Yes, Madam," faid Sophia; , but you have had very great proposals from men , of vast fortunes. It was not the first, nor the , fecond, nor the third advantageous match that " offered itself." "I own it was not," said she. " Well, Madam," continued Sophia, "and why ,, may not I expect to have a fecond perhaps ,, better than this? You are now but a young , woman, and I am convinced would not pro-" mife to yield to the first lover of fortune, nay, " or of title too. I am a very young woman," " and fure I need not despair." "Well, my ,, dear, dear Sophy," cries the aunt, "what , would you have me fay?" "Why I only , beg that I may not be left alone, at least this ,, evening: grant me that; and I will fubmit, if " you think, after what is past, I ought to see him " in your company." "Well, I will grant it," cries the aunt. "Sophy, you know I love you, ,, and can deny you nothing. You know the , eafiness of my nature; I have not always been " fo eafy. I have been formerly thought cruel; by the men I mean. I was called the cruel , Parthenissa. I have broke many a window that , has had verses to the cruel Parthenissa in n. , Sophy, I was never fo handsome as you, and " yet I had fomething of you formerly. I am a , little altered. Kingdoms and States, as Tully

" Cicero fays in his Epiftles, undergo alterations, and fo must the human form." Thus run she on for near half an hour upon herself, and her conquests and her cruelty, till the arrival of my Lord, who, after a most tedious visit, during which Mrs. Western never once offered to leave the room, retired, not much more satisfied with the aunt than with the niece. For Sophia had brought her aunt into so excellent a temper, that she consented to almost every thing her niece said; and agreed, that a little distant behaviour might not be improper to so forward a lover.

Thus Sophia, by a little well-directed flattery, for which furely none will blame her, obtained a little eafe for herfelf, and at least put off the evil day. And now we have feen our Heroine in a better fituation than she has been for a long time before, we will look a little after Mr. Jones, whom we left in the most deplorable situation that can well be imagined.

CHAP. V.

Mrs. Miller and Mr. Nightingale visit Jones in the Prison.

WHEN Mr. Allworthy and his nephew went to meet Mr. Western, Mrs. Miller set forward to her son-in-law's lodgings, in order to acquaint him with the accident which had befallen his friend Jones; but he had known it long before from Partridge; for Jones, when he lest Mrs. Miller, had been surnished with a room in the same house with Mr. Nightingale. The good woman sound her daughter under great affliction on account of Mr. Jones, whom having comforted as well as she could, she fet forward to the Gate-house, where she heard he was, and where Mr. Nightingale was arrived before her.

The firmness and constancy of a true friend is a circumstance so extremely delightful to persons in any kind of distress, that the distress itself, if it be only temporary, and admits of relief, is more than compensated by bringing this comfort with it. Nor are instances of this kind so rare, as some superficial and inaccurate observers have reported. To say the truth, want of compassion is not to be numbered among our general saults. The black ingredient which souls our disposition is envy. Hence our eye is feldom, I am assaid, turned upwards to those who are manifestly greater, better,

wifer, or happier than ourselves, without some degree of malignity; while we commonly look downwards on the mean and miserable, with sufficient benevolence and pity. In fact, I have remarked, that most of the desects which have discovered themselves in the friendships within my observation, have arisen from envy only; a hellish vice; and yet one from which I have known very sew absolutely exempt. But enough of a subject which, it pursued, would lead me too far.

Whether it was that fortune was apprehensive lest Jones should sink under the weight of his adversity, and that she might thus lose any suture opportunity of tormenting him; whether she really abated somewhat of her severity towards him, she seemed a little to relax her persecution, by sending him the company of two such faithful friends, and what is perhaps more rare, a faithful servant. For Partridge, though he had many impersections, wanted not sidelity; and though fear would not suffer him to be hanged for his Master, yet the world, I believe, could not have bribed him to desert his cause.

While Jones was expressing great satisfaction in the presence of his friends, Partridge brought an account, that Mr. Fitzpatrick was still alive, though the surgeon declared that he had very little hopes. Upon which Jones setching a deep sigh, Nightingale said to him; "My dear Tom, why should we you afflict yourself so upon an accident, which, " whatever be the consequence, can be attended " with no danger to you, and in which your conficience cannot accuse you of having been in the least to blame. If the fellow should die, what " have you done more than taken away the life of " a russian in your own defence? So will the Co-" roner's inquest certainly find it; and then you will be easily admitted to bail: and though you " must undergo the form of a trial, yet it is a trial " which many men would stand for you for a " shilling." "Come, come, Mr. Jones," faid Mrs. Miller, " cheer yourself up. I knew you could " not be the aggressor, and so I told Mr. Allwor, thy, and so he shall acknowledge too before I " have done with him."

Jones gravely answered, "That whatever might, be his fate, he should always lament the having, shed the blood of one of his fellow-creatures, as one of the highest misfortunes which could have, befallen him. But I have another misfortune of the tenderest kind.—O! Mrs. Miller, I have lost, what I held most dear upon earth." "That must be a Mistress," faid Mrs. Miller: "But, come, come; I know more than you imagine;" for indeed Partridge had blabbed all, "and I, have heard more than you know. Matters go, better, I promise you, than you think; and I, would not give Bliss sixpence for all the chance which he has of the Lady."

" Indeed, my dear friend, indeed," answered

Jones, "you are an entire stranger to the cause of my grief. If you was acquainted with the story, you would allow my case admitted of no comfort. I apprehend no danger from Bliss. I have undone myself." "Don't despair," replied Mrs. Miller; "you know not what a woman can do, and if any thing be in my power, I promise you I will do it to serve you. It is my duty. My son, my dear Mr. Nightingale, who is so kind to tell me he has obligations to you on the same, account, knows it is my duty. Shall I go to the Lady myself? I will say any thing to her you would have me say."

"Thou best of women," cries Jones; taking her by the hand, "talk not of obligations to me; — but, as you have been so kind to mention, it, there is a favor which, perhaps, may be in, your power. I see you are acquainted with the Lady, (how you came by your information I, know not) who sits indeed very near my heart. If you could contrive to deliver this," giving her a paper from his pocket "I shall for ever, acknowledge your goodness."

"Give it me," faid Mrs. Miller. "If I fee it not in her own possession before I sleep, may my next sleep be my last. Comfort yourself, my good young man; be wise enough to take warning from past sollies, and I warrant all shall be well, and I shall yet see you happy with the

" most charming young Lady in the world; for so " I hear from every one she is."

"Believe me, Madam," faid he, "I do not fpeak the common cant of one in my unhappy fituation. Before this dreadful accident happened, I had refolved to quit a life of which I was become fenfible of the wickedness as well as folly. I do assure you, notwithstanding the disturbances I have unfortunately occasioned in your house, for which I heartily ask your pardon, I am not an abandoned profligate. Though I have been hurried into vices, I do not approve a vicious character; nor will I ever, from this moment, deserve it."

Mrs. Miller expressed great satisfaction in these declarations, in the fincerity of which she averred The had an entire faith. And now, the remainder of the conversation past in the joint attempts of that good woman and Mr. Nightingale, to cheer the dejected spirits of Mr. Jones, in which they fo far fucceeded, as to leave him much better comforted and fatisfied than they found him; to which happy alteration nothing fo much contributed as the kind undertaking of Mrs. Miller, to deliver his letter to Sophia, which he despaired of finding any means to accomplish: for when Black George produced the last from Sophia, he informed Partridge, that she had strictly charged him, on pain of having it communicated to her father, not to bring her any answer. He

was moreover not a little pleased, to find he had so warm an advocate to Mr. Allworthy himself in this good woman, who was in reality, one of the worthiest creatures in the world.

After about an hour's visit from the Lady, (for Nightingale had been with him much longer) they both took their leave, promising to return to him soon: during which Mrs. Miller said, she hoped to bring him some good news from his Mistress, and Mr. Nightingale promised to inquire into the state of Mr. Fitzpatrick's wound, and likewise to find out some of the persons who were present at the rencounter.

The former of these went directly in quest of Sophia, whither we likewise shall now attend her.

CHAP. VI.

In which Mrs. Miller pays a visit to Sophia.

Access to the young Lady was by no means difficult; for as she lived now on a perfect friendly sooting with her aunt, she was at full liberty to receive what visitants she pleased.

Sophia was dreffing, when she was acquainted that there was a gentlewoman below to wait on her. As she was neither afraid nor ashamed to see any of her own fex, Mrs. Miller was immediately admitted.

Courtesses, and the usual ceremonials between women who are strangers to each other, being past, Sophia said, "I have not the pleasure to know, you, Madam." "No, Madam," answered Mrs. Miller, "and I must beg pardon for intrud, ing upon you. But when you know what has, induced me to give you this trouble, I hope"—, Pray, what is your business, Madam?" said Sophia, with a little emotion. "Madam, we are not, alone," replied Mrs. Miller, in a low voice., Go out, Betty," said Sophia.

When Betty was departed, Mrs. Miller faid, ,, I was defired, Madam, by a very unhappy ,, young gentleman, to deliver you this letter." Sophia changed color when she faw-the direction, well knowing the hand, and after some hesitation, faid, — "I could not conceive, Madam, from , your appearance, that your business had been ,, of such a nature. — Whomever you brought this ,, letter from, I shall not open it. I should be forry to , entertain an unjust suspicion of any one; but ,, you are an utter stranger to me."

"If you will have patience, Madam," answered Mrs. Miller, "I will acquaint you who I am, ,, and how I came by that letter." "I have no, curiosity, Madam, to know any thing," cries

Sophia, "but I must insist on your delivering that, letter back to the person who gave it you."

Mrs. Miller then fell upon her knees, and in the most passionate terms, implored her compassion; to which Sophia answered: "Sure, Madam, it is , furprifing you should be so very strongly inter-,, ested in the behalf of this person. I would not "think, Madam,"— "No Madam," fays Mrs. Miller, "you shall not think any thing but the "truth. I will tell you all, and you will not , wonder that I am interested. He is the best na-" tured creature that ever was born." - She then began and related the story of Mr. Henderson — After this she cried, "This, Madam, this is his , goodness; but I have much more tender obli-23 gations to him. He has preferved my child." -Here, after shedding some tears, she related every thing concerning that fact, suppressing only those circumstances which would have most reflected on her daughter, and concluded with faying, "Now, Madam, you shall judge whether I can , ever do enough for fo kind, fo good, fo ge-, nerous a young man; and fure he is the best " and worthieft of all human beings."

The alterations in the countenance of Sophia had hitherto been chiefly to her disadvantage, and had inclined her complexion to too great paleness; but she now waxed redder, if possible, than vermillion, and cried, "I know not what to say; certainly what arises from gratitude cannot be blamed.—

" blamed. — But what fervice can my reading " this letter be to your friend, fince I am resolved " never "— Mrs. Miller fell again to her entreaties, and begged to be forgiven, but she could not, she said, carry it back. "Well, Madam," says Sophia, " I cannot help it, if you will force it upon me. " — Certainly you may leave it whether I will " or no." — What Sophia meant, or whether she meant any thing, I will not presume to determine; but Mrs. Miller actually understood this as a hint, and presently laying the letter down on the table, took her leave, having first begged permission to wait again on Sophia; which request had neither assent nor denial.

The letter lay upon the table no longer than till Mrs. Miller was out of fight; for then Sophia opened and read it.

This letter did very little fervice to his cause; for it consisted of little more than consessions of his own unworthiness, and bitter lamentations of despair, together with the most solemn protestations of his unalterable sidelity to Sophia, of which, he said, he hoped to convince her, if he had ever more the honor of being admitted into her presence; and that he could account for the letter to Lady Bellaston, in such a manner, that though it would not entitle him to her forgiveness, he hoped at least to obtain it from her mercy. And concluded with vowing, that nothing was ever less in his thoughts than to marry Lady Bellaston.

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Though Sophia read the letter twice over with great attention, his meaning still remained a riddle to her; nor could her invention suggest to her any means to excuse Jones. She certainly remained very angry with him, though indeed Lady Bellaston took up so much of her resentment, that her gentle mind had but little left to bestow on any other person.

That Lady was most unluckily to dine this very day with her aunt Western, and in the afternoon, they were all three, by appointment, to go together to the Opera, and thence to Lady Thomas Hatchet's Drum. Sophia would have gladly been excused from all, but she would not disoblige her aunt; and as to the arts of counterfeiting illness, she was so entirely a stranger to them, that it never once entered into her head. When she was drest, therefore, down she went, resolved to encounter all the horrors of the day, and a most disagreeable one it proved; for Lady Bellaston took every opportunity very civilly and flily to infult her; to all which her dejection of spirits disabled her from making any return; and indeed, to confess the truth, she was at the very best but an indifferent mistress at repartee.

Another misfortune which befel poor Sophia, was the company of Lord Fellamar, whom she met at the Opera, and who attended her to the Drum. And though both places were too public to admit of any particularities, and she was farther

relieved by the music at the one place, and by the cards at the other, she could not however enjoy herself in his company. For there is something of delicacy in women, which will not suffer them to be even easy in the presence of a man whom they know to have pretensions to them which they are difinclined to favor.

Having in this Chapter twice mentioned a Drum, a word which our posterity, it is hoped, will not understand in the sense it is here applied, we shall, notwithstanding our present haste, stop a moment to describe the entertainment here meant, and the rather as we can in a moment describe it.

A Drum then, is an affembly of well-dreffed persons of both sexes, most of whom play at cards, and the rest do nothing at all; while the Mistress of the house persons the part of the landlady at an inn, and like the landlady of an inn prides herself on the number of her guests, though she does not always, like her, get any thing by it.

No wonder then, as fo much spirits must be required to support any vivacity in these scenes of dulness, that we hear persons of fashion eternally complaining of the want of them; a complaint confined entirely to upper life. How insupportable must we imagine this round of impertinence to have been to Sophia, at this time;

how difficult must she have found it to force the appearance of gaiety into her looks, when her mind dictated nothing but the tenderest forrow, and when every thought was charged with tormenting ideas.

Night, however, at last, restored her to her pillow, where we will leave her to sooth her melancholy at least, though incapable we fear of rest, and shall pursue our History, which something whispers us, is now arrived at the eve of some great event.

CHAP. VII.

A pathetic Scene between Mr. Allworthy and Mrs. Miller.

MRS. Miller had a long discourse with Mr. Allworthy, at his return from dinner, in which she acquainted him with Jones's having unfortunately lost all which he was pleased to bestow on him at their separation; and with the distresses to which that loss had subjected him; of all which she had received a sull account from the faithful retailer Partridge. She then explained the obligations she had to Jones; not that she was entirely explicit with regard to her daughter: for though she had the utmost considence in Mr. Allworthy, and tho' there could be no hopes of keeping an affair secret, which was unhappily known to more than half

a dozen; yet she could not prevail with herself to mention those circumstances which reflected most on the chastity of poor Nancy; but smothered that part of her evidence as cautiously as if she had been before a Judge, and the girl was now on her trial for the murder of a bastard.

Allworthy faid, there were few characters so absolutely vicious as not to have the least mixture of good in them. "However," fays he, "I cannot deny but you have some obligations to the sellow, bad as he is, and I shall therefore excuse what is past already, but must insist you never mention his name to me more; for I promise you, it was upon the sullest and plainest evidence that I resolved to take the measures. I have taken." "Well, Sir," says she, "I make not the least doubt, but time will show, all matters in their true and natural colors, and that you will be convinced this poor young, man deserves better of you than some other solks that shall be nameless."

"Madam," cries Allworthy, a little ruffled,
I will not hear any reflections on mence nephew;
and if you ever fay a word more of that kind,
I will depart from your house that instant.
He is the worthiest and best of men; and I
nonce more repeat it to you, he has carried his
friendship to this man to a blameable length,
by too long concealing facts of the blackest die.
The ingratitude of the wretch to this good
R 3

" young man is what I most resent: for, Madam, " I have the greatest reason to imagine he had " laid a plot to supplant my nephew in my savor, " and to have disinherited him."

" I am sure, Sir," answered Mrs. Miller, a little frightened; for though Mr. Allworthy had the utmost sweetness and benevolence in his smiles, he had great terror in his frowns; " I shall never " fpeak against any gentleman you are pleased " to think well of. I am sure, Sir, such behavi-" our would very little become me, especially " when the gentleman is your nearest relation; " but, Sir, you must not be angry with me, you " must not indeed, for my good wishes to this , poor wretch. Sure I may call him fo now, " though once you would have been angry with " me, if I had fpoke of him with the least difrespect. "How often have I heard you call him your fon? "How often have you prattled to me of him, with "all the fondness of a parent? Nay, Sir, I cannot ,, forget the many tender expressions, the many " good things you have told me of his beauty, ,, and his parts, and his virtues; of his good-na-" ture and generofity. — I am fure, Sir, I cannot , forget them; for I find them all true. I have 35 experienced them in my own cause. They have 35 preserved my family. You must pardon my " tears, Sir, indeed you must, when I consider the " cruel reverse of fortune which this poor youth, n to whom I am fo much obliged has fuffered: , when I consider the loss of your favor, which

" I know he valued more than his life, I must, " I must lament him. If you had a dagger in your " hand, ready to plunge into my heart, I must " lament the misery of one whom you have loved, " and I shall ever love."

Allworthy was pretty much moved with this speech, but it seemed not to be with anger: for after a short silence, taking Mrs. Miller by the hand, he said very affectionately to her: "Come, Madam, let us consider a little about your daughter. I cannot blame you for rejoicing in a match which promises to be advantageous to her; but you know this advantage, in a great measure depends on the sather's reconciliation. I know Mr. Nightingale very well, and have formerly had concerns with him; I will make him a visit, and endeavour to serve you in this matter. I believe he is a worldly man. But as this is an only son, and the thing is now irretrievable, perhaps he may in time be brought to reason. I promise you I will do all I can for you."

Many were the acknowledgments which the poor woman made to Allworthy, for this kind and generous offer; nor could fhe refrain from taking this occasion again to express her gratitude towards Jones, "To whom," faid she, "I owe, the opportunity of giving you, Sir, this present, trouble." Allworthy gently stopped her; but he was too good a man to be really offended with the effects of so noble a principle as now actuated Mrs.

Miller; and indeed had not this new affair inflamed his former anger against Jones, it is possible he might have been a little softened towards him, by the report of an action which malice itself could not have derived from an evil metial

Mr. Allworthy and Mrs. Miller had been above an hour together, when their conversation was put an end to, by the arrival of Blifil, and another person, which other person was no less than Mr. Dowling, the attorney, who was now become a great favorite with Mr. Blifil, and whom Mr. Allworthy, at the desire of his nephew, had made his steward; and had likewise recommended him to Mr. Western, from whom the attorney received a promise of being promoted to the same office upon the first vacancy; and in the mean time, was employed in transacting some affairs which the Squire then had in London, in relation to a mortgage.

This was the principal affair which then brought Mr. Dowling to town; therefore he took the fame opportunity to charge himself with some money for Mr. Allworthy, and to make a report to him of some other business; in all which, as it was of much too dull a nature to find any place in this History, we will leave the uncle, nephew, and their lawyer concerned, and resort to other matters.

CHAP. VIII.

Containing various Matters.

BEFORE we return to Mr. Jones, we will take one more view of Sophia.

Though that young Lady had brought her aunt into great good - humor by those soothing methods, which we have before related, she had not brought her in the least to abate of her zeal for the match with Lord Fellamar. This zeal was now inflamed by Lady Bellaston, who had told her the preceding evening, that she was well fatisfied from the conduct of Sophia, and from her carriage to his Lordship, that all delays would be dangerous, and that the only way to succeed, was to press the match forward with such rapidity, that the young Lady should have no time to reflect, and be obliged to confent, while she scarce knew what she did. In which manner, she said, one half of the marriages among people of condition were brought about. A fact very probably true, and to which I suppose is owing the mutual tenderness which afterwards exists among so many happy couples.

A hint of the same kind was given by the same Lady to Lord Fellamar; and both these so readily embraced the advice, that the very next day was, at his Lordship's request, appointed by Mrs. Western for a private interview between the

young parties. This was communicated to Sophia by her aunt, and infifted upon in fuch high terms, that after having urged every thing she possibly could invent against it, without the least effect, she at last agreed to give the highest instance of complainance which any young Lady can give, and consented to see his Lordship.

As conversations of this kind afford no great entertainment, we shall be excused from reciting the whole that past at this interview; in which, after his Lordship had made many declarations of the most pure and ardent passion, to the silent, blushing Sophia; the at last collected all the spirits she could raile, and with a trembling low voice, faid, " My Lord, you must be yourself " conscious whether your former behaviour to , me has been confistent with the professions "you now make." "Is there," answered he. ,, no way by which I can atone for madness? , What I did, I am afraid, must have too plain-, ly convinced you, that the violence of love " had deprived me of my fenses." "Indeed, my "Lord," faid she, "it is in your power to give , me a proof of an affection which I much ra-,, ther wish to encourage, and to which I should ", think myself more beholden." "Name it, Ma-"dam," faid my Lord, very warmly.—" My " Lord," fays she, looking down upon her fan, " I know you must be sensible how uneasy this " pretended passion of yours has made me." -" Can you be fo cruel to call it pretended?" fays

he. "Yes, my Lord," answered Sophia, "all professions of love to those whom we perfence, cute, are most insulting pretences. This purpuit of yours is to me a most cruel perfences, cution; nay, it is taking a most ungenerous " advantage of my unhappy fituation." "Most , lovely, most adorable charmer, do not accuse " me," cries he, " of taking an ungenerous ad-" vantage, while I have no thoughts but what ,, are directed to your honor and interest, and , while I have no view, no hope, no ambition "but to throw myfelf, honor, fortune, every "thing at your feet." "My Lord," fays she, "it ", is that fortune, and those bonors, which give ", you the advantage of which complain. These , are the charms which have feduced my relations, " but to me they are things indifferent. If your " Lordship will merit my gratitude, there is but " one way." — " Pardon me, divine creature," faid he, "there can be none. All I can do for " you is fo much your due, and will give me fo " much pleafure, that there is no room for your " gratitude." — "Indeed, my Lord," answered she, "you may obtain my gratitude, my good ,, opinion, every kind thought and wish which it " is in my power to bestow; nay, you may obtain ,, them with ease; for fure to a generous mind it " must be easy to grant my request. Let me be-" feech you then, to cease a pursuit, in which you , can never have any fuccefs. For your own fake , as well as mine, I entreat this favor: for fure , you are too noble to have any pleafure in

" tormenting an unhappy creature. What can " your Lordship propose but uneasiness to your-, felf, by a perseverance, which, upon my ho-, nor, upon my foul, cannot, shall not prevail " with me, whatever distresses you may drive me " to." Here my Lord setched a deep sigh, and then faid - " Is it then, Madam, that I am so unhap-, py to be the object of your diflike and fcorn; , or will you pardon me if I fuspect there is some " other?" - Here he hefitated, and Sophia anfwered with some spirit, "My Lord, I shall not " be accountable to you for the reasons of my " conduct. I am obliged to your Lordship for the " generous offer yet have made: I own it is be" youd either my deferts or expectations; yet I
" hope, my Lord, you will not infift on my " reasons, when I declare I cannot accept it." Lord Fellamar returned much to this, which we do not perfectly understand, and perhaps it could not all be strictly reconciled either to fense or grammar; but he concluded his ranting fpeech with faying, "That if she had pre-engaged herself " to any gentleman, however unhappy it would , make him, he should think himself bound in ho-" nor to defist." Perhaps my Lord laid too much emphasis on the word Gentleman; for we cannot elfe well account for the indignation with which he inspired Sophia, who, in her answer, seemed greatly to refent some affront he had given her.

While she was speaking, with her voice more raised than usual, Mrs. Western came into the

room, the fire glaring in her cheeks, and the flames bursting from her eyes. "I am ashamed," fays she, "my Lord, of the reception which you, have met with. I assure your Lordship we are, all sensible of the honor done us; and I must, tell you, Miss Western, the samily expect a, different behaviour from you." Here my Lord interfered on behalf of the young Lady, but to no purpose; the aunt proceeded till Sophia pulled out her handkerchief, threw herself into a chair, and burst into a violent sit of tears.

The remainder of the conversation between Mrs. Western and his Lords p, till the latter withdrew, consisted of bitter lamentations on his side, and on hers of the strongest assurances that her niece should and would consent to all he wished. "Indeed, my Lord," says she, "the girl, has had a foolish education, neither adapted to her fortune nor her family. Her stather, I am forry to say it, is to blame for every thing. The girl has filly country notions of bashfulness. No, thing else, my Lord, upon my honor; I am convinced she has a good understanding at the bottom, and will be brought to reason."

This last speech was made in the absence of Sophia; for she had some time before left the room, with more appearance of passion than she had ever shown on any occasion; and now his Lordship, after many expressions of thanks to Mrs. Western, many ardent professions of passion which.

nothing could conquer, and many affurances of perfeverance, which Mrs. Western highly encouraged, took his leave for this time.

Before we relate what now passed between Mrs. Western and Sophia, it may be proper to mention an unfortunate accident which had happened, and which had occasioned the return of Mrs. Western with so much fury, as we have seen.

The Reader then must know, that the maid who at present attended on Sophia, was recommended by Lady Bellaston, with whom she had lived for some time in the capacity of a combbrush; she was a very sensible girl, and had received the strictest instructions to watch her young Lady very carefully. These instructions, we are forry to say, were communicated to her by Mrs. Honor, into whose favor Lady Bellaston had now so ingratiated herself, that the violent affection which the good waiting-woman had formerly borne to Sophia, was entirely obliterated by that great attachment which she had to her new Mistress.

Now when Mrs. Miller was departed, Betty, (for that was the name of the girl) returning to her young Lady, found her very attentively engaged in reading a long letter, and the visible emotions which she betrayed on that occasion, might have well accounted for some suspicions which the girl entertained; but indeed they had yet a stronger soundation, for she had overheard

the whole scene which passed between Sophia and Mrs. Miller.

Mrs. Western was acquainted with all this matter by Betty, who, after receiving many commendations, and some rewards for her fidelity, was ordered, that is the woman who brought the letter, came again, she should introduce her to Mrs. Western herself.

Unluckily Mrs. Miller returned at the very time when Sophia was engaged with his Lordship. Betty, according to order, fent her directly to the aunt; who being mistress of so many circumstances relating to what had past the day before, easily imposed upon the poor woman to believe that Sophia had communicated the whole affair; and so pumped every thing out of her which she knew, relating to the letter, and relating to Jones.

This poor creature might indeed be called fimplicity itself. She was one of that order of mortals, who are apt to believe every thing which is said to them: to whom nature has neither indulged the offensive nor defensive weapons of deceit, and who are constantly liable to be imposed upon by any one, who will only be at the expense of a little salshood for that purpose. Mrs. Western having drained Mrs. Miller of all she knew, which indeed was but little, but which was sufficient to make the aunt suspect a great deal, disposifed her with assurances that Sophia

would not fee her, that she would send no answer to the letter, nor ever receive another; nor did she suffer her to depart, without a handsome lecture on the merits of an office, to which she could afford no better name than that of procuress.—

This discovery had greatly discomposed her temper, when coming into the apartment next to that in which the lovers were, she overheard Sophia very warmly protesting against his Lordship's addresses. At which the rage already kindled, burst forth, and she rushed in upon her niece in a most furious manner, as we have already described, together with what passed at that time till his Lordship's departure.

No fooner was Lord Fellamar gone, than Mrs. Western returned to Sophia, whom she upbraided in the most bitter terms, for the ill use she had made of the confidence reposed in her; and for her treachery in conversing with a man with whom she had offered but the day before to bind herfelf in the most folemn oath, never more to have any converfation. Sophia protested she had maintained no fuch conversation. "How! how! " Miss Western," said the aunt, "will you deny " your receiving a letter from him yesterday?" "A letter, Madam!" answered Sophia, somewhat furprifed. " It is not very well bred, Mifs," replies the aunt, "to repeat my words. I fay ,, a letter, and infift upon your showing it me " immediately." " I fcorn a lie, Madam," faid Sophia, "I did receive a letter but it was without

" my desire, and indeed I may say against my " consent." " Indeed, indeed, Miss," cries the aunt, " you ought to be ashamed of owning you " had received it at all; but where is the letter? " for I will see it."

To this peremptory demand Sophia paufed some time before she returned an answer; and at last only excused herself by declaring she had not the letter in her pocket, which was indeed true; upon which her aunt, losing all manner of patience, asked her niece this short question, whether she would resolve to marry Lord Fellamar or no? to which she received the strongest negative. Mrs. Western then replied with an oath, or something very like one, that she would early the next morning deliver her back into her father's hand.

Sophia then began to reason with her aunt in the following manner; "Why, Madam, must," I of necessity be forced to marry at all? Consider how cruel you would have thought it in your own case, and how much kinder your parents were in leaving you to your liberty. What have I done to forfeit this liberty? I will, never marry contrary to my father's consent, nor without asking yours. — And when I ask, the consent of either improperly, it will be then time enough to force some other marriage upon, me." "Can I bear to hear this?" cries Mrs. Western, "from a girl who has now a letter from a murderer in her pocket." "I have no such

" letter, I promise you," answered Sophia; "and ,, if he be a murderer, he will foon be in no con-" dition to give you any further disturbance." " How, Miss Western," said the aunt, " have you " the affurance to speak of him in this manner, , to own your affection for fuch a villain to my " face?" "Sure, Madam," faid Sophia, " put a very strange construction on my words." " Indeed, Miss Western," cries the Lady, "I , shall not bear this usage; you have learnt of your , father this manner of treating me; he has taught , you to give me the lie. He has totally ruined , you by his false system of education; and please " Heaven he shall have the comfort of its fruits: ,, for once more I declare to you, that to-morrow " morning I will carry you back. I will withdraw ,, all my forces from the field, and remain hence-, forth, like the wife King of Prussia, in a state ,, of perfect neutrality. You are both too wife to ,, be regulated by my measures; fo prepare your-, felf; for to-morrow morning you shall evacuate " this house."

Sophia remonstrated all she could; but her aunt was deaf to all she faid. In this resolution therefore we must at present leave her, as there seems to be no hopes of bringing her to change it.

CHAP. IX.

What happened to Mr. Jones in the Prison.

MR. Jones past above twenty-four melancholy hours by himself, unless when relieved by the company of Partridge, before Mr. Nightingale returned; not that this worthy young man had deserted or forgot his friend; for indeed, he had been much the greatest part of the time employed in his service.

He had heard upon inquiry that the only perfons who had feen the beginning of the unfortunate rencounter, were a crew belonging to a man of war, which then lay at Deptford. To Deptford therefore he went, in fearch of this crew, where he was informed that the men he fought after, were all gone ashore. He then traced them from place to place, till at last he found two of them drinking together, with a third person, at a hedge-tayern, near Aldersgate.

Nightingale defired to speak with Jones by himfelf, for Partridge was in the room when he came in. As soon as they were alone, Nightingale taking Jones by the hand, cried, "Come, my, brave friend, be not too much dejected at what, I am going to tell you—I am forry I am the, messenger of bad news; but I think it my duty, to tell you." I guess already what that bad

" news is," cries Jones. "The poor gentleman " then is dead." — "I hope not," answered Nightingale. "He was alive this morning; though " I will not flatter you; I fear from the accounts " I could get, that his wound is mortal. But if " the affair be exactly as you told it, your own " remorse would be all you would have reason " to apprehend, let what would happen; but forgive me, my dear Tom, if I entreat you to make " the worst of your story to your friends. If you disguise any thing to us, you will only be an " enemy to yoursels."

"What reason, my dear Jack, have I ever given you," said Jones, "to stab me with so cruel a sufficient?" "Have patience," cries Nightingale, and I will tell you all. After the most diligent inquiry I could make, I at last met with two of the fellows who were present at this unhappy, accident, and I am forry to say, they do not relate the story so much in your savor as you yourself have told it." "Why, what do they say?" cries Jones. "Indeed what I am forry to repeat, as I am assaid of the consequence of it to you. They say that they were at too great a distance to overhear any words that passed between you: but they both agree that the first blow was given by you." "Then upon my soul," answered Jones, "they injure me. He not only struck me first, but struck me without the least provocation. What should induce those villains to accuse me falsely?" "Nay, that I

" cannot guess," said Nightingale, " and if you , yourfelf, and I who am fo heartily your friend, , cannot conceive a reason why they should belie , you, what reason will an indifferent Court of , justice be able to assign, why they should not , believe them? I repeated the question to them " feveral times, and fo did another gentleman who , was prefent, who, I believe, is a fea-faring ,, man, and who really acted a very friendly part ,, by you; for he begged them often to confider, ,, that there was the life of a man in the case; and , asked them over and over, if they were certain; , to which they both answered; that they were, ,, and would abide by their evidence upon oath. " For Heaven's fake, my dear friend, recollect , yourfelf; for if this should appear to be the fact, ,, it will be your business to think in time of mak-, ing the best of your interest. I would not shock "you: but you know, I believe, the feverity of , the law, whatever verbal provocations may have " been given you." " Alas! my friend," cries Jones, , what interest has such a wretch as I? Be-" fides, do you think I would even wish to live , with the reputation of a murderer? If I had any , friends, as, alas! I have none, could I have , the confidence to folicit them to speak in the ,, behalf of a man condemned for the blackeft " crime in human nature? Believe me, I have no , fuch hope; but I have some reliance on a throne " still greatly superior; which will, I am certain, afford me all the protection I merit." He then

concluded with many folemn and vehement protestations of the truth of what he had at first afferted.

The faith of Nightingale was now again staggered, and began to incline to credit his friend; when Mrs. Miller appeared, and made a sorrowful report of the success of her embassy; which when Jones had heard, he cried out most heroically, "Well, my friend, I am now indifferent as to what shall happen, at least with regard to my life; and if it be the will of Heaven that I shall make an atonement with that for the blood I have spilt, I hope the Divine Goodness will one day suffer my honor to be cleared, and that the words of a dying man at least, will be believed, so far as to justify his character."

A very mournful scene now past between the prisoner and his friends, at which, as few Readers would have been pleased to be present, so few, I believe, will desire to hear it particularly related. We will, therefore, pass on to the entrance of the turnkey, who acquainted Jones, that there was a Lady without who desired to speak with him, when he was at leisure.

Jones declared his furprise at this message. He said, "He knew no Lady in the world whom he could possibly expect to see there." However as he saw no reason to decline seeing any person,

Mrs. Miller and Mr. Nightingale prefently took their leave, and he gave orders to have the Lady admitted.

If Jones was furprifed at the news of a visit from a Lady, how greatly was he astonished when he discovered this Lady to be no other than Mrs. Waters! In this astonishment then we shall leave him a-while, in order to cure the surprise of the Reader, who will likewise, probably, not a little wonder at the arrival of this Lady.

Who this Mrs. Waters was, the Reader pretty well knows; what she was, he must be perfectly satisfied. He will therefore be pleased to remember, that this Lady departed from Upton in the same coach with Mr. Fitzpatrick and the other Irish gentleman, and in their company travelled to the Bath.

Now there was a certain office in the gift of Mr. Fitzpatrick at that time vacant, namely, that of a wife; for the Lady who had lately filled that office had refigned, or at least deserted her duty. Mr. Fitzpatrick therefore having thoroughly examined Mrs. Waters on the road, found her extremely fit for the place, which, on their arrival at Bath, he presently conferred upon her, and she without any scruple accepted. As husband and wife this gentleman and Lady continued together all the time they stayed at Bath

and as husband and wife they arrived together in town.

Whether Mr. Fitzpatrick was so wife a man as not to part with one good thing till he had fecured another, which he had at present only a prospect of regaining; or whether Mrs. Waters had so well discharged her office, that he intended still to retain her as principal, and to make his wife, as is often the case, only her deputy, I will not say; but certain it is he never mentioned his wife to her, never communicated to her the letter given him by Mrs. Western, nor ever once hinted his purpose of repossessing his wife; much less did he ever mention the name of Jones. For though he intended to fight with him wherever he met him, he did not imitate those prudent persons who think a wife, a mother, a fifter, or fometimes a whole family, the fafest seconds on these occasions. The first account therefore which she had of all this, was delivered to her from his lips, after he was brought home from the tovern where his wound had been drest.

As Mr. Fitzpatrick however had not the clearest way of telling a story at any time, and was now, perhaps, a little more confused than usual, it was some time before she discovered, that the gentleman who had given him this wound was the very same person from whom her heart had received a wound, which though not of a mortal kind, was yet so deep that it had left a considerable scar

behind it. But no fooner was she acquainted that Mr. Jones himself was the man who had been committed to the gatehouse for this supposed murder, than she took the first opportunity of committing Mr. Fitzpatrick to the care of his nurse, and hastened away to visit the conqueror.

She now entered the room with an air of gaiety, which received an immediate check from the melancholy aspect of poor Jones, who started and bleffed himfelf when he faw her. Upon which she faid, "Nay, I do not wonder at your surprise; , I believe you did not expect to see me; for sew , gentlemen are troubled here with vifits from , any Lady, unless a wife. You fee the power , you have over me, Mr. Jones. Indeed I little ,, thought, when we parted at Upton, that our " next meeting would have been in fuch a place." " Indeed, Madam," fays Jones, "I must look " upon this visit as kind; few will sollow the " miferable, especially to such dismal habitations." " I protest, Mr. Jones," fays she, "I can hardly " perfuade myfelf you are the fame agreeable " fellow I faw at Upton. Why, your face is " more miferable than any dungeon in the uni-, verse. What can be the matter with you?" " I thought, Madam," faid Jones, " as you knew " of my being here, you knew the unhappy rea-" fon." "Pugh," fays she, "you have pinked a , man in a duel, that's all." Jones exprest some indignation at this levity, and spoke with the utmost contridon for what had happened. To which

fhe answered, "Well then, Sir, if you take it so , much to heart, I will relieve you; the gentleman is not dead; and, I am pretty confident, is ,, in no danger of dying. The furgeon indeed , who first dressed him was a young fellow, and , feemed desirous of representing his case to be as " bad as possible, that he might have the more " honor from curing him; but the King's fur-" geon has feen him fince, and fays, unless from ,, a fever, of which there are at present no symp-, toms, he apprehends not the least danger of " life." Jones showed great satisfaction in his countenance at this report; upon which she affirmed the truth of it, adding, "By the most , extraordinary accident in the world I lodge at , the same house, and have seen the gentleman; ,, and I promife you he does you justice, and fays, , whatever be the consequence, that he was en-" tirely the aggressor, and that you was not in " the leaft to blame."

Jones expressed the utmost satisfaction at the account which Mrs. Waters brought him. He then informed her of many things which she well knew before, as who Mr. Fitzpatrick was, the occasion of his resentment, &c. He likewise told her several facts of which she was ignorant, as the adventure of the must, and other particulars, concealing only the name of Sophia. He then lamented the sollies and vices of which he had been guilty, every one of which, he said, had been attended with such

ill confequences, that he should be unpardonable if he did not take warning, and quit those vicious courses for the suture. He lastly concluded with assuring her of his resolution to sin no more, lest a worse thing should happen to him.

Mrs. Waters with great pleafantry ridiculed all this, as the effects of low spirits and confinement. She repeated some witticisms about the Devil when he was sick, and told him, "She doubted not but, shortly to see him at liberty, and as lively a felmous as ever; and then," says she, "I don't question, but your conscience will be fafely delivered of all, these qualms that it is now so sick in breeding."

Many more things of this kind she uttered, some of which it would do her no great honor, in the opinion of some Readers, to remember; nor are we quite certain but that the answers made by Jones would be treated with ridicule by others. We shall therefore suppress the rest of this conversation, and only observe that it ended at last with perfect innocence, and much more to the satisfaction of Jones than of the Lady: for the former was greatly transported with the news she had brought him; but the latter was not altogether so pleased with the penitential behaviour of a man, whom she had at her first interview conceived a very different opinion of from what she now entertained of him.

Thus the melancholy occasioned by the report

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of Mr. Nightingale was pretty well effaced: but the dejection into which Mrs. Miller had thrown him still continued. The account she gave, so well tallied with the words of Sophia herself in her letter; that he made not the least doubt but that she had disclosed his letter to her aunt, and had taken a fixed resolution to abandon him. The torments this thought gave him, were to be equalled only by a piece of news which fortune had yet in store for him, and which we shall communicate in the second Chapter of the ensuing Book.

THE

HISTORY

OF A

FOUNDLING.

BOOK XVIII.

Containing about Six Days.

CHAP. I.

A Farewel to the Reader.

WE are now, Reader, arrived at the last stage of our long journey. As we have therefore travelled together through so many pages, let us behave to one another like sellow travellers in a stage-coach, who have passed several days in company of each other; and who, notwithstanding any bickerings or little animosities which may have occurred on the road, generally make all up at last, and mount, for the last time, into their vehicle

with cheerfulness and good-humor; fince after this one stage, it may possibly happen to us, as it commonly happens to them, never to meet more.

As I have here taken up this simile, give me leave to carry it a little farther. I intend then in this last Book to imitate the good company I have mentioned in their last journey. Now it is well known, that all jokes and raillery are at this time laid aside: whatever characters any of the passengers have for the jest-sake personated on the road, are now thrown off, and the conversation is usually plain and serious.

In the fame manner, if I have now and then, in the course of this Work, indulged any pleasantry for thy entertainment, I shall here lay it down. The variety of matter, indeed, which I shall be obliged to cram into this Book, will afford no room for any of those ludicrous observations which I have elsewhere made, and which may sometimes, perhaps, have prevented thee from taking a nap when it was beginning to steal upon thee. In this last Book thou wilt find nothing, or at most very little, of that nature. All will be plain narrative only; and, indeed, when thou hast perused the many great events which this Book will produce, thou wilt think the number of pages contained in it, scarce sufficient to tell the story.

And now, my friend, I take this opportunity, as I shall have no other, of heartily wishing thee

well. If I have been an entertaining companion to thee, I promife thee it is what I have defired. If in any thing I have offended, it was really without any intention. Some things perhaps here faid may have hit thee or thy friends; but I do most folemnly declare they were not pointed at thee or them. I question not but thou hast been told, among other stories of me, that thou wast to travel with a very fcurrilous fellow: but whoever told thee fo, did me an injury. No man detests and despifes scurrility more than myself; nor has any man more reason; for none has ever been treated with more: and what is a very severe fate, I have had fome of the abusive writings of those very men fathered upon me, who in other of their works have abused me themselves with the utmost virulence

All these works, however, I am well convinced, will be dead long before this page shall offer itself to thy perusal: for however short the period may be of my own performances, they will most probably outlive their own infirm author, and the weekly productions of his abusive sotemporaries.

CHAP. II.

Containing a very tragical Incident.

WHILE Jones was employed in those unpleasant meditations, with which we lest him tormenting himself, Partridge came stumbling into the room with his face paler than ashes, his eyes fixed in his head, his hair standing an end, and every limb trembling. In short, he looked as he would have done had he seen a spectre, or had he indeed been a spectre himself.

Jones, who was little subject to fear, could not avoid being somewhat shocked at this sudden appearance. He did indeed himself change color, and his voice a little saultered, while he asked him what was the matter.

"I hope, Sir," faid Partridge, "you will not be angry with me. Indeed I did not liften, but I was obliged to ftay in the outward room. I am fure I wish I had been a hundred miles off, rather than have heard what I have heard." Why what is the matter?" faid Jones. "The matter, Sir? O good Heaven!" answered Partridge, "was that woman who is just gone out, the woman who was with you at Upton?" She was, Partridge," cries Jones. "And did you really, Sir, go to bed with that woman?" faid he trembling — "I am afraid what past between us, is no secret," faid Jones. — "Nay, but

" but pray, Sir, for Heaven's fake; Sir, answer " me," cries Partridge.—" You know I did," cries Jones.—" Why then the Lord have mercy upon " your foul, and forgive you," cries Partridge; " but as sure as I stand here alive, you have been " a-bed with your own mother."

Upon these words, Jones became in a moment a greater picture of horror, than Partridge himself. He was indeed, for some time, struck dumb with amazement, and both stood staring wildly at each other. At last his words sound way, and in an interrupted voice he said—"How!, how! What's this you tell me?" "Nay, Sir," cries Partridge, "I have not breath enough lest to tell you now—but what I have said is most certainly true—That woman who now went out is your own mother. How unlucky was it for you, Sir, that I did not happen to see her at that time, to have prevented it? • Sure the devil himself must have contrived to bring about this wickedness?

"Sure," cries Jones, "Fortune will never, have done with me, till she has driven me to distraction. But why do I blame Fortune? I am myself the cause of all my misery. All the dreadful mischies which have befallen me, are the consequences only of my own folly and vice. What thou hast told me, Partridge, has almost deprived me of my sense. And was Mrs. Waters then——But why do I Vol. IV.

" ask? for thou must certainly know her.—
" If thou hast any affection for me; nay, if thou
" hast any piry, let me beseech thee to setch this
" miserable woman back again to me. O good
" Heaven! Incest—with a mother! To what
" am I reserved?" He then sell into the most
violent and frantic agonies of grief and despair,
in which Partridge declared he would not leave
him: but at last having vented the first torrent
of passion, he came a little to himself; and then
having acquainted Partridge that he would find
this wretched woman in the same house where
the wounded gentleman was lodged, he dispatched
him in quest of her.

If the Reader will please to refresh his memory, by turning to the scene at Upton, in the ninth Book, he will be apt to admire the many strange accidents which unfortunately prevented any interview between Partridge and Mrs. Waters, when she spent a whole day there with Mr. Jones. Instances of this kind we may frequently observe in life, where the greatest events are produced by a nice train of little circumstances; and more than one example of this may be discovered by an accurate eye, in this our History.

After a fruitless search of two or three hours, Partridge returned back to his Master, without having seen Mrs. Waters. Jones, who was in a state of desperation at his delay, was almost raving mad when he brought him this account. He was not long however in this condition, before he received the following letter:

"SIR,

SINCE I left you, I have feen a gentleman, from whom I have learnt fomething concerning you which greatly furprifes and affects
me: but as I have not at prefent leifure to
communicate a matter of fuch high importance,
you must suspend your curiosity till our next
meeting, which shall be the first moment I am
able to see you. O Mr. Jones, little did I think,
when I passed that happy day at Upton, the
reflection upon which is like to embitter all my
future life, who it was to whom I owed such
perfect happines. Believe me to be ever sincerely
your unfortunate

" J. Waters."

" P. S. I would have you comfort yourself as much as possible; for Mr. Fitzpatrick is in no manner of danger; so that whatever other grievous crimes you may have to repent of, the guilt of blood is not among the number."

Jones having received the letter, let it drop, for he was unable to hold it, and indeed had fcarce the use of any one of his faculties. Partridge took it up, and having received consent by silence, read it likewise; nor had it upon him a less sensible effect. The pencil, and not the pen, should describe the horrors which appeared in both their countenances. While they both remained speechless, the turnkey entered the room, and without taking any notice of what sufficiently discovered itself in the saces of them both, acquainted Jones that a man without desired to speak with him. This person was presently introduced, and was no other than Black George.

As fights of horror were not fo usual to George as they were to the turnkey, he instantly saw the great disorder which appeared in the face of Jones. This he imputed to the accident that had happened, which was reported in the very worst light in Mr. Western's family; he concluded therefore that the gentleman was dead, and that Mr. Jones was in a fair way of coming to a shameful end. A thought which gave him much uneasiness; for George was of a compassionate disposition, and notwithstanding a small breach of friendship which he had been over-tempted to commit, was, in the main, not insensible of the obligations he had formerly received from Mr. Jones.

The poor fellow therefore scarce refrained from a tear at the present fight. He told Jones he was heartily forry for his missfortunes, and begged him to consider, if he could be of any manner of service. "Perhaps, Sir," said he, "you may want a little matter of money upon this occasion; " if you do, Sir, what little I have is heartily " at your fervice."

Jones shook him very heartily by the hand, and gave him many thanks for the kind offer he had made; but answered, "He had not the least want , of that kind." Upon which George began to press his services more eagerly then before. Jones again thanked him, with affurances that he wanted nothing which was in the power of any man living to give. " Come, come, my good Master," answered George, " do not take the matter so , much to heart. Things may end better than " you imagine; to be fure you ant the first gen-" tleman who has killed a man, and yet come off." , You are wide of the matter, George," faid Partridge, " the gentleman is not dead, nor like to , die. Don't disturb my Master, at present, for , he is troubled about a matter in which it is not " in your power to do him any good?" "You " don't know what I may be able to do, Mr. " Partridge," answered George; "if his concern ,, is about my young Lady, I have fome news to , tell my Master." --- "What do you say Mr. "George?" cries Jones: "Has any thing lately , happened in which my Sophia is concerned? , My Sophia! How dares fuch a wretch as I, men-,, tion her fo profanely!" --- "I hope she will be " yours yet," answered George. - "Why, yes, , Sir, I have fomething to tell you about her. " Madam Western has just brought Madam Sophia , home, and there has been a terrible to do. I

, could not possibly learn the very right of it; but " my Master he has been in a vast big passion, ,, and fo was Madam Western, and I heard her say " as she went out of doors into her chair, that she , would never fet her foot in Master's house again. , I don't know what's the matter not I, but every , thing was very quiet when I came out; but " Robin, who waited at fupper, faid he had never " feen the Squire for a long while in fuch good , humor with young Madam; that he kissed her " feveral times, and fwore she should be her own , mistress, and he never would think of confining " her any more. I thought this news would please " you, and fo I slipped out, though it was so late " to inform you of it." Mr. Jones affured George that it did greatly please him; for though he should never more prefume to lift his eyes towards that incomparable creature, nothing could fo much relieve his mifery as the fatisfaction he should always have, in hearing of her welfare.

The rest of the conversation which passed at the visit, is not important enough to be here related. The Reader will therefore forgive us this abrupt breaking off, and be pleased to hear how this great good will of the Squire towards his daughter was brought about.

Mrs. Western, on her first arrival at her brother's lodging, began to set forth the great honors and advantages which would accrue to the family by the match with Lord Fellamar, which her niece

had absolutely refused; in which refusal, when the Squire took the part of his daughter, she fell immediately into the most violent passion, and so irritated and provoked the Squire, that neither his patience nor his prudence could bear it any longer; upon which there ensued between them both so warm a bout at altercation, that perhaps the regions of Billingsgate never equalled it. In the heat of this scolding Mrs. Western departed, and had consequently no leisure to acquaint her brother with the letter which Sophia had received, which might possibly have produced ill effects; but to say truth, I believe it never once occurred to her memory at this time.

When Mrs. Western was gone, Sophia, who had been hitherto filent, as well indeed from necesfity as inclination, began to return the compliment which her father had made her, in taking her part against her aunt, by taking his likewise against the Lady. This was the first time of her so doing and it was in the highest degree acceptable to the Squire. Again he remembered that Mr. Allworthy had infifted on an entire relinquishment of all violent means; and indeed as he made no doubt but that Jones would be hanged, he did not in the least question succeeding with his daughter by fair means; he now therefore once more gave a loofe to his natural fondness for her, which had such an effect on the dutiful, grateful, tender and affectionate heart of Sophia, that had her honor given to Jones, and fomething else perhaps in which he was concerned, been removed, I much doubt whether she would not have facrificed herself to a man she did not like, to have obliged her father. She promised him she would make it the whole business of her life to oblige him, and would never marry any man against his consent; which brought the old man so near to his highest happiness, that he was resolved to take the other step, and went to bed completely drunk.

CHAP, III.

Allworthy visits old Nightingale; with a strange Discovery that he made on that Occasion.

THE morning after these things had happened, Mr. Allworthy went according to his promise to visit old Nightingale, with whom his authority was so great, that after having fat with him three hours, he at last prevailed with him to confent to see his son.

Here an accident happened of a very extraordinary kind; one indeed of those strange chances, whence very good and grave men have concluded that Providence often interposes in the discovery of the most secret villany, in order to caution men from quitting the paths of honesty, however warily they tread in those of vice.

Mr. Allworthy, at his entrance into Mr. Nightingale's, faw Black George; he took no notice of him, nor did Black George imagine he had perceived him. However, when their conversation on the principal point was over. Allworthy asked Nightingale whether he knew one George Seagrim, and upon what business he came to his house. "Yes," answered Nightingale, "I know him , very well, and a most extraordinary fellow he " is, who in these days, has been able to hoard , up 500 l. from renting a very fmall estate of " 30 l. a year." "And is this the story which " he has told you?" cries Allworthy. "Nay, it " is true, I promise you," said Nightingale, "for I " have the money now in my own hands, in five , bank bills, which I am to lay out either in a " mortgage, or in some purchase in the North of " England." The bank bills were no fooner produced at Allworthy's defire, than he bleffed himfelf at the strangeness of the discovery. He presently told Nightingale, that thefe bank bills were formerly his, and then acquainted him with the whole affair. As there are no men who complain more of the frauds of business than highwaymen, gamesters, and other thieves of that kind; fo there are none who fo bitterly exclaim against the frauds of gamesters, &c. as usurers, brokers, and other thieves of this kind; whether it be that the one way of cheating is a difcountenance or reflection upon the other, or that money, which is the common mistress of all cheats, makes them regard each other in the light of rivals; but Nightingale no

fooner heard the story, than he exclaimed against the fellow in terms much severer than the justice and honesty of Allworthy had bestowed on him.

Allworthy defired Nightingale to retain both the money and the fecret till he should hear farther from him: and if he should in the mean time see the fellow, that he would not take the least notice to him of the discovery which he had made. He then returned to his lodgings, where he found Mrs. Miller in a very dejected condition, on account of the information she had received from her son-inlaw. Mr. Allworthy, with great cheerfulness, told her that he had much good news to communicate; and with little further preface acquainted her, that he had brought Mr. Nightingale to confent to fee his fon, and did not in the least doubt to effect a perfect reconciliation between them; though he found the father more foured by another accident of the same kind, which had happened in his family. He then mentioned the running away of the uncle's daughter, which he had been told by the old gentleman, and which Mrs. Miller, and her fon-in-law, did not yet know.

The Reader may suppose Mrs. Miller received this account with great thankfulness and not less pleafure; but so uncommon was her friendship to Jones, that I am not certain whether the uneasiness she suffered for his sake, did not overbalance her fatisfaction at hearing a piece of news tending so

much to the happiness of her own family; nor whether even this very news, as it reminded her of the obligations she had to Jones, did not hurt as well as please her; when her grateful heart said to her, "While my own family is happy, how, miserable is the poor creature, to whose genero, fity we owe the beginning of all this happiness!"

Allworthy having left her a little while to chew the cud, if I may use that expression, on these first tidings, told her, he had still something more to impart, which he believed would give her pleasure. "I think," faid he, "I have discov-,, ered a pretty confiderable treasure belonging to " the young gentleman, your friend; but perhaps " indeed, his prefent fituation may be fuch, that it " will be of no fervice to him." The latter part of the speech gave Mrs. Miller to understand who was meant, and she answered with a sigh, "I hope ,, not, Sir." "I hope so too," cries Allworthy, with all my heart; but my nephew told me this , morning, he had heard a very bad account of ", the affair." — " Good Heaven! Sir," faid she. — , Well, I must not speak, and yet it is certainly , very hard to be obliged to hold one's tongue , when one hears"—Madam," faid Allworthy, " you may fay whatever you please; you know " me too well to think I have a prejudice against ,, any one; and as for that young man, I affure , you I should be heartily pleased to find he could " acquit himself of every thing, and particularly of " this fad affair. You can testify the affection I have

" formerly borne him. The world, I know, censured " me for loving him so much. I did not withdraw " that affection from him without thinking I had " the justest cause. Believe me, Mrs. Miller, I " should be glad to find I have been mistaken." Mrs. Miller was going eagerly to reply, when a servant acquainted her, that a gentleman without desired to speak with her immediately. Allworthy then inquired for his nephew, and was told, that he had been for some time in his room with the gentleman who used to come to him, and whom Mr. Allworthy guessing rightly to be Mr. Dowling, he desired presently to speak with him.

When Dowling attended, Allworthy put the case of the bank notes to him, without mentioning any name, and asked in what manner such a person might be punished. To which Dowling answered, he thought he might be indicted on the Black Act; but said, as it was a matter of some nicety, it would be proper to go to counsel. He said he was to attend counsel presently, upon an affair of Mr. Western's, and if Mr. Allworthy pleased, he would lay the case before them. This was agreed to, and then Mrs. Miller opening the door, cry'd, "I ask pardon, I did not know you, had company;" but Allworthy desired her to come in, saying, he had sinished his business. Upon which Mr. Dowling withdrew, and Mrs. Miller introduced Mr. Nightingale the younger, to return thanks for the great kindness done him by Allworthy;

but she had scarce patience to let the young gentleman finish his speech before she interrupted him, faying, "O Sir, Mr. Nightingale brings great news " about poor Mr. Jones; he has been to fee the " wounded gentleman, who is out of all danger " of death, and, what is more, declares he fell , upon poor Mr. Jones himself, and beat him. I , am fure, Sir, you would not have Mr. Jones be ,, a coward. If I was a man myself, I am sure if , any man was to strike me, I should draw my " fword. Do pray, my dear, tell Mr. Allworthy, " tell him all yourfelf." Nightingale then confirmed what Mrs. Miller had faid; and concluded with many handsome things of Jones, who was, he faid, one of the best natured fellows in the world, and not in the least inclined to be quarrelfome. Here Nightingale was going to cease, when Mrs. Miller again begged him to relate all the many dutiful expressions he had heard him make use of towards Mr. Allworthy. "To fay the utmost good, of Mr. Allworthy," cries Nightingale, "is doing " no more than strict justice, and can have no , merit in it; but indeed I must say, no man can , be more fensible of the obligations he has to fo , good a man, than is poor Jones. Indeed, Sir, I ,, am convinced the weight of your displeasure is , the heaviest burden he lies under. He has often , lamented it to me, and has as often protested in , the most solemn manner he had never been in-, tentionally guilty of any offence towards you; " nay, he has fworn he would rather die a thou-, fand deaths than he would have his confcience

, upbraid him with one difrespectful, ungrateful, " or undutiful thought towards you. But I ask " pardon, Sir, I am afraid I presume to intermeddle " too far in so tender a point." " You have spoke ", no more than what a Christian ought," cries Mrs. Miller. "Indeed, Mr. Nightingale," anfwered Allworthy, "I applaud your generous ,, friendship, and I wish he may merit it of you. , I confess I am glad to hear the report you bring ,, from this unfortunate gentleman; and if that mat-, ter should turn out to be as you represent it, , and indeed I doubt nothing of what you fay, I " may perhaps, in time, be brought to think bet-,, ter than lately I have of this young man: for " this good gentlewoman here, nay all who know , me, can witness that Ploved him as dearly as , if he had been my own fon. Indeed I have con-, fidered him as a child fent by fortune to my , care. I still remember the innocent, the helpless , fituation in which I found him. I feel the tender , pressure of his little hands at this moment. -" He was my darling, indeed he was." At which words he ceased, and the tears stood in his eyes.

As the answer which Mrs. Miller made may lead us into fresh matters, we will here stop to account for the visible alteration in Mr. Allworthy's mind, and the abatement of his anger to Jones. Revolutions of this kind, it is true, do frequently occur in histories and dramatic writers, for no other reason than because the history or play draws to a conclusion, and are justified by authority of

authors; yet though we infift upon as much authority as any author whatever, we shall use this power very sparingly, and never but when we are driven to it by necessity, which we do not at present foresee will happen in this Work.

This alteration then in the mind of Mr. Allworthy, was occasioned by a letter he had just received from Mr. Square, and which we shall give the Reader in the beginning of the next Chapter.

CHAP. IV.

Containing two Letters in very different Styles.

" My worthy Friend,

Informed you in my last, that I was forbid, den the use of the waters, as they were sound
, by experience rather to increase than lessen the
, symptoms of my distemper. I must now acquaint
, you with a piece of news, which, I believe,
, will afflict my friends more than it has as, slicted me. Dr. Harrington and Dr. Brewester have informed me, that there is no hopes
, of my recovery.

"I have fomewhere read, that the great use, of philosophy is to learn to die. I will not, therefore so far disgrace mine, as to show any

, furprise at receiving a lesson which I must , be thought, to have so long studied. Yet, to " fay the truth, one page of the Gospel teaches this n lesson better than all the volumes of ancient or , modern philosophers. The assurance it gives us , of another life is a much stronger support to a , good mind, than all the confolations that are , drawn from the necessity of nature, the emptiness , or fatiety of our enjoyments here, or any other , topic of those declamations which are fometimes , capable of arming our minds with a stubborn , patience in bearing the thoughts of death; but , never of raising them to a real contempt of it, ,, and much less of making us think it a real good. .. I would not here be understood to throw the , horrid censure of atheism, or even the absolute , denial of immortality, on all who are called " philosophers. Many of that fect, as well ancient ,, as modern, have, from the light of reason, dis-, covered fome hopes of a future state; but, in ,, reality, that light was fo faint and glimmering, ,, and the hopes were fo uncertain and precarious, , that it may be justly doubted on which fide their , belief turned. Plato himfelf concludes his Phædon ,, with declaring, that his best arguments amount ,, only to raise a probability; and Cicero himself , feems rather to profess an inclination to believe, than ,, any actual belief in the doctrines of immortality. ,, As to myfelf, to be very fincere with you, " I never was much in earnest in this faith, till , I was in earnest a Christian.

"You will perhaps wonder at the latter ex", pression, but I assure you it has not been till
", very lately, that I could, with truth, call myself
", so. The pride of philosophy had intoxicated
", my reason, and the sublimest of all wisdom ap", peared to me, as it did to the Greeks of old,
", to be soolishness. God has however been so
", gracious to show me my error in time, and to
", bring me into the way of tauth, before I sunk
", into utter darkness for ever.

"I find myself beginning to grow weak. I , shall therefore hasten to the main purpose of , this letter.

"When I reflect on the actions of my past, life, I know of nothing which sits heavier ,, upon my conscience, than the injustice I have ,, been guilty of to that poor wretch, your adopted " fon. I have indeed not only connived at the , villany of others, but been myfelf active in in-" justice towards him. Believe me, my dear friend, " when I tell you, on the word of a dying man, " he has been basely injured. As to the principal " fact, upon the mifrepresentation of which you , discarded him, I folemnly affure you he is in-" nocent. When you lay upon your supposed " death-bed, he was the only person in the house " who testified any real concern; and what happened afterwards arose from the wildness of his , joy on your recovery; and, I am forry to fay , it, from the baseness of another person, but it Vol. IV.

" is my defire to justify the innocent, and to accuse none. Believe me, my friend, this young man has the noblest generosity of heart, the most perfect capacity for friendship, the highest integrity, and indeed every virtue which can ennoble a man. He has some faults, but among them is not to be numbered the least want of duty or gratitude towards you. On the contrary, I am satisfied when you dismissed him from your house, his heart bled for you more, than for himself.

"Worldly motives were the wicked and base, reasons of my concealing this from you so long; to reveal it now I can have no inducement but, the desire of serving the cause of truth, of doing, right to the innocent, and of making all the amends in my power for a past offence. I hope, this declaration therefore will have the effect, desired, and will restore this deserving young, man to your favor; the hearing of which, while, I am yet alive, will afford the utmost consolation, to,

"Sir,

" Your most obliged,

3) Obedient humble Servant,

" Thomas Square."

The Reader will, after this, scarce wonder at the revolution so visibly appearing in Mr. Allworthy, notwithstanding he received from Thwackum, by the same post, another letter of a very different kind, which we shall here add, as it may possibly be the last time we shall have occasion to mention the name of that gentleman.

" Sir,

"I am not at all furprifed at hearing from your worthy nephew a fresh instance of the villany of Mr. Square the atheist's young pupil. I shall not wonder at any murders he may commit; and I heartily pray that your own blood may not seal up his final commitment to the place of wailing and gnashing of teeth.

"Though you cannot want fufficient calls to prepentance for the many unwarrantable weak-neffes exemplified in your behaviour to this wretch, so much to the prejudice of your own lawful family, and of your character. I say, tho these may sufficiently be supposed to prick and goad your conscience at this season; I should yet be wanting to my duty, if I spared to give you some admonition, in order to bring you to a due sense of your errors. I therestore pray you seriously to consider the judgement which is likely to overtake this wicked villain; and let it serve at least as a warning to you, that you may not for the suture despise

" the advice of one who is so indefatigable in his " prayers for your welfare.

"Had not my hand been with-held from due , correction, I had fcourged much of this diabo-, lical spirit out of a boy, of whom from his , infancy I discovered the devil had taken such , entire possession; but reflections of this kind now , come too late.

"I am forry you have given away the living of Westerton so hastily. I should have applied on that occasion earlier, had I thought you would not have acquainted me previous to the disposition.—Your objection to pluralities is being righteous over-much. If there were any crime in the practice, so many godly men would not agree to it. If the vicar of Aldergrove should die, as we hear he is in a declining way, I hope you will think of me, since I am certain you must be convinced of my most sincere attachment to your highest welfare. A welfare to which all worldly considerations are as trisling as the small tithes mentioned in Scripture are, when compared to the weighty matters of the law.

" I am, Sir,

" Your faithful humble Servant,

" Roger Thwackum."

Ch. 4.

This was the first time Thwackum ever wrote in this authoritative style to Allworthy, and of this he had afterwards fufficient reason to repent, as is the case of those who mistake the highest degree of goodness for the lowest degree of weakness. Allworthy had indeed never liked this man. He knew him to be proud and ill-natured; he also knew that his Divinity itself was tinctured with his temper, and fuch as in many respects he himself did by no means approve: but he was at the fame time an excellent scholar, and most indefatigable in teaching the two lads. Add to this the strict feverity of his life and manners, an unimpeached honesty, and a most devout attachment to religion. So that upon the whole, though Allworthy did not esteem nor love the man, yet he could never bring himfelf to part with a tutor to the boys, who was, both by learning and industry, extremely well qualified for his office; and he hoped, that as they were bred up in his own house, and under his own eye, he should be able to correct whatever was wrong in Thwackum's instructions.

CHAP. V.

In which the History is continued.

MR. Allworthy, in his last speech, had recollected some tender ideas concerning Jones, which had brought tears into the good man's eyes. This Mrs. Miller observing, faid, "Yes, yes, Sir, , your goodness to this poor young man is known, , notwithstanding all your care to conceal it; but , there is not a fingle fyllable of truth in what , those villains faid. Mr. Nightingale has now , discovered the whole matter. It feems these ,, fellows were employed by a Lord, who is a ,, rival of poor Mr. Jones, to have pressed him on " board a ship. — I assure them I don't know who ,, they will press next. Mr. Nightingale here has " feen the officer himself, who is a very pretty , gentleman, and has told him all, and is very " forry for what he undertook, which he would , never have done, had he known Mr. Jones to , have been a gentleman; but he was told that , he was a common strolling vagabond."

Allworthy stared at all this, and declared he was a stranger to every word she faid. "Yes, Sir," answered she, "I believe you are.—It is a very, different story, I believe, from what those sel-, lows told the lawyer."

"What lawyer, Madam? What is it you, mean?" faid Allworthy. "Nay, nay," faid

she, "this is so like you to deny your own good, ness; but Mr. Nightingale here saw him."

"Saw whom, Madam?" answered he. "Why

"your lawyer, Sir," said she, "that you so kindly

"fent to inquire into the affair." "I am still in , the dark upon my honor," faid Allworthy. , Why then do you tell him, my dear Sir," cries fhe. "Indeed, Sir," faid Nightingale, "I did fee , that very lawyer who went from you when I , came into the room, at an alehouse at Aldersgate, n in company with two of the fellows who were , employed by Lord Fellamar to press Mr. Jones, ,, and who were by that means present at the ,, unhappy rencounter between him and Mr. Fitz-", patrick." "I own, Sir," faid Mrs. Miller, when I faw this gentleman come into the room ,, to you, I told Mr. Nightingale that I apprehended ,, you had fent him thither to inquire into the affair." Allworthy showed marks of astonishment in his countenance at this news, and was indeed for two or three minutes struck dumb by it. At last, addreffing himfelf to Mr. Nightingale, he faid, "I " must confess myself, Sir, more surprised at what ,, you tell me, than I have ever been before at any , thing in my whole life. Are you certain this " was the gentleman?" "I am most certain," answered Nightingale. "At Aldersgate?" cries Allworthy. "And was you in company with this " lawyer and the two fellows?" - "I was, Sir," faid the other, "very near half an hour."-"Well, Sir," faid Allworthy, " and in what

" manner did the lawyer behave? Did you hear " all that past between him and the fellows?" ", No, Sir," answered Nightingale, "they had " been together before I came. - In my presence , the lawyer faid little; but after I had feveral , times examined the fellows, who perfifted in a n story directly contrary to what I had heard " from Mr. Jones, and which I find by Mr. Fitz-, patrick was a rank falshood; the lawyer then , defired the fellows to fay nothing but what was ,, the truth, and feemed to speak so much in favor ,, of Mr. Jones, that when I faw the same person ,, with you, I concluded your goodness had , prompted you to fend him thither." - " And did " you not fend him thither?" fays Mrs. Miller.-" Indeed I did not," answered Allworthy; "nor , did I know he had gone on fuch an errand till , this moment. " - "I fee it all!" faid Mrs. Miller: "Upon my foul, I fee it all! No , wonder they have been closeted so close late-,, ly. Son' Nightingale, let me beg you run for " these fellows immediately — find them out if ", they are above ground. I will go myself."— ", Dear Madam," said Allworthy, " be patient, ,, and do me the favor to fend a fervant up stairs , to call Mr. Dowling hither, if he be in the , house, or if not, Mr. Blifil." Mrs. Miller went out muttering fomething to herfelf, and prefently returned with an answer, "That Mr. Dowling , was gone; but that the t'other, as she called him, " was coming."

Allworthy was of a cooler disposition than the good woman, whose spirits were all up in arms in the cause of her friend. He was not, however, without some suspicions which were near a-kin to hers. When Blisil came into the room, he asked him with a very serious countenance, and with a less friendly look than he had ever before given him, "Whether he knew any thing of Mr. Dowling's having seen any of the persons who were present at the duel between Jones and another gentleman?"

There is nothing fo dangerous as a question which comes by furprife on a man, whose business it is to conceal truth, or to defend falshood. For which reason those worthy personages, whose noble office it is to fave the lives of their fellow creatures at the Old Bailey, take the utmost care, by frequent previous examinations, to divine every question, which may be asked their clients on the day of trial, that they may be supplied with proper and ready answers, which the most fertile invention cannot supply in an instant. Besides, the sudden and violent impulse on the blood, occasioned by these furprifes, causes frequently such an alteration in the countenance, that the man is obliged to give evidence against himself. And such indeed were the alterations which the countenance of Blifil underwent from this fudden question, that we can scarce blame the eagerness of Mrs. Miller, who immediately cried out, "Guilty, upon my honor! Guilty, " upon my foul!"

Mr. Allworthy sharply rebuked her for this impetuosity; and then turning to Blissl, who seemed sinking into the earth, he said, "Why do you, hesitate, Sir, at giving me an answer? You, certainly must have employed him; for he would, not, of his own accord, I believe, have understaken such an errand, and especially without, acquainting me."

Blifil then answered, "I own, Sir, I have been " guilty of an offence, yet may I hope for your " pardon?"—"My pardon?" faid Allworthy, very angrily .- " Nay, Sir," answered Blifil, "I knew , you would be offended; yet furely my dear uncle will forgive the effects of the most amiable of , human weaknesses. Compassion for those who ,, do not deserve it, I own, is a crime; and yet it , is a crime from which you yourfelf are not entire-, ly free. I know I have been guilty of it in more , than one instance to this very man; and I will , own I did fend Mr. Dowling, not on a vain and , fruitless inquiry, but to discover the witnesses, , and to endeavour to foften their evidence. This, , Sir, is the truth; which, though I intended to , conceal from you, I will not deny."

[&]quot;I confess," faid Nightingale, "this is the light, in which it appeared to me from the gentleman's behaviour."

[&]quot; Now, Madam," faid Allworthy, "I believe ,, you will once in your life own you have

" entertained a wrong suspicion, and are not so " angry with my nephew as you was."

Mrs. Miller was filent; for though she could not so hastily be pleased with Blisil, whom she looked upon to have been the ruin of Jones, yet in this particular instance he had imposed upon her as well as the rest; so entirely had the devil stood his friend. And indeed, I look upon that vulgar observation,—That the devil often deserts his friends, and leaves them in the lurch,—to be a great abuse on that gentleman's character. Perhaps he may sometimes desert those who are only his cup acquaintance; or who, at most, are but half his; but he generally stands by those who are thoroughly his servants, and helps them off in all extremities, till their bargain expires.

As a conquered rebellion strengthens a government, or as health is more perfectly established by recovery, from some diseases; so anger, when removed, often gives new life to affection. This was the case of Mr. Allworthy; for Blish having wiped off the greater suspicion, the lesser, which had been raised by Square's letter, sunk of course, and was forgotten; and Thwackum, with whom he was greatly offended, bore alone all the reslections which Square had cast on the enemies of Jones.

As for that young man, the refentment of Mr. Allworthy began more and more to abate towards him. He told Blifil, "he did not only forgive the

" extraordinary efforts of his good-nature, but " would give him the pleasure of following his " example." Then turning to Mrs. Miller, with a smile which would have become an angel, he cried, "What say you, Madam; shall we take a " hackney-coach, and all of us together pay a " visit to your friend? I promise you it is not the " first visit I have made in a prison."

Every Reader, I believe, will be able to answer for the vorthy woman; but they must have a great deal of good-nature and be well acquainted with friendship, who can feel what she felt on this occafion. Few, I hope, are capable of feeling what now passed in the mind of Blifil; but those who arc, will acknowledge, that it was impossible for him to raife any objection to this visit. Fortune, however, or the gentleman lately mentioned above, flood his friend, and prevented his undergoing fo great a shock: for at the very instant when the coach was fent for, Partridge arrived, and having called Mrs. Miller from the company, acquainted her with the dreadful accident lately come to light; and hearing Mr. Allworthy's intention, begged her to find fome means of stopping him; "For," fays he, "the matter must at ,, all hazards be kept a fecret from him; and if he , should now go, he will find Mr. Jones and his , mother, who arrived just as I left him, lament-,, ing over one another the horrid crime they had " ignorantly committed."

The poor woman, who was almost deprived of her fenses at this dreadful news, was never less capable of invention than appresent. However, as women are much readier at this than men, she bethought herself of an excuse, and returning to Allworthy, faid, "I am fure, Sir, , you will be furprifed at hearing any objection , from me to the kind proposal you just now made; ,, and yet I am afraid of the confequence of it, , if carried immediately into execution. You must , imagine, Sir, that all the calamities which have " lately befallen this poor young fellow, must " have thrown him into the lowest dejection of " spirits: and now, Sir, should we all on a sudden " fling him into fuch a violent fit of joy as I know " your presence will occasion, it may, I am afraid, , produce fome fatal mischief, especially as his " fervant, who is without, tells me he is very far " from being well."

"Is his fervant without?" cries Allworthy; , Pray call him hither. I will ask him some quef, tions concerning his Master."

Partridge was at first asraid to appear before Mr. Allworthy; but was at length persuaded, after Mrs. Miller, who had often heard his whole story from his own mouth, had promised to introduce him.

Allworthy recollected Partridge the moment he came into the room, though many years had passed

fince he had feen him. Mrs. Miller therefore might have spared here a formal oration, in which indeed she was somew prolix: for the Reader, I believe, may have observed already that the good woman, among other things, had a tongue always ready for the service of her friends.

"And are you," faid Allworthy to Partridge, ,, the fervant of Mr. Jones?" "I can't fay, Sir," answered he, "that I am regularly a servant, but I ,, live with him, an't please your Honor, at present. , Non sum qualis cram, as your Honor very well ,, knows."

Mr. Allworthy then asked him many questions concerning Jones, as to his health, and other matters; to all which Partridge answered, without having the least regard to what was, but considering only what he would have things appear; for a strict adherence to truth was not among the articles of this honest fellow's morality, or his religion.

During this dialogue Mr. Nightingale took his leave, and prefently after Mrs. Miller left the room, when Allworthy likewife difpatched Blifil; for he imagined that Partridge, when alone with him, would be more explicit than before company. They were no fooner left in private together, than Allworthy began as in the following Chapter.

CHAP. VI.

In which the History is farther continued.

SURE, friend," faid the good man, "you, are the strangest of all human beings. Not only, to have suffered as you have formerly, for obstimately persisting in a falshood; but to persist in, it thus to the last, and to pass thus upon the world for the servant of your own son! What interest, can you have in all this? What can be your motive?"

"I fee, Sir," faid Partridge, falling down upon his knees, "that your Honor is prepossessed against, me, and resolved not to believe any thing I, say, and therefore what signifies my protestations? But yet there is one above who knows that I am, not the father of this young man.

"How!" faid Allworthy, "Will you yet deny what you was formerly convicted of upon fuch unanswerable, such manifest evidence? Nay, what a confirmation is your being now found with this very man, of all which twenty years ago appeared against you. I thought you had left the country; nay, I thought you had been long since dead.—In what manner did you know any thing of this young man? Where did you meet with him, unless you had kept some correspondence together? Do not deny this; for I promise

" you it will greatly raise your son in my opinion, " to find that he has such a sense of filial duty, " as privately to support his father so many years."

" If your Honor will have patience to hear " me, "sfaid Partridge, " I will tell you all." Being bid go on, he proceeded thus: "When your " Honor conceived that displeasure against me, ; it ended in my ruin foon after; for I lost my , little fchool; and the minister, thinking I " fuppose, it would be agreeable to your Honor, turned me out from the office of clerk; fo , that I had nothing to trust to but the barber's ,, shop, which, in a country place like that, is a poor livelihood; and when my wife died, n for till that time I received a pension of 12 l. , a year from an unknown hand, which in-" deed I believe was your Honor's own, for no , body that ever I heard of does these things " besides; but as I was saying, when she died, , this pension forlook me, so that now as I " owed two or three fmall debts, which began , to be troublesome to me, particularly one *

which

^{*} This is a fact which I knew happen to a poor clergyman in Dorfetshire, by the villany of an attorney, who not contented with the exorbitant costs to which the poor man was put by a fingle action, brought afterwards another action on the judgment, as it was called. A method frequently used to oppress the poor, and bring money into the pockets of attornies, to the great scandal of the law, of the nation, of christianity, and even of human nature itself.

" which an attorney brought up by law-charges " from 15 s. to near 30 l. and as I found all my " usual means of living had forsook me, I packed " up my little all as well as I could, and went off.

"The first place I came to was Salisbury, where , I got into the fervice of a gentleman belonging ,, to the law, and one of the best gentlemen that , ever I knew; for he was not only good to me, " but I know a thousand good and charitable acts ,, which he did while I staid with him; and I , have known him often refuse business, because " it was paultry and oppressive." — "You need " not be so particular," faid Allworthy; "I know " this gentleman, and a very worthy man he is, " and an honor to his profession." — "Well, " Sir," continued Partridge, " from hence I re-,, moved to Lymington, where I was above three , years in the fervice of another lawyer, who , was likewise a very good fort of a man, and , to be fure one of the merriest gentlemen in England. Well, Sir, at the end of the three ,, years I fet up a little fchool, and was likely , to do well again, had it not been for a most un-, lucky accident. Here I kept a pig; and one a day, as ill fortune would have it, this pig broke " out, and did a trespass I think they call it, in " a garden belonging to one of my neighbours, , who was a proud, revengeful man, and em-" ployed a lawyer, one—one—I can't think of , his name; but he fent for a writ against me, ,, and had me to Size. When I came there, Lord VOL. IV.

" have mercy upon me —to hear what the counfellors " faid. There was one that told my Lord a parcel , of the confoundedest lies about me; he said, that , I used to drive my hogs into other folks gardens, ,, and a great deal more; and at last he said, he " hoped I had at last brought my hogs to a fair , market. To be fure, one would have thought, , that instead of being owner only of one poor " little pig, I had been the greatest hog-merchant " in England. Well"—" Pray," said Allworthy, " do not be so particular. I have heard nothing " of your son yet." "O it was a great many " years," answered Partridge, " before I saw my " fon, as you are pleased to call him. — I went , over to Ireland after this, and taught school at " Cork, for that one fuit ruined me again, and I , lay feven years in Winchester gaol. "-"Well," faid Allworthy, " pass that over till your return to England." - "Then, Sir," faid he, "it was , about half a year ago that I landed at Bristol, " where I stayed some time, and not finding it do , there, and hearing of a place between that and " Gloucester, where the barber was just dead, I , went thither, and there I had been about two , month's when Mr. Jones came thither." He then gave Allworthy a very particular account of their first meeting, and of every thing, as well as he could remember, which had happened from that day to this; frequently interlarding his story with panegyrics on Jones, and not forgetting to infinuate the great love and respect which he had

for Allworthy. He concluded with faying, "Now, ,, Sir, I have told your Honor the whole truth." And then repeated a most folemn protestation, ,, That he was no more the father of Jones than ,, of the Pope of Rome; and imprecated the most bitter curses on his head, if he did not speak truth.

"What am I to think of this matter?" cries Allworthy. "For what purpose should you so , strongly deny a fact, which I think it would , be rather your interest to own?"—"Nay, Sir," answered Partridge, for he could hold no longer, , if your Honor will not believe me, you are like , soon to have satisfaction enough. I wish you , had mistaken the mother of this young man, as , well as you have his father."— And now being asked what he meant, with all the symptoms of horror, both in his voice and countenance, he told Allworthy the whole story, which he had a little before expressed such a desire to Mrs. Miller to conceal from him.

Allworthy was almost as much shocked at this discovery as Partridge himself had been while he related it. "Good Heavens!" says he, "in what, miserable distresses do vice and imprudence in, volve men! How much beyond our designs are, the effects of wickedness sometimes carried!" He had scarce uttered these words when Mrs. Waters came hastily and abruptly into the room. Partridge no sooner saw her, than he cried, "Here, Sir, here is the very woman herself. This is the

" unfortunate mother of Mr. Jones; I am sure she " will acquit me before your Honor.—— Pray, " Madam.—"

Mrs. Waters, without paying any regard to what Partridge faid, and almost without taking any notice of him, advanced to Mr. Allworthy., I believe, Sir, it is so long fince I had the homory nor of seeing you, that you do not recollect me."— "Indeed," answered Allworthy, "you are so youry much altered, on many accounts, that had not this man already acquainted me who you are, I should not have immediately called you, to my remembrance. Have you, Madam, any particular business which brings you to me?"— Allworthy spoke this with great reserve; for the Reader may easily believe he was not well pleased with the conduct of this Lady; neither with what he had formerly heard, nor with what Partridge had now delivered.

Mrs. Waters answered,— "Indeed, Sir, I have, wery particular business with you; and it is, such as I can impart only to yourself. — I must, desire therefore the favor of a word with you, alone; for I assure you, what I have to tell you, is of the utmost importance."

Partridge was then ordered to withdraw; but before he went, he begged the Lady to fatisfy Mr. Allworthy that he was perfectly innocent. To which she answered,—"You need be under no

" apprehension, Sir, I shall fatisfy Mr. Allworthy " very perfectly of that matter."

Then Partridge withdrew, and that past between Mr. Allworthy and Mrs. Waters which is written in the next Chapter.

CHAP. VII.

Continuation of the History.

MRS. Waters remaining a few moments filent, Mr. Allworthy could not refrain from faying, "I, am forry, Madam, to perceive, by what I have, fince heard, that you have made so very ill a, use"—" Mr. Allworthy," fays she, interrupting him, "I know I have faults, but ingratitude, to you is not one of them. I never can nor, shall forget your goodness, which I own I have very little deserved; but be pleased to wave all upbraiding me at present, as I have so import, ant an affair to communicate to you concerning this young man, to whom you have given my maiden name of Jones."

"Have I then," faid Allworthy, "ignorantly punished an innocent man, in the person of him who has just left us? Was he not the father of the child?"—" Indeed he was not," faid Mrs. Waters. "You may be pleased to remember, Sir, I formerly told you, you should one day know;

" and I acknowledge myself to have been guilty , of a cruel neglect in not having discovered it to "you before. Indeed I little knew how necessary "it was." — " Well, Madam," faid Allworthy, " be pleased to proceed." "You must remember, " Sir," faid she "a young fellow, whose name was " Summer." " Very well," cries Allworthy, " he , was the fon of a clergyman of great learning and " virtue, for whom I had the highest friendship." " So it appeared, Sir," answered she; " for I , believe you bred the young man up, and main-, tained him at the university; where, I think, , he had finished his studies, when he came to , reside at your house; a finer man, I must say, , the fun never shone upon; for, besides the " handsomest person I ever saw, he was so gen-" teel, and had so much wit and good breeding." " Poor gentleman," faid Allworthy, "he was in-" deed untimely fnatched away; and little did I " think he had any fins of this kind to answer " for; for I plainly perceive, you are going to " tell me he was the father of your child."

"Indeed, Sir," answered she, "he was not."
"How?" said Allworthy, "to what then tends
"all this preface?" "To a story, Sir," said she,
"which I am concerned salls to my lot to unfold
to you.—O, Sir, prepare to hear something
"which will surprise you, will grieve you." "Speak,"
said Allworthy, "I am conscious of no crime, and
cannot be afraid to hear."—"Sir," said she,
that Mr. Summer, the son of your friend,

" educated at your expense, who, after living a , year in the house as if he had been your own " fon, died there of the fmall-pox, was tenderly , lamented by you, and buried as if he had been , your own; that Summer, Sir, was the father of ", this child. "— " How!" faid Allworthy, "you " contradict yourfelf."— " That I do not," anfwered she; "he was indeed the father of this " child, but not by me." " Take care Madam," faid Allworthy, "do not, to shun the imputation " of any crime, be guilty of falshood. Remember , there is one from whom you can conceal nothing, , and before whose tribunal falshood will only " aggravate your guilt." "Indeed, Sir," fays she, , I am not his mother; nor would I now think " myfelf fo for the world." " I know your rea-" fon, " faid Allworthy, " and shall rejoice as much ,, as you to find it otherwise; yet you must re-" member, you yourself confest it before me."-" So far what I confest," faid she, "•was true, , that these hands conveyed the infant to your , bed; conveyed it thither at the command of its , mother; at her commands I afterwards owned ,, it, and thought myfelf, by her generofity, nobly " rewarded, both for my fecrecy and my shame." " Who could this woman be?" faid Allworthy. " Indeed I tremble to name her," answered Mrs. Waters. " By all this preparation I am to guess , that she was a relation of mine," cried he. " Indeed she was a near one." At which words Allworthy started, and she continued — "You, had a sister, Sir." — "A sister!" repeated he,

looking aghast. - "As there is truth in Heaven," cries she, "your sister was the mother of " that child you found between your sheets." " Can it be possible?" cries he, "Good Hea-" vens! " "Have patience, Sir," faid Mrs. Waters, " and I will unfold to you the whole , story. Just after your departure for London, " Miss Bridget came one day to the house of my , mother. She was pleafed to fay she had heard ,, an extraordinary character of me, for my learning " and superior understanding to all the young " women there, so she was pleased to say. She , then bid me come to her to the great house; , where when I attended, she employed me to " read to her. She expressed great satisfaction in ,, my reading, showed great kindness to me, and , made me many presents. At last she began to , catechife me on the subject of secrecy to which , I gave her fuch fatisfactory answers, that, at last , having locked the door of her room, she took ,, me into her closet, and then locking that door , likewife, she faid, she would convince me of the " vast reliance she had on my integrity, by , communicating a fecret in which her honor, " and consequently her life, was concerned. She " then stopt, and after a silence of a few minutes, , during which she often wiped her eyes, she in-, quired of me, if I thought my mother might " fafely be confided in. I answered, I would stake , my life on her fidelity. She then imparted , to me the great fecret which labored in

, her breast, and which, I believe, was deliver-" ed with more pains than she afterwards suf-" fered in child-birth. It was then contrived, , that my mother and myself only should attend " at the time, and that Mrs. Wilkins should be " fent out of the way, as fhe accordingly was, to , the very farthest part of Dorsetshire, to inquire , the character of a fervant; for the Lady had , turned away her own maid near three months " before; during all which time I officiated about ,, her person upon trial, as she said, tho', as she " afterwards declared, I was not fufficiently handy " for the place. This, and many other fuch things ,, which she used to say of me, were all thrown , out to prevent any suspicion which Wilkins might hereafter have, when I was to own the , child; for the thought it could never be believed " fhe would venture to hurt a young woman with " whom she had intrusted such a secret. You may " be assured, Sir, I was well paid for all these " affronts, which, together with being informed , with the occasion of them, very well contented me. Indeed the Lady had a greater fuspicion of , Mrs. Wilkins than of any other person; not that ,, she had the least aversion to the gentlewoman, " but she thought her incapable of keeping a secret, " especially from you, Sir: for I have often heard " Miss Bridget say, that if Mrs. Wilkins had com-, mitted a murder, she believed she would acquaint " you with it. At last the expected day came, ,, and Mrs. Wilkins, who had been kept a week in , readiness, and put off from time to time, upon

" fome pretence or other, that she might not return too soon, was dispatched. Then the child was born, in the presence only of myself and my mother, and was by my mother conveyed to her own house, where it was privately kept by her till the evening of your return, when I, by the command of Miss Bridget, conveyed it into the bed where you found it. And all suspicions were afterwards laid assep by the artful conduct of your sister, in pretending ill-will to the boy, and that any regard she showed him was out of mere complaisance to you."

Mrs. Waters then made many protestations of the truth of this story, and concluded by faying, "Thus, Sir, you have at last discovered your nephew; for so I am sure you will hereaster think him, and I question not but he will be both an honor, and a comfort to you under that appellation."

"I need not, Madam," faid Allworthy, "express my astonishment at what you have told me; and yet surely you would not, and could not, have put together so many circumstances to evidence an untruth. I confess, I recollect some passages relating to that Summer, which formerly gave me a conceit, that my sister had some liking to him. I mentioned it to her: for I had such a regard to the young man, as well on his own account, as on his father's, that I should willingly have consented to a match between them; but she express the highest disdain of my unkind

, fuspicion, as she called it; so that I never spoke , more on the subject. Good Heavens! Well! , the Lord disposes all things. - Yet fure it was ,, a most unjustifiable conduct in my fister to carry , this fecret with her out of the world." " I pro-" mife you, Sir," faid Mrs. Waters, " she always " profest a contrary intention, and frequently told , me, she intended one day to communicate it to , you. She faid indeed, she was highly rejoiced , that her plot had fucceeded fo well, and that ,, you had of your own accord taken fuch a fancy " to the child, that it was yet unnecessary to make ,, any express declaration. Oh! Sir, had that Lady " lived to have feen this poor young man turned " like a vagabond from your house; nay, Sir, , could she have lived to hear that you had your-,, felf employed a lawyer to profecute him for a " murder of which he was not guilty - Forgive " me, Mr. Allworthy, I must say it was unkind.— " Indeed you have been abused, he never deserved ", it of you." "Indeed, Madam," faid Allworthy, "I have been abused by the person, whoever , he was, that told you fo." "Nay, Sir," faid she, "I would not be mistaken, I did not presume , to fay you were guilty of any wrong; the gen-, tleman, who came to me, proposed no such , matter: he only faid, taking me for Mr. Fitz-" patrick's wife, that if Mr. Jones had murdered ,, my husband, I should be affisted with any mo-, ney I wanted to carry on the profecution, by a , very worthy gentleman, who, he faid, was well , apprized what a villain I had to deal with. It

was by this man I found out who Mr. Jones was; and this man, whose name is Dowling, Mr. Jones tells me, is your steward. I discovered his name by a very odd accident; for he himfelf refused to tell it me; but Partridge, who met him at my lodgings the second time he came, knew him formerly at Salisbury."

"And did this Mr. Dowling," fays Allworthy, with great aftonishment in his countenance, "tell, you that I would affist in the prosecution?"—, No, Sir," answered she, "I will not charge him wrongfully. He said I should be affisted, but he mentioned no name.—Yet you must pardon me, Sir, if from circumstances I thought it, could be no other."—"Indeed, Madam," says Allworthy, "from circumstances I am too well, convinced it was another.—Good Heaven! by what wonderful means is the blackest and deepest villany sometimes discovered!—Shall I beg you, Madam, to stay till the person you have mentioned comes; for I expect him every minute; nay, he may be, perhaps, already in the house."

'Allworthy then stept to the door, in order to call a servant, when in came, not Mr. Dowling, but the gentleman who will be seen in the next Chapter.

CHAP. VIII.

Further Continuation.

THE gentleman who now arrived was no other than Mr Western. He no sooner law Allworthy, than, without confidering in the leaft the presence of Mrs. Waters, he began to vociferate in the following manner: "Fine doings at my " house! A rare kettle of fish I have discovered ,, at last; who the devil would be plagued with a " daughter?" "What's the matter, neighbour?" faid Allworthy. " Matter enough," answered Western; "when I thought she was a just coming , to; nay, when she had in a manner promised ,, me to do as I would ha her, and when I was , a hoped to have had nothing more to do than to , have fent for the lawyer, and finished all. What , do you think I have found out? that the little , b- has bin playing tricks with me all the while, ,, and carrying on a correspondence with that , bastard of yours. Sister Western, whom I have ,, quarrelled with upon her account, fent me , word o't, and I ordered her pockets to be fearch-, ed when she was asleep, and here I have got ,, un figned with the fon of a whore's own name. " I have not had patience to read half o't, for "'tis longer than one of Parson Supple's fermons; ,, but I find plainly it is all about love; and indeed " what should it be else? I have packed her up in , chamber again, and to-morrow morning down , fhe goes into the country, unless she consents to

" be married directly, and there she shall live in a , garret upon bread and water all her days; and , the fooner such a b- breaks her heart the better, , though d-n her, that I believe is too tough. , She will live long enough to plague me." "Mr. "Western," answered Allworthy, "you know I , have always protested against force, and you " yourfelf confented that none should be used." "Ay," cries he, "that was only upon condition , that she would confent without. What the devil ,, and Doctor Faustus! shan't I do what I will , with my own daughter, especially when I desire " nothing but her own good?" "Well, neigh-" bour," answered Allworthy, " if you will give " me leave, I will undertake once to argue with " the young Lady." "Will you? faid Western, , why that is kind now and neighbourly, and , mayhap you will do more than I have been ,, able to do with her; for I promife you she has , a very good opinion of you." "Well, Sir," faid Allworthy, "if you will go home, and release ,, the young Lady from her captivity, I will wait , upon her within this half hour." - " But fup-" pose," said Western, "she should run away , with un in the mean time? for lawyer Dowling , tells me there is no hopes of hanging the fellow ,, at last; for that the man is alive, and like to do , well, and that he thinks Jones will be out of " prison again presently."— "How!" faid Allworthy, "what did you employ him then to in-, quire, or to do any thing in that matter?" "Not

"I," answered Western, "he mentioned it to " me just now of his own accord." -- " Just now!" cries Allworthy, "why where did you fee him , then? I want much to fee Mr. Dowling." -" Why you may fee un an you will prefently at " my lodgings; for there is to be a meeting of " Lawyers there this morning, about a mortgage. "—Icod! I shall lose two or three thousand "pounds, I believe, by that honest gentleman, "Mr. Nightingale."—"Well, Sir, said Allworthy, "I will be with you within the half hour." "And do for once," cries the Squire, "take a "fool's advice; never think of dealing with her " by gentle methods; take my word for it, those , will never do. I have tried um long enough. , She must be frightened into it, there is no other , way. Tell her I'm her father; and of the horrid , fin of disobedience, and of the dreadful punish-, ment of it in t'other world, and then tell her , about being locked up all her life in a garret in " this, and being kept only on bread and water." " I will do all I can," faid Allworthy; "for I , promife you, there is nothing I wish for more than an alliance with this amiable creature." " Nay, the girl is well enough for matter o'that," cries the Squire, "a man may go farther and meet " with worse meat; that I may declare o'her, thof , she be my own daughter. And if she will but ,, be obedient to me, there is n'arrow a father , within a hundred miles o' the place, that loves , a daughter better than I do; but I fee you are

" bufy with the Lady here, fo I will go huome " and expect you, and fo your humble Servant."

As foon as Mr. Western was gone, Mrs. Waters faid, "I fee, Sir, the Squire has not the least, remembrance of my face. I believe, Mr. All-, worthy, you would not have known me neither. , I am very confiderably altered fince that day , when you fo kindly gave me that advice, which " I had been happy had I followed."—" Indeed, " Madam," cries Allworthy, "it gave me great, concern when I first heard the contrary." "In-, deed, Sir," fays she, "I was ruined by a very , deep scheme of villany, which if you knew, " though I pretend not to think it would justify me " in your opinion, it would at least mitigate my " offence, and induce you to pity me; you are , not now at leifure to hear my whole story; but , this I affure you, I was betrayed by the most ,, folemn promifes of marriage; nay, in the eye of , Heaven I was married to him: for after much " reading on the subject, I am convinced that par-" ticular ceremonies are only requifite to give a , legal fanction to marriage, and have only a , worldly use in giving a woman the privileges n of a wife; but that she who lives constant to one , man, after a folemn private affiance, whatever " the world may call her, has little to charge on " her own conscience." " I am forry, Madam," faid Allworthy, "you made fo ill an use of your , learning. Indeed it would have been well , that you had been possessed of much more, or .. had

, had remained in a state of ignorance. And yet, " Madam, I am afraid you have more than this , fin to answer for." "During his life," answered she, "which was above a dozen years, I most , folemnly affure you, I had not. And confider, , Sir, on my behalf, what is in the power of a " woman stript of her reputation, and left desti-, tute; whether the good-natured world will fuffer " fuch a stray sheep to return to the road of virtue, , even if she was never so desirous. I protest , then I would have chose it, had it been in my ,, power; but necessity drove me into the arms of , captain Waters, with whom, though still unmar-,, ried, I lived as a wife for many years, and " went by his name. I parted with this gentle-" man at Worcester, on his march against the , rebels, and it was then I accidentally met with , Mr. Jones, who refcued me from the hands of , a villain. Indeed he is the worthieft of men. " No young gentleman of his age is, I believe , freer from vice, and few have the twentieth , part of his virtues; nay, whatever vices he has , had, I am firmly perfuaded he has now taken " a refolution to abandon them." "I hope he , has," cries Allworthy, " and I hope he will pre-,, ferve that resolution. I must say I have still ,, the fame hopes with regard to yourfelf. The ,, world, I do agree, are apt to be too unmerci-" ful on these occasions; yet time and perseverance will get the better of this their difinclination, ,, as I may call it, to pity; for though they are ,, not, like Heaven, ready to receive a penitent VOL. IV.

" finner; yet a continued repentance will at length " obtain mercy even with the world. This you " may be affured of, Mrs. Waters, that whenever " I find you are fincere in fuch good intentions, " you shall want no affistance in my power to " make them effectual."

Mrs. Waters fell now upon her knees before him, and, in a flood of tears, made him many most passionate acknowledgments of his goodness, which, as she truly said, savoured more of the divine than human nature.

Allworthy raifed her up, and spoke in the most tender manner, making use of every expression which his invention could fuggest to comfort her, when he was interrupted by the arrival of Mr. Dowling, who, upon his first entrance, feeing Mrs. Waters, started, and appeared in some confufion: from which he foon recovered himself as well as he could, and then faid, he was in the utmost haste to attend council at Mr. Western's lodgings; but, however, thought it his duty to call and acquaint him with the opinion of council, upon the case which he had before told him, which was, that the conversion of moneys in that case could not be questioned in a criminal cause, but that an action of Trover might be brought, and if it appeared to the jury to be the moneys of plaintiff, that plaintiff would recover a verdict for the value.

Allworthy, without making any answer to this, bolted the door, and then advancing with a stern look to Dowling, he faid, "Whatever be your , haste, Sir, I must first receive an answer to some " questions. Do you know this Lady?"-"That " Lady, Sir?" answered Dowling, with great hesitation. Allworthy then, with the most folemn voice; faid, "Look you, Mr. Dowling, as you ,, value my favor, or your continuance a moment " longer in my fervice, do not hesitate nor prevari-, cate; but answer faithfully and truly to every , question I ask. - Do you know this Lady?"-"Yes, Sir," faid Dowling, "I have feen the " Lady." "Where, Sir?" "At her own lodgings." ,, -Upon what business did you go thither, Sir; " and who fent you?" "I went, Sir, to inquire, " Sir, about Mr. Jones." "And who fent you , to inquire about him?" "Who, Sir, why, Sir, " Mr. Blifil fent me." "And what did you fay " to the Lady concerning this matter?" "Nay, " Sir, it is impossible to recollect every word." , Will you please, Madam, to affist the gentle-" man's memory?" "He told me, Sir," faid Mrs. Waters, "that if Mr. Jones had murdered , my husband, I should be affisted with any " money I wanted to carry on the profecution, " by a very worthy gentleman, who was well " apprized what a villain I had to deal with." " These, I can fafely swear, were the very , words he spoke." - "Were these the words, " Sir?" faid Allworthy. "I cannot charge my " memory exactly," cries Dowling, " but I

" believe I did speak to that purpose."—" And " did Mr. Blisil order you to say so?" "I am sure, " Sir, I should not have gone on my own accord, " nor have willingly exceeded my authority in " matters of this kind. If I faid fo, I must have " fo understood Mr. Blifil's instructions." "Look "you, Mr. Dowling," faid Allworthy, " I pro-, mife you before this Lady, that whatever you , have done in this affair by Mr. Blifil's order, , I will forgive, provided you now tell me strictly , the truth: for I believe what you fay, that you would not have acted of your own accord, and without authority in this matter. —— Mr. "Blifil then likewise sent you to examine the two "fellows at Aldersgate?"—"He did, Sir." "Well, ,, and what inftructions did he then give you? " Recollect as well as you can, and tell me, as " near as possible, the very words he used."— " Why, Sir, Mr. Blisil sent me to find out the " perfons" who were eye-witnesses of this fight. "He faid, he feared they might be tampered "with by Mr. Jones, or fome of his friends. " He faid, blood required blood; and that not , only all who concealed a murderer, but those " who omitted any thing in their power to bring ,, him to justice, were sharers in his guilt. He ,, faid, he found you was very defirous of having ,, the villain brought to justice, though it was " not proper you should appear in it." "He did " fo?" faid Allworthy. —"Yes, Sir;" cries Dowling, "I should not, I am sure, have proceeded , fuch lengths for the fake of any other person

" living but your Worship." "What lengths, Sir?" faid Allworthy. - " Nay, Sir," cries Dowling, "I , would not have your Worship think I would on ,, any account, be guilty of subornation of perjury; , but there are two ways of giving evidence. " I told them therefore, that if any offer should " be made them on the other fide, they should ,, refuse them, and that they might be assured they , fhould lose nothing by being honest men, and , telling the truth. I faid, we were told, that " Mr. Jones had affaulted the gentleman first, and , that if that was the truth they should declare , it; and I did give them fome hints that they " fhould be no lofers." -- " I think you went " lengths indeed," cries Allworthy. —— " Nay, "Sir," answered Dowling, "I am fure I did not , defire them to tell an untruth; - nor should I , have faid what I did, unless it had been to oblige "you." - "You would not have thought, I be-" lieve," fays Allworthy, "to have obliged me, , had you known that this Mr. Jones was my " own nephew." - "I am fure, Sir," answered he, " it did not become me to take any notice of , what I thought you defired to conceal." ---"How!" cries Allworthy, "and did you know , it then?" — "Nay, Sir," answered Dowling, , if your Worship bids me speak the truth, I am " fure I shall do it. - Indeed, Sir, I did know it; ,, for they were almost the last words which Ma-, dam Blifil ever spoke, which she mentioned to me ,, as I stood alone by her bedside, when she deliver-" ed me the letter I brought your Worship from

" her." - "What letter?" cries Allworthy. "The , letter, Sir," answered Dowling, "which I brought , from Salisbury, and which I delivered into the " hands of Mr. Blifil." — " O Heavens!" cries Allworthy. "Well, and what were the words? " What did my fifter fay to you?"—" She took , me by the hand," answered he, " and as she , delivered me the letter, faid, I fcarce know what " I have written. Tell my brother, Mr. Joues is " his nephew——He is my fon.——Bless him, " fays she, and then fell backward, as if dying , away. I prefently called in the people, and she " never fpoke more to me, and died within a few " mieutes afterwards."—Allworthy stood a minute filent, lifting up his eyes, and then turning to Dowling, faid, - " How came you, Sir, not to " deliver me this meffage?" "Your Worship," answered he, "must remember that you was at " that time ill in bed; and being in a violent hurry, ,, as indeed I always am, I delivered the letter ,, and message to Mr. Blifil, who told me he " would carry them both to you, which he has ,, fince told me he did, and that your Worship, , partly out of friendship to Mr. Jones, and partly " out of regard to your fifter, would never have ,, it mentioned; and did intend to conceal it from , the world; and therefore, Sir, if you had not , mentioned it to me first, I am certain I should " never have thought it belonged to me to fay any , thing of the matter, either to your Worship, or , any other person."

We have remarked somewhere already, that it is possible for a man to convey a lie in the words of truth; this was the case at present: for Blissland, in fact, told Dowling what he now related; but had not imposed upon him, nor indeed had imagined that he was able so to do. In reality the promises which Blissland made to Dowling, were the motives which had induced him to secrecy; and as he very plainly saw Blissland would not be able to keep them, he thought proper now to make this confession, which the promises of forgiveness, joined to the threats, the voice, the looks of Allworthy, and the discoveries he had made before, extorted from him, who was besides taken unawares, and had no time to consider of evasions.

Allworthy appeared well fatisfied with this relation, and having enjoined on Dowling strict filence as to what had passed, conducted that gentleman himself to the door, lest he should see Bliss, who was returned to his chamber, where he exulted in the thoughts of his last deceit on his uncle, and little suspected what had since passed below stairs.

As Allworthy was returning to his room, he met Mrs. Miller in the entry, who, with a face all pale and full of terror, faid to him, "O, Sir!, I find this wicked woman has been with you, and you know all; yet do not on this account, abandon the poor young man. Confider, Sir, he was ignorant it was his own mother; and

" the discovery itself will most probably break " his heart without your unkindness.

"Madam," fays Allworthy, "I am under fuch , an astonishment at what I have heard, that I , am really unable to satisfy you; but come with , me into my room. Indeed, Mrs. Miller, I have , made surprising discoveries, and you shall soon , know them."

The poor woman followed him trembling; and now Allworthy going up to Mrs. Waters, took her by the hand, and then turning to Mrs. Miller, faid, "What reward shall I bestow upon this gen-,, tlewoman for the fervices she has done me?-"O! Mrs. Miller, you have a thousand times " heard me call the young man to whom you are " fo faithful a friend, my fon. Little did I then " think he was indeed related to me at all. —— Your friend, Madam, is my nephew; he is the " brother of that wicked viper which I have fo " long nourished in my bosom. — She will herself , tell you the whole story, and how the youth " came to pass for her son. Indeed Mrs. Miller, , I am convinced that he has been wronged, and ,, that I have been abused; abused by one whom you " too justly suspected of being a villain. He is, ,, in truth, the worst of villains.

The joy which Mrs. Miller now felt, bereft her of the power of speech, and might perhaps have deprived her of her senses, if not of life, had not a friendly shower of tears come seasonably to her relief. At length recovering so far from her transport as to be able to speak, she cried, "And, is my dear Mr. Jones then your nephew, Sir; and not the son of this Lady? And are your eyes opened to him at last? And shall I live to see him as happy as he deserves." "He certainly is my nephew," says Allworthy, "and I hope all, the rest."—"And is this dear good woman, the person," cries she, "to whom all this discovery, is owing?"—"She is indeed," says Allworthy.—"Why then," cried Mrs. Miller, upon her knees, "may Heaven shower down its choicest blessings upon her head, and for this one good action, forgive her all her sins, be they never so many."

Mrs. Waters then informed them, that she believed Jones would very shortly be released; for that the surgeon was gone, in company with a nobleman, to the Justice who committed him, in order to certify that Mr. Fitzpatrick was out of all manner of danger, and to procure the prisoner his liberty.

Allworthy faid, he should be glad to find his nephew there at his return home; but that he was then obliged to go on some business of confequence. He then called to a servant to setch him a chair, and presently left the two Ladies together.

Mr. Blifil hearing the chair ordered, came down

stairs to attend upon his uncle; for he never was deficient in such acts of duty. He asked his uncle if he was going out? which is a civil way of asking a man where he is going: to which the other making no answer, he again desired to know, when he would be pleased to return?—Allworthy made no answer to this neither; till he was just getting into his chair, and then turning about, he said—"Harkee, Sir, do you find out, before my return, the letter which your mother fent me on her death-bed." Allworthy then departed, and left Bliss in a situation to be envied only by a man who is just going to be hanged.

CHAP. IX.

A further Continuation.

ALLWORTHY took an opportunity, whilst he was in the chair, of reading the letter from Jones to Sophia, which Western delivered him; and there were some expressions in it concerning himself, which drew tears from his eyes. At length he arrived at Mr. Western's, and was introduced to Sophia.

When the first ceremonies were past, and the gentleman and Lady had taken their chairs, a filence of some minutes ensued; during which, the latter, who had been prepared for the visit by her father, fat playing with her fan, and had

every mark of confusion both in her countenance and behaviour. At length Allworthy, who was himself a little disconcerted, began thus: " I am " afraid, Miss Western, my family has been the " occasion of giving you some uneasiness! To " which, I fear, I have innocently become more , instrumental than I intended. Be assured, Ma-,, dam, had I at first known how disagreeable the " proposals had been, I should not have suffered " you to have been fo long perfecuted. I hope " therefore, you will not think the defign of this " visit is to trouble you with any further folicitations , of that kind, but entirely to relieve you from " them. "

" Sir," faid Sophia, with a little modest hesitation, " this behaviour is most kind and generous, ,, and fuch as I could expect only from Mr. All-" worthy: but as you have been so kind to men-" tion this matter, you will pardon me for faying it , has indeed given me great uneafiness, and has been , the occasion of my suffering much cruel treat-,, ment from a father, who was, till that unhappy , affair, the tenderest and fondest of all parents. I ,, am convinced, Sir, you are too good and ge-, nerous to refent my refufal of your nephew. " Our inclinations are not in our own power; and " whatever may be his merit, I cannot force them " in his favor." " I affure you, most amiable "young Lady," faid Allworthy, "I am capable " of no fuch refentment, had the person been my , own fon, and had I entertained the highest esteem

" for him. For you fay truly, Madam, we can, not force our inclinations, much less can they " be directed by another." "Oh! Sir," answered Sophia, " every word you speak proves you , to deferve that good, that great, that benevo-, lent character the whole world allows you. I , affure you, Sir, nothing less than the certain pro-,, spect of future misery could have made me resist " the commands of my father." " I fincerely be-" lieve you, Madam," replied Allworthy, " and " I heartily congratulate you on your prudent fore-" fight, fince by so justifiable a resistance you " have avoided misery indeed." " You speak now, " Mr. Allworthy," cries she, " with a delicacy ,, which few men are capable of feeling; but , furely in my opinion, to lead our lives with " one to whom we are indifferent, must be a state ,, of wretchedness. — Perhaps that wretchedness " would be even increased by a sense of the me-" rits of the object to whom we cannot give our , affections. If I had married Mr. Blifil " - " Par-,, don my interrupting you, Madam," answered Allworthy, " but I cannot bear the supposition. -", Believe me, Miss Western, I rejoice from my , heart, I rejoice in your escape. — I have discover-" ed the wretch, for whom you have fuffered " all this cruel violence from your father, to be a ", villain!"·" How, Sir!" cries Sophia, — "you " must believe this surprises me. " — " It has sur-,, prifed me, Madam," answered Allworthy, "and ,, fo it will the world. - But I have acquainted you ,, with the real truth." "Nothing but truth," fays

Sophia, "can, I am convinced, come from the lips ", of Mr. Allworthy. — Yet, Sir, such sudden, such unexpected news! — Discovered, you say — may " villany be ever fo!" — "You will foon enough , hear the ftory, "cries Allworthy, - "at prefent , let us not mention fo detested a name - I have , another matter of a very ferious nature to pro-" pose. — O! Miss Western, I know your vast worth, nor can I fo easily part with the ambi-tion of being allied to it.—I have a near relation, "Madam, a young man whose character is, I am , convinced, the very opposite to that of this ,, wretch, and whose fortune I will make equal to ,, what his was to have been. - Could I, Madam, ,, hope you would admit a visit from him?" Sophia, after a minute's filence, answered, "I will deal ,, with the utmost fincerity with Mr. Allworthy. "His character, and the obligation I have just , received from him, demand it. I have determin-,, ed at prefent to listen to no such proposals from , any person. My only desire is to be restored to , the affection of my father, and to be again the " Mistress of his family. This, Sir, I hope to owe "to your good offices. Let me befeech you, let n me conjure you by all the goodness which I, and " all who know you, have experienced; do not ,, the very moment when you have released me " from one perfecution, do not engage me in ano-" ther, as miferable and as fruitlefs." "Indeed, "Mifs Western," replied Allworthy, "I am " capable of no fuch conduct; and if this be your ,, resolution, he must submit to the disappointment, " whatever torments he may fuffer under it." " I " must smile now, Mr. Allworthy," answered Sophia, " when you mention the torments of , a man whom I do not know, and who can con-, fequently have fo little acquaintance with me." " Pardon me, dear young Lady," cries Allworthy, , I begin now to be afraid he has had too much , acquaintance for the repose of his future days; , fince, if ever man was capable of a fincere, ,, violent and noble passion, such, I am convinced, " is my unhappy nephew's for Miss Western." " A nephew of yours! Mr. Allworthy," answered Sophia. " It is furely strange, I never heard of , him before." "Indeed, Madam," cries Allworthy, " it is only the circumstance of his being my , nephew to which you are a stranger, and which, , till this day, was a fecret to me. - Mr. Jones, " who has long loved you, he! he is my nephew." "Mr. Jones your nephew, Sir?" cries Sophia, "can it be possible?"—"He is indeed, Madam," answered Allworthy: "He is my own sister's fon -, as fuch I shall always own him; nor am Lashamn ed of owning him. I am much more ashamed ,, of my past behaviour to him; but I was as ignor-, ant of his merit as of his birth. Indeed, Miss "Western, I have used him cruelly-Indeed I " have."—Here the good man wiped his eyes, and after a short pause proceeded. - "I never shall , be able to reward him for his fufferings with-", out your affistance. Believe me, most amiable " young Lady, I must have a great esteem of "that offering which I make to your worth.

" I know he has been guilty of faults; but there ,, is great goodness of heart at the bottom. Believe " me, Madam, there is." — Here he stopped, feeming to expect an answer, which he presently received from Sophia, after the had a little recovered herfelf from the hurry of spirits into which fo strange and sudden information had thrown her: "I fincerely wish you joy, Sir, of a " discovery in which you feem to have such fatis-" faction. I doubt not but you will have all the " comfort you can promife yourself from it. " The young gentleman has certainly a thou-" fand good qualities, which makes it impossible " he should not behave well to such an uncle."-" I hope, Madam," faid Allworthy, " he has , those good qualities which must make him a " good husband. — He must, I am sure, be of ,, all men the most abandoned, if a Lady of your " merit should condescend " — " You must par-"don me, Mr. Allworthy," answered Sophia, " I cannot listen to a proposal of this kind. Mr. "Jones, I am convinced, has much merit; but , I shall never receive Mr. Jones as one who is ,, to be my husband ----- Upon my honor I ", never will." — " Pardon me, Madam," cries Allworthy, " if I am a little furprifed, after what " I have heard from Mr. Western - I hope the " unhappy young man has done nothing to for-" feit your good opinion, if he had ever the " honor to enjoy it. — Perhaps he may have " been mifrepresented to you, as he was to me. , The fame villany may have injured him every

, where. — He is no murderer, I assure you, as " he has been called." — "Mr. Allworthy," anfwered Sophia, "I have told you my refolution. , I wonder not at what my father has told you; , but whatever his apprehensions or fears have been, , if I know my heart, I have given no occasion , for them; fince it has always been a fixed prin-, ciple with me, never to have married without , his confent. This is, I think, the duty of a ,, child to a parent; and this, I hope, nothing ,, could ever have prevailed with me to fwerve ,, from. I do not indeed conceive, that the author-, ity of any parent can oblige us' to marry, in " direct opposition to our inclinations. To avoid ,, a force of this kind, which I had reason to suf-" pect, I left my father's house, and fought pro-" tection elsewhere. This is the truth of my story; ,, and if the world, or my father, carry my inten-" tions any farther, my own confcience will acquit " me." "I hear you, Miss Western," cries Allworthy, " with admiration. I admire the justness of , your fentiments; but furely there is more in this. " I am cautious of offending you, young Lady; , but am I to look on all which I have hitherto , heard or feen, as a dream only? And have ,, you fuffered fo much cruelty from your father , on the account of a man to whom you have " been always absolutely indifferent?" " I beg, " Mr. Allworthy," answered Sophia, "you will " not infift on my reasons. — Yes, I have suf-" fered indeed: I will not, Mr. Allworthy, con-, ceal-I will be very fincere with you -I own I had

" I had a Freat opinion of Mr. Jones — I believe " - I know I have fuffered for my opinion -I " have been treated cruelly by my aunt, as well " as by my father; but that is now past—I beg , I may not be farther pressed; for whatever has , been, my resolution is now fixed. Your ne-" phew, Sir, has many virtues - he has great , virtues, Mr. Allworthy. I question not but he ,, will do you honor in the world, and make you " happy."—" I wish I could make him so, Ma-" dam," replied Allworthy; " but that I am con-, vinced is only in your power. It is that con-, viction which has made me fo earnest a solicitor ,, in his favor." "You are deceived; indeed, Sir, " you are deceived," faid Sophia. — " I hope not , by him - It is fufficient to have deceived me. , Mr. Allworthy, I must insist on being prest no " farther on this subject. — I should be forry — , nay, I will not injure him in your favor. I wish "Mr. Jones very well. I fincerely with him well; , and I repeat it again to you, whatever demerit ,, he may have to me, I am certain he has many " good qualities. I do not difown my former , thoughts; but nothing can ever recal them. , At prefent there is not a man upon earth whom " I would more resolutely reject than Mr. Jones; , nor would the addresses of Mr. Blifil himself be " less agreeable to me.

Western had been long impatient for the event of this conference, and was just now arrived at the door to listen; when having heard the last Vol. IV.

fentiments of his daughter's heart, he lost all temper. and bursting open the door in a rage, cried out,-,, It is a lie. It is a d-n'd lie. It is all owing to , that d-n'd rascal Juones; and if she could get ,, at un, she'd ha un any hour of the day." -Here Allworthy interpoled, and addressing himself to the Squire with fome anger in his look, he faid, "Mr. Western, you have not kept your word , with me. You promifed to abstain from all " violence."—" Why fo I did," cries Western, , as long as it was possible; but to hear a wench , telling fuch confounded lies. - Zounds! does the , think if the can make vools of other volk, the " can make one of me?—No, no, I know her " better than thee dost." "I am forry to tell you, , Sir," answered Allworthy, "it does not appear ,, by your behaviour to this young Lady, that you know her at all. I alk pardon for what " I fay; but I think our intimacy, your own " defires, and the occasion, justify me. She is ", your daughter, Mr. Western, and I think she n does honor to your name. If I was capable ,, of envy, I should sooner envy you on this ac-", count, than any other man whatever." - " Od-" rabbit it," cries the Squire, "I wish she was , thine with all my heart-wouldst foon be glad , to be rid of the trouble o' her." - " Indeed, " my good friend," answered Allworthy, "you " yourself are the cause of all the trouble you , complain of. Place that confidence in the , young Lady which she so well deserves, and I , am certain you will be the happiest father on

" earth." - " I confidence in her le" cries the Squire. - "Sblood! what confidence can I place in her, when she won't do as I wou'd ha her? "Let her gi but her confent to marry as I would , ha her, and I'll place as much confidence in , her as wouldft ha me." - "You have no right, , neighbour," answered Allworthy, " to insist on , any fuch consent. A negative voice your ,, daughter allows you, and God and nature have , thought proper to allow you no more." "A " negative voice?" cries the Squire — "Ay! ay! , I'll show you what a negative voice I ha. -"Go along, go into your chamber, go, you "ftubborn"—" Indeed, Mr. Western," faid Allworthy, - " Indeed, you use her cruelly -I cannot bear to fee this - You shall, you must be-, have to her in a kinder manner. She deferves " the best of treatment." "Yes, yes," faid the Squire, "I know what she deserves: now she's, gone, I'll show you what she deserves — See , here, Sir, here is a letter from my coufin my " Lady Bellaston, in which she is so kind to gi me , to understand, that the fellow is got out of pri-, fon again; and here she advises me to take all , the care I can o' the wench. Od - zookers! " neighbour Allworthy, you don't know what it , is to govern a daughter."

The Squire ended his fpeech with fome compliments to his own fagacity; and then Allworthy, after a formal preface, acquainted him with the whole difcovery which he had made concerning Jones, with his anger to Blifil, and with every particular which has been disclosed to the Reader in the preceding Chapters.

Men over-violent in their dispositions, are, for the most part, as changeable in them. No sooner then was Western informed of Mr. Allworthy's intention to make Jones his heir, than he joined heartily with the uncle in every commendation of the nephew, and became as eager for her marriage with Jones, as he had before been to couple her to Blifil.

Here Mr. Allworthy was again forced to interpose, and to relate what had passed between him and Sophia, at which he testified great surprise.

The Squire was filent a moment, and looked wild with aftonishment at this account.—At last he cried out, "Why what can be the meaning, of this, neighbour Allworthy? Vond o'un she was, that I'll be sworn to.—Odzookers! I have hit o't. As sure as a gun I have hit o' the very right o't. It's all along o' zister. The girl has got a hankering after this son of a whore of a Lord. I vound em together at my cousin, my Lady Bellaston's. He has turned the head o'her that's certain—but d—n me if he shall ha her.—

"I'll ha no Lords nor courtiers in my vamily."

Allworthy now made a long speech, in which he repeated his resolution to avoid all violent measures, and very earnestly recommended gentle methods to Mr. Western, as those by which as might be assured of succeeding best with his daughter. He then took his leave, and returned back to Mrs. Miller, but was forced to comply with the earnest entreaties of the Squire, in promising to bring Mr. Jones to visit him that afternoon, that he might, as he faid, "make all matters up, with the young gentleman." At Mr. Allworthy's departure, Western promised to follow his advice in his behaviour to Sophia, saying, "I don't know, how 'tis, but d—n me, Allworthy, if you don't, make me always do just as you please; and yet, I have as good an esteate as you, and am in the, commission of the peace as well as yoursels."

CHAP. X.

Wherein the History begins to draw towards a Conclusion.

WHEN Allworthy returned to his lodgings, he heard Mr. Jones was just arrived before him. He hurried therefore instantly into an empty chamber, whither he ordered Mr. Jones to be brought to him alone.

It is impossible to conceive a more tender or moving scene, than the meeting between the uncle and nephew, for Mrs. Waters, as the Reader may well suppose, had at her last visit discovered to him the secret of his birth. The first agonies of

joy which were felt on both fides, are indeed beyond my power to describe: I shall not therefore attempt it. After Allworthy had raifed Jones frog his feet, where he had proftrated himfelf, of received bim into his arms. "O my child," he cried, "how have I been to blame! How have I , injured you! What amends can I ever make , you for those unkind, those unjust suspicions , which I have entertained; and for all the fuf-, ferings they have occasioned to you?" "Am , I not now made amends?" cries Jones; "Would , not my fufferings, if they had been ten times " greater, have been now richly repaid? O my , dear uncle! this goodness, this tenderness over-" powers, unmans, destroys me. I cannot bear , the transports which flow so fast upon me. To " be again reftored to your prefence, to your fa-, vor; to be once more thus kindly received by " my great, my noble, my generous benefactor."— " Indeed, child," cries Allworthy, "I have used " you cruelly." - He then explained to him all the treachery of Blifil, and again repeated expressions of the utmost concern, for having been induced by that treachery to use him so ill. "O talk not " fo," answered Jones: "Indeed, Sir, you have , used me nobly. The wifest man might be de-" ceived as you were, and, under fuch a deception, " the best must have acted just as you did. Your , goodness displayed itself in the midst of your ,, anger, just as it then feemed. I owe every thing , to that goodness of which I have been most

Ch. 10.

, unworthy. Do not put me on felf-accusation, by carrying your generous fentiments too far. Alas, Sir, I have not been punished more than " Lave deserved; and it shall be the whole busi-, ness of my future life to deferve that happiness ,, you now bestow on me; for believe me, my " deur uncle, my punishment has not been thrown , away upon me: though I have been a great, I " am not a hardened finner; I thank Heaven I , have had time to reflect on my past life, where, , though I cannot charge myfelf with any grofs , villany, yet I can differn follies and vices more , than enough to repent and to be ashamed of; ,, follies which have been attended with dreadful ,, confequences to myfelf, and have brought me , to the brink of destruction." "I am rejoiced, " my dear child," answered Allworthy, " to hear , you talk thus fenfibly; for as I am convinced , hypocrify, - good Heaven, how have I been , imposed on by it in others! - was never among , your faults; fo I can readily believe all you fav. , You now see, Tom, to what dangers impru-, dence alone may subject virtue; for virtue, I am , now convinced, you love in a great degree. , Prudence is indeed the duty which we owe to , ourselves; and if we will be so much our own , enemies as to neglect it, we are not to wonder , if the world is deficient in difcharging their duty , to us; for when a man lays the foundation of his , own ruin, others will, I am afraid, be too apt , to build upon it. You fay, however, you have , feen your errors, and will reform them. I

, firmly believe you, my dear child; and there-, fore, from this moment, you shall never more, be reminded of them by me. Remember there ,, only yourfelf fo far, as for the future to twith , you the better to avoid them; but still rem/m-, ber for your comfort, that there is this gleat , difference between those faults which calldor ,, may construe into imprudence, and those which , can be deduced from villany only. The for-,, mer, perhaps, are even more apt to subject a , man to ruin; but if he reform, his character will, ,, at length, be totally retrieved; the world, , though not immediately, will, in time, be re-,, conciled to him; and he may reflect, not without , fome mixture of pleafure, on the dangers he has " escaped: but villany, my boy, when once dis-, covered, is irretrievable; the stains which this , leaves behind, no time will wash away. The cen-, fures of mankind will purfue the wretch, their " fcorn will abash him in public; and if shame drives ,, him into retirement, he will go to it with , all those terrors with which a weary child, " who is afraid of hobgoblins, retreats from com-, pany to go to bed alone. Here his murdered n conscience will haunt him. Repose, like a " false friend, will fly from him. , he turns his eyes, horror presents itself; if he " looks backward, unavailable repentance treads , on his heels; if forward, incurable despair , stares him in the face; till, like a condemned 2) prisoner confined in a dungeon, he detests n his prefent condition, and vet dreads the

, consequence of that hour which is to relieve him from it. Comfort yourself, I say, my child, that this is not your case; and rejoice with thankhanels to him who has suffered you to see your , errors, before they have brought on you that , destruction, to which a persistance in even those , errors must have led you. You have deserted , them; and the prospect now before you is such, ", that happiness seems in your own power."—— At these words Jones setched a deep sigh; upon which, when Allworthy remonstrated, he faid, , Sir, I will conceal nothing from you: I fear , there is one consequence of my vices I shall " never be able to retrieve. O my dear uncle I ", have loft a treasure."—" You need say no more," answered Allworthy; "I will be explicit with "you; I know what you lament; I have feen " the young Lady, and have discoursed with her " concerning you. This I must infise on, as an , earnest of your fincerity in all you have faid, , and of the steadsastness of your resolution, that , you obey me in one instance. To abide entire-, ly by the determination of the young Lady, , whether it shall be in your favor or no. She , has already fuffered enough from folicitations , which I hate to think of; she shall owe no fur-, ther constraint to my family: I know her father " will be as ready to torment her now on your , account, as he has formerly been on another's; ,, but I am edetermined she shall suffer no more ,, confinement, no more violence, no more uneasy " hours." —— "O my dear uncle," answered

Jones, "lay, I befeech you, fome command on , me, in which I shall have some merit in obedi-,, ence. Believe me, Sir, the only instance in ,, which I could disobey you, would be to & ,, an uneafy moment to my Sophia. No, Sir if . I am fo miserable to have incurred her displeasure , beyond all hopes of forgiveness, that alone, with ,, the dreadful reflection of causing her misery, , will be fufficient to overpower me. ", Sophia mine is the greatest, and now the only " additional bleffing which Heaven can bestow; , but it is a bleffing which I must owe to her " alone." "I will not flatter you, child," cries Allworthy; "I fear your case is desperate: I never " faw stronger marks of an unalterable resolution " in any person, than appeared in her vehement " declarations against receiving your addresses; for " which, perhaps, you can account better than " myfelf."— "Oh, Sir! I can account too well," answered Jones; "I have finned against her beyond " all hope of pardon; and guilty as I am, my guilt " unfortunately appears to her in ten times blacker , than the real colors. O my dear uncle, I find " my follies are irretrievable; and all your goodness , cannot fave me from perdition."

A fervant now acquainted them, that Mr. Weftern was below stairs; for his cagerness to see Jones could not wait till the afternoon. Upon which Jones, whose eyes were full of tears, begged his uncle to entertain Western a few minutes, till he a little recovered himself: to which the good man

consented, and having ordered Mr. Western to be shown into a parlour, went down to him.

for he had not yet feen him fince his release from prison, than she came eagerly into the room, and advancing towards Jones, wished him heartily joy of his new found uncle, and his happy reconciliation; adding, "I wish I could give you joy on, another account, my dear child; but any thing, fo inexorable I never faw."

Jones, with fome appearance of furprise, asked her what she meant. "Why then," fays she, "I , have been with your young Lady, and have ,, explained all matters to her, as they were told ,, me by my fon Nightingale. She can have no " longer any doubt about the letter, that I am ,, certain; for I told her my fon Nightingale was " ready to take his oath, if she pleased, that it was , all his own invention, and the letter of his indit-, ing. I told her the very reason of sending the ,, letter ought to recommend you to her the more, ,, as it was all upon her account, and a plain " proof, that you was refolved to quit all your pro-" fligacy, for the future; that you had never been " guilty of a fingle instance of infidelity to her fince , your feeing her in town. I am afraid I went ", too far there; but Heaven forgive me: I hope " your future behaviour will be my justification. " I am fure I have faid all I can; but all to no , purpose. She remains inflexible. She fays, flie

, had forgiven many faults on account of youth; " but expressed such detestation of the character , of a libertine, that she absolutely silenced me. , I often attempted to excuse you; but the judge is , of her accusation flew in my face. Upon imy , honor, she is a lovely woman, and one of the , fweetest and most seesable creatures I ever saw. 32 I could have almost kissed her for one expression , fhe made use of. It was a sentiment worthy of " Seneca or of a bishop. I once fancied, Madam, " faid she, I had discovered great goodness of , heart in Mr. Jones; and for that I own I had , a fincere esteem: but an entire profligacy of manners will corrupt the best heart in the world; " and all which a good-natured libertine can ex-" pect, is, that we should mix some grains of , pity with our contempt and abhorrence. She " is an angelic creature, that is the truth on't." "——O Mrs. Miller," answered Jones, "can " I bear to think I have loft fuch an angel!" "Lost! No," cries Mrs. Miller; "I hope you , have not loft her yet. Resolve to leave such , vicious courses, and you may yet have hopes: nay, if the should remain inexorable, there , is another young Lady, a fweet pretty young , Lady, and a fwinging fortune, who is abfo-" lutely dying for love of you. I heard of it , this very morning, and I told it to Miss Wes-, tern; nay, I went a little beyond the truth again; ,, for I told her you had refused her; but indeed , I knew you would refuse her. - And here I " must give you a little comfort: when I mentioned

, the young Lady's name, who is no other than , the pretty widow Hunt, I thought she turned pale; but when I said you had resused her, I will be sworn her sace was all over scarlet in , an instant; and these were her very words, I will not deny but that I believe he has some , assection for me."

Here the conversation was interrupted by the arrival of Western, who could no longer be kept out of the room even by the authority of Allworthy himself, though this, as we have often feen, had a wonderful power over him.

Western immediately went up to Jones, crying out, "My old friend Tom, I am glad to fee thee ,, with all my heart. All past must be forgotten. " I could not intend any affront to thee, because, ,, as Allworthy here knows, nay, doft know it ,, thyfelf, I took thee for another person; and where " a body means no harm, what fignifies a hasty " word or two? One Christian must forget and " forgive another." " I høpe, Sir," said Jones, , I shall never forget the many obligations I have ,, had to you; but as for any offence towards me, " I declare I am an utter stranger."—" A't?" fays Western, "then give me thy fist, a't as hearty an " honest cock as any in the kingdom. Come along " with me; I'll carry thee to thy Mistress this mo-" ment." Here Allworthy interpofed; and the Squire being unable to prevail either with the uncle or nephew, was, after fome litigation, obliged to

confent to delay the introducing Jones to Sophia till the afternoon; at which time Allworthy, as well in compassion to Jones, as in compliance with the eager desires of Western, was prevailed upon to promise to attend at the tea-table.

The conversation which now ensued was peafant enough; and with which, had it happened earlier in our History, we would have entertained our Reader; but as we have now leisure only to attend to what is very material, it shall suffice to say, that matters being entirely adjusted as to the afternoon visit, Mr. Western again returned home.

CHAP. XI.

The History draws nearer to a Conclusion.

WHEN Mr. Western was departed, Jones began to inform Mr. Allworthy and Mrs. Miller, that his liberty had been procured by two noble Lords, who, together with two surgeons, and a friend of Mr. Nightingale's, had attended the magistrate by whom he had been committed, and by whom, on the surgeons' oath, that the wounded person was out of all manner of danger from his wound, he was discharged.

One only of these Lords, he said, he had ever feen before, and that no more than once; but the other had greatly surprised him, by asking his pardon for an offence he had been guilty of towards him, occasioned, as he said, entirely by his ignorance who he was.

Now the reality of the case, with which Jones was not acquainted till afterwards, was this: The lieutenant whom Lord Fellamar had employed, according to the advice of Lady Bellaston, to press Jones, as a vagabond, into the sea-service, when he came to report to his Lordship the event which we have before seen, spoke very favorably of the behaviour of Mr. Jones on all accounts, and strongly assured that Lord, that he must have mistaken the person; for that Jones was certainly a gentleman: infomuch that his Lordship, who was strictle a man of honor, and would by no means have been guilty of an action which the world in general would have condemned, began to be much concerned for the advice which he had taken.

Within a day or two after this, Lord Fellamar happened to dine with the Irish Peer, who, in a conversation upon the duel, acquainted his company with the character of Fitzpatrick; to which indeed he did not do strict justice, especially in what related to his Lady. He said, she was the most innocent, and most injured woman alive, and that from compassion alone he had undertaken her cause. He then declared an intention of going the next morning to Fitzpatrick's lodgings, in order to prevail with him, if possible, to consent to a separation from his wife, who, the Peer said, was in appre-

hensions for her life, if the should ever return to be under the power of her husband. Lord Fellamar agreed to go with him, that he might fatisfy himself more concerning Jones, and the circulastances of the duel; for he was by no means cafy concerning the part he had acted. The moment his Lordship gave a hint of his readiness to affist in the delivery of the Lady, it was eagerly embraced by the other nobleman, who depended much on the authority of Lord Fellamar, as he thought it would greatly contribute to awe Fitzpatrick into a compliance; and perhaps he was in the right; for the poor Irishman no sooner saw these noble Peers had undertaken the cause of his wife, than he fulmitted, and articles of feparation were foon drawn up, and figned between the parties.

Fitzpatrick had been fo well fatisfied by Mrs. Waters concerning the innocence of his wife with Jones at Upton, or perhaps from fome other reasons, was now become so indifferent to that matter, that he spoke highly in favor of Jones, to Lord Fellamar, took all the blame upon himself, and said the other had behaved very much like a gentleman, and a man of honor; and upon the Lord's further inquiry concerning Mr. Jones, Fitzpatrick told him he was nephew to a gentleman of very great sashion and fortune, which was the account he had just received from Mrs. Waters after her interview with Dowling:

Lord Fellamar now thought it behoved him to

do every thing in his power to make fatisfaction to a gentleman whom he had fo grossly injured, and without any confideration of rivalship, for he had now given over all thoughts of Sophia, determined to procure Mr. Jones's liberty, being satisfied, as well from Fitzpatrick as his surgeon, that the wound was not mortal. He therefore prevailed with the Irish Peer to accompany him to the place where Jones was confined, to whom he behaved as we have already related.

When Allworthy returned to his lodgings, he immediately carried Jones into his room, and then acquainted him with the whole matter, as well what he had heard from Mrs. Waters, as what he had discovered from Mr. Dowling.

Jones expressed great astonishment, and no less concern at this account; but without making any comment or observation upon it. And now a message was brought from Mr. Bliss, desiring to know if his uncle was at leisure, that he might wait upon him. Allworthy started, and turned pale, and then in a more passionate tone than I believe he had ever used before, bid the servant tell Bliss, he knew him not. "Consider, dear Sir,"—cries Jones, in a trembling voice.—"I have, considered," answered Allworthy, "and you, yourself shall carry my message to the villain.—, No one can carry him the sentence of his own, ruin so properly, as the man whose ruin he has, so villanously contrived."—"Pardon me, Vol. IV.

" dear Sir," faid Jones; " a moment's reflection " will, I am fure, convince you of the contrary. , What might perhaps be but justice from another , tongue would from mine be infult? And to , whom? - My own brother, and your nephew. " - Nor did he use me so barbarously. - Indeed , that would have been more inexcufable than , any thing he has done. Fortune may tempt men " of no very bad dispositions to injustice; but in-, fults proceed only from black and rancorous , minds, and have no temptations to excuse them. ,, - Let me befeech you, Sir, to do nothing by , him in the present height of your anger. Con-, fider, my dear uncle, I was not myfelf condemn-,, ed unheard." Allworthy stood filent a moment, and then embracing Jones, he faid with tears gushing from his eyes, "O my child! to what goodness " have I been fo long blind!"

Mrs. Miller entering the room at that moment, after a gentle rap, which was not perceived, and feeing Jones in the arms of his uncle, the poor woman, in an agony of joy, fell upon her knees, and burst forth into the most ecstatic thanksgivings to Heaven, for what had happened. — Then running to Jones, she embraced him eagerly, crying, "My dearest friend, I wish you joy a thousand "and a thousand times of this blessed day;" and next Mr. Allworthy himself received the same congratulations. To which he answered, "Indeed, "indeed, Mrs. Miller, I am beyond expression

happy." Some few more raptures having passed on all sides, Mrs. Miller desired them both to walk down to dinner in the parlour, where she said there were a very happy set of people assembled; being indeed no other than Mr. Nightingale and his bride, and his cousin Harris with her bridegroom.

Allworthy excused himself from dining with the company, saying he had ordered some little thing for him and his nephew in his own apartment; for that they had much private business to discourse of, but could not resist promising the good woman, that both he and Jones would make part of her society at supper.

Mrs. Miller then asked what was to be done with Blifil; "for indeed," fays fhe, "I cannot " be easy while such a villain is in my house."— Allworthy answered, "He was as uneasy as her-,, felf on the same account." "O!" cries she, "if , that be the case, leave the matter to me; I'll , foon show him the outside of my doors, I war-, rant you. Here are two or three lufty fellows " below stairs." " There will be no need of any " violence," cries Allworthy; " if you will carry " him a meffage from me, he will, I am convinc-" ed, depart of his own accord." "Will I?" faid Mrs. Miller, "I never did any thing in my " life with a better will." Here Jones interfered. and faid, "He had confidered the matter better. " and would, if Mr. Allworthy pleased, be Aa2

" himself the messenger. I know, " fays he, " already , enough of your pleasure, Sir, and I beg leave , to acquaint him with it by my own words. " Let me beseech you, Sir," added he, "to reflect , on the dreadful confequences of driving him to " violent and sudden despair. How unfit, alas! is , this poor man to die in his prefent fituation." This fuggestion had not the least effect on Mrs. Miller. She left the room crying, "You are ,, too good, Mr. Jones, infinitely too good to live , in this world." But it made a deeper impression on Allworthy. " My good child," fays he, " I , am equally aftonished at the goodness of your ,, heart, and the quickness of your understanding. , Heaven indeed forbid that this wretch should , be deprived of any means or time for repentance. , That would be a shocking consideration indeed. , Go to him therefore and use your own discretion; , yet do not flatter him with any hopes of my , forgiveness; for I shall never forgive villany , farther than my religion obliges me, and that n extends not either to our bounty or our con-" verfation. "

Jones went up to Blifil's room, whom he found in a fituation which moved his pity, though it would have raifed a lefs amiable passion in many beholders. He had cast himself on his bed, where he lay abandoning himself to despair, and drowned in tears; not in such tears as slow from contrition, and wash away guilt from minds which have been seduced or surprised into it unawares,

against the bent of their natural dispositions, as will sometimes happen from human frailty, even to the good: no, these tears were such as the frighted thief sheds in his cart, and are indeed the effects of that concern which the most savage natures are seldom desicient in seeling for themselves.

It would be unpleasant and tedious to paint this scene in full length. Let it suffice to say, that the behaviour of Jones was kind to excess. He omitted nothing which his invention could supply, to raise and comfort the drooping spirits of Bliss, before he communicated to him the resolution of his uncle, that he must quit the house that evening. He offered to surnish him with any money he wanted, assured him of his hearty forgiveness of all he had done against him, that he would endeavour to live with him hereaster as a brother, and would leave nothing unattempted to effectuate a reconciliation with his uncle.

Blifil was at first sullen and silent, balancing in his mind whether he should yet deny all: but finding at last the evidence too strong against him, he betook himself at last to confession. He then asked pardon of his brother in the most vehement manner, prostrated himself on the ground, and kissed his sect: in short, he was now as remarkably mean, as he had been before remarkably wicked.

Jones could not so far check his disdain, but

that it a little discovered itself in his countenance at this extreme servility. He raised his brother the moment he could from the ground, and advised him to bear his afflictions more like a man; repeating, at the same time, his promises, that he would do all in his power to lessen them: for which Blistl, making many professions of his unworthiness, poured forth a profusion of thanks: and then, he having declared he would immediately depart to another lodging, Jones returned to his uncle.

Among other matters, Allworthy now acquainted Jones with the discovery which he made concerning the 500 l. bank-notes. "I have," faid he, already confulted a lawyer, who tells me, to my great astonishment, that there is no punishment for a fraud of this kind. Indeed, when I consider the black ingratitude of this fellow toward you, I think a highwayman, compared to him, is an innocent person."

"Good Heaven!" fays Jones, "is it possible!

"— I am shocked beyond measure at this news.

"I thought there was not an honester fellow in

"the world. The temptation of such a sum was

"too great for him to withstand; for smaller mat
ters have come safe to me through his hand.

"Indeed, my dear uncle, you must suffer me to

"call it weakness rather than ingratitude; for I

"am convinced the poor fellow loves me, and has

"done me some kindnesses, which I can never

"forget; nay, I believe he has repented of this

" very act: for it is not above a day or two ago, " when my affairs feemed in a most desperate situa-" tion, that he visited me in my confinement, " and offered me any money I wanted. Consider, " Sir, what a temptation to a man who has tasted " fuch bitter distress, it must be to have a sum " in his possession, which must put him and his " family beyond any suture possibility of suffering " the like."

" Child," cries Allworthy, "you carry this " forgiving temper too far. Such mistaken mercy ,, is not only weakness, but borders on injustice, " and is very pernicious to fociety, as it encou-,, rages vice. The dishonesty of this fellow I ,, might perhaps have pardoned, but never his in-" gratitude. And give me leave to fay, when , we fuffer any temptation to atone for dishonesty , itself, we are as candid and merciful as we ought ,, to be; and fo far I confess I have gone; for , I have often pitied the fate of a highwayman, , when I have been on the grand jury; and have , more than once applied to the judge on the be-, half of fuch as have had any mitigating circum-" stances in their case; but when dishonesty is ,, attended with any blacker crime, fuch as cruelty, " murder, ingratitude, or the like, compassion ,, and forgiveness then become faults. I am con-" vinced the fellow is a villain, and he shall be " punished; at least as far as I can punish him."

This was spoke with so stern a voice, that

Jones did not think proper to make any reply. Besides, the hour appointed by Mr. Western now drew so near, that he had barely time lest to dress himself. Here therefore ended the present dialogue, and Jones retired to another room, where Partridge attended, according to order, with his clothes.

Partridge had fearce feen his Master since the happy discovery. The poor fellow was unable either to contain or express his transports. He behaved like one frantic, and made almost as many mistakes while he was dressing Jones, as I have seen made by harlequin in dressing himself on the stage.

His memory, however, was not in the least deficient. He recollected now many omens and presages of this happy event, some of which he had remarked at the time, but many more he now remembered; nor did he omit the dreams he had dreamt the evening before his meeting with Jones; and concluded with saying, "I always told your, Honor something boded in my mind, that you, would one time or other have it in your power, to make my fortune." Jones assured him, that this boding should as certainly be verified with regard to him, as all the other omens had been to himself; which did not a little add to all the raptures which the poor sellow had already conceived on account of his Master.

CHAP. XII.

Approaching still nearer to the End.

JONES being now completely dreffed, attended his uncle to Mr. Western's. He was indeed one of the finest figures ever beheld, and his person alone would have charmed the greater part of womankind; but we hope it has already appeared in this History, that nature, when she formed him, did not totally rely, as she sometimes does, on this merit only to recommend her work.

Sophia, who, angry as she was, was likewise set forth to the best advantage, for which I leave my semale Readers to account, appeared so extremely beautiful, that even Allworthy, when he saw her, could not forbear whispering Western, that he believed she was the finest creature in the world. To which Western answered, in a whisper overheard by all present, "So much the better for , Tom; — for d—n me if he shan't ha the tousling , her." Sophia was all over scarlet at these words, while Tom's countenance was altogether as pale, and he was almost ready to fink from his chair.

The tea-table was fcarce removed, before Western lugged Allworthy out of the room, telling him, he had business of consequence to impart,

and must speak to him that instant in private before he forgot it.

The lovers were now alone, and it will, I question not, appear strange to many Readers, that those who had so much to say to one another, when danger and difficulty attended their conversation; and who seemed so eager to rush into each other's arms, when so many bars lay in their way, now that with safety they were at liberty to say or do whatever they pleased, should both remain for some time silent and motionless; insomuch that a stranger of moderate sagacity might have well concluded they were mutually indifferent: but so it was, however strange it may seem; both sat with their eyes cast downwards on the ground, and for some minutes continued in perfect silence.

Mr. Jones, during this interval, attempted once or twice to fpeak, but was absolutely incapable, muttering only, or rather fighing out, some broken words, when Sophia at length, partly out of pity to him, and partly to turn the discourse from the subject which she knew well enough he was endeavouring to open, said:—

"Sure, Sir, you are the most fortunate man, in the world in this discovery." "And can, you really, Madam, think me so fortunate," faid Jones, sighing, "while I have incurred your, displeasure?"—"Nay, Sir," says she, "as to, that, you best know whether you have deserved

"it." "Indeed, Madam," answered he, "you yourfelf are as well apprized of all my demerits. , Mrs. Miller has acquainted you with the whole " truth. O! my Sophia, am I never to hope for " forgiveness?" — "I think, Mr. Jones," faid she, "I may almost depend on your own justice, " and leave it to yourfelf to pass sentence on your " own conduct."— "Alas! Madam," answered he, "it is mercy, and not justice, which I implore ,, at your hands. Justice I know must condemn " me — Yet not for the letter I fent to Lady Bel-, laston. Of that I most solemnly declare, you " have had a true account." He then infifted much on the fecurity given him by Nightingale, of a fair pretence for breaking off, if, contrary to · their expectations, her Ladyship should have accepted his affer; but confessed, that he had been guilty of a reat indifcretion, to put fuch a letter as that into her power, "which," faid he, "I, have dearly paid for, in the effect it has upon you." "I do not, I cannot," fays she, "be-, lieve otherwise of that letter than you would , have me. My conduct, I think, shows you , clearly I do not believe there is much in that. , And yet, Mr. Jones, have I not enough to , resent? After what past at Upton, so soon to , engage in a new amour with another woman, " while I fancied, and you pretended, your heart " was bleeding for me! - Indeed you have acted " strangely. Can I believe the passion you have , profest to me to be fincere? Or if I can, what , happiness can I affure myself of with a man

" capable of fo much inconstancy?" "O! my So-" phia," cries he, "do not doubt the fincerity of " the purest passion that ever inflamed a human " breast. Think, most adorable creature, of my , unhappy fituation, of my despair. - Could I, , my Sophia, have flattered myself with the most , distant hopes of being ever permitted to throw , myfelf at your feet, in the manner I do now, it , would not have been in the power of any other , woman to have inspired a thought which the " feverest chastity could have condemned. Incon-" stancy to you! O Sophia, if you can have good-, ness enough to pardon what is past, do not let " any future cruel apprehensions shut your mercy " against me. — No repentance was ever more " fincere. O! let it reconcile me to my Heaven in " this dear bosom." "Sincere repentance, Mr. " Jones," answered she, " will obtain the pardon ,, of a finner, but it is from one who is a perfect , judge of that fincerity. A human mind may be , imposed on; nor is there any infallible method to " prevent it. You must expect, however, that if I , can be prevailed on by your repentance to pardon , you, I will at least insist on the strongest proof " of its fincerity."—"O! name any proof in my " power," answered Jones eagerly. " Time," replied she, "time alone, Mr. Jones, can convince , me that you are a true penitent, and have re-,, folved to abandon these vicious courses, which I " fhould detest you for, if I imagined you capable , of perfevering in them." Do not imagine it," cries Jones. "On my knees I entreat, I implore

"your confidence, a confidence which it shall be the business of my life to deserve." "Let it then," said she, "be the business of some part of your life to show me you deserve it. I think I have been explicit enough in affuring you, that when I see you merit my confidence, you will obtain it. After what is past, Sir, can you expect I should take you upon your word?"

He replied, "Don't believe me upon my word; , I have a better fecurity, a pledge for my con-" ftancy, which it is impossible to see and to doubt." "What is that?" faid Sophia, a little furprifed. " I will show you, my charming angel," cried Jones, feizing her hand, and carrying her to the glass. "There, behold it there, in that lovely ,, figure, in that face, that shape, those eyes, that , mind which shines through those eyes: can the " man who shall be in possession of these be in-" constant? Impossible! my Sophia. They would " fix a Dorimant, a Lord Rochester. You could " not doubt it, if you could fee yourfelf with any " eyes but your own." Sophia blushed, and half fmiled; but forcing again her brow into a frown, " If I am to judge," faid she, " of the future by , the past, my image will no more remain in your " heart when I am out of your fight, than it will " in this glass when I am out of the room."
" By Heaven, by all that is facred," faid Jones,
" it never was out of my heart. The delicacy , of your fex cannot conceive the groffnels of , ours, nor how little one fort of amour has to

" do with the heart." " I will never marry a " man," replied Sophia, very gravely, " who shall , not learn refinement enough to be as incapable " as I am myself of making such a distinction."
" I will learn it," faid Jones. "I have learnt it , already.' The first moment of hope that my So-, phia might be my wife, taught it me at once; ,, and all the rest of her sex from that moment be-" came as little the objects of defire to my fenfe, ,, as of passion to my heart." - "Well," said Sophia, "the proof of this must be from time. Your , fituation, Mr. Jones, is now altered, and I affure you I have great fatisfaction in the alteration. "You will now want no opportunity of being " near me, and convincing me that your mind is " altered too." "O! my angel," cries Jones, "how ,, shall I thank thy goodness? And are you good " to own, that you have a fatisfaction in my prof-" perity? — Believe me, believe me, Madam, " it is you alone have given a relish to that prosper-,, ity, fince I owe it to the dear hope - O! my " Sophia, let it not be a distant one. — I will be , all obedience to your commands. I will not , dare to prefs any thing further than you permit , me. Yet let me entreat you to appoint a short ", trial. O! tell me, when I may expect you , will be convinced of what is most folemnly " true." "When I have gone voluntarily thus " far, Mr. Jones," faid she, "I expect not to be " pressed. Nay, I will not."—"O do not look " unkindly thus, my Sophia," cries he. "I , do not, I dare not press you. - Yet permit

" me at least once more to beg you would fix , the period. O! confider the impatience of love." " — A twelve-month, perhaps," faid fhe.—" O! " my Sophia," cries he, "you have named an " eternity."—— "Perhaps it may be fomething " fooner," fays fhe: "I will not be teazed. If ,, your passion for me be what I would have it, " I think you may now be eafy."—" Eafy, So-, phia! call not fuch exulting happiness as mine • by fo cold a name. — O! transporting thought! am I not affured that the bleffed day will come, , when I shall call you mine; when fears shall be ,, no more; when I shall have that dear, that vast. , that exquisite, ecstatic delight of making my "Sophia happy?" - "Indeed, Sir," faid she, ", that day is in your own power."—"O! my " dear, my divine angel," cried he, " these words , have made me mad with joy. - But I must, I " will thank those dear lips which have so sweetly " pronounced my bliss." He then caught her in his arms, and kissed her with an ardor he had never ventured before.

At this instant, Western, who had stood some time listening, burst into the room, and with his hunting voice and phrase, cried out, "To her, boy, to her, go to her. — That's it, little, honeys, O! that's it.—Well, what is it all, over? Has she appointed the day, boy? What, shall it be to-morrow or next day? It shan't be, put off a minute longer than next day, I am, resolved." "Let me beseech you, Sir," says

Jones, "don't let me be the occasion" - "Be-" feech mine a --, " cries Western; " I thought , thou had'st been a lad of higher mettle, than , to give way to a parcel of maidenish tricks -" I tell thee it is all a flimflam. Zoodikers! she'd , have the wedding to night with all her heart. , Would'st not, Sophy? - Come, confess, and " be an honest girl for once. What, art dumb? , Why dost not speak?" - "Why should I confess, Sir?" fays Sophia, "fince it feems you ,, are fo well acquainted with my thoughts." , That's a good girl," cries he, "and dost consent " then?" "No, indeed, Sir," fays Sophia, " I have given no fuch confent." — "And wunt ", nut ha un then to-morrow, nor next day?" fays Western.—" Indeed, Sir," fays she, "I have ", no such intention." "But I can tell thee," replied he, "why haft nut, only because thou dost , love to be disobedient, and to plague and vex , thy father. "-"Pray, Sir," faid Jones interfering-" I tell thee thou art a puppy," cries he. "When " I forbid her, then it was all nothing but fighing , and whining, and languishing and writing? now , I am vor thee, she is against thee. All the spirit " of contrary, that's all. She is above being guided " and governed by her father, that is the whole " truth on't. It is only to disoblige and con-" tradict me." "What would my papa have me " do?" cries Sophia. "What would I ha thee-" do?" fays he, " why gi un thy hand this mo-" ment." — " Well, Sir," faid Sophia, "I will " obey you. — There is my hand, Mr. Jones." " Well,

" well, and will you consent to ha un to-mor" row morning? " says Western. — " I will be
" obedient to you, Sir," cries she. — " Why then
" to-morrow morning be the day," cries he. —
" Why then to-morrow morning shall be the day,
" papa, since you will have it so," says Sophia.

Jones then fell upon his knees, and kissed her
hand in an agony of joy, while Western began
to caper and dance about the room, presently
crying out, — " Where the devil is Allworthy?
" He is without now, a talking with that d—d
" lawyer Dowling, when he should be minding
" other matters." He then sallied out in quest of
him, and very opportunely left the lovers to enjoy a few tender minutes alone.

But he foon returned with Allworthy, faying, " If you won't believe me, you may ask her your-" felf. Haft not gin thy confent, Sophy, to be " married to-morrow?" "Such are your com-" mands, Sir," cries Sophia, " and I dare not " be guilty of disobedience." " I hope, Madam," cries Allworthy, " my nephew will merit fo much , goodness, and will be always as fensible as my-" felf, of the great honor you have done my fa-, mily. An alliance with fo charming and fo " excellent a young Lady would indeed be an , honor to the greatest in England." "Yes," cries Western, " but if I had suffered her to stand shill " I shall I, dilly dally, you might not have had ,, that honor yet awhile; I was forced to use a , little fatherly authority to bring her to." "Ihope Vol. IV. Bb

" not, Sir," cries Allworthy. " I hope there is " not the least constraint." "Why, there," cries Western, "you may bid her unsay all again, " if you will. Do'ft repent heartily of thy promife, "do'st not, Sophy?" Indeed, papa," cries she, "I do not repent, nor do I believe I ever shall, " of any promife in favor of Mr. Jones."
" Then, nephew, " cries Allworthy, " I feli-, citate you most heartily; for I think you are , the happiest of men. And, Madam, you will , give me leave to congratulate you on this joy-" ful occasion: indeed I am convinced you have , bestowed yourself on one who will be sensible , of your great merit, and who will at least use , his best endeavours to deserve it." "His best , endeavours!" cries Western, "that he will, I " warrant un. - Harkee , Allworthy, I'll bet thee ,, five pound to a crown we have a boy to-mor-" row nine months: but prithee tell me what wut " ha! Wut ha Burgundy, Champaigne, or what? ", for please Jupiter, we'll make a night on't." " In-" deed, Sir," faid Allworthy, " you must excuse , me; both my nephew and I were engaged, be-, fore I suspected this near approach of his hap-", pinefs."—Engaged!" quoth the Squire, "never , tell me. I won't part with thee to-night upon any , occasion. Shalt sup here, please the Lord Harry." "You must pardon me, my dear neighbour, "anfwered Allworthy; "I have given a folemn pro-, mise, and that you know I never break." "Why, , prithee, who art engaged to?" cries the Squire. Allworthy then informed him, as likewife of the

company. — "Odzookers!" answered the Squire, " I will go with thee, and so shall Sophy; for I " won't part with thee to-night; and it would be " barbarous to part Tom and the girl." This offer was presently embraced by Allworthy; and Sophia consented, having first obtained a private promise from her father, that he would not mention a syllable concerning her marriage.

CHAP. The last.

In which the History is concluded.

Young Nightingale had been that afternoon, by appointment, to wait on his father, who received him much more kindly than he expected. There likewife he met his uncle, who was returned to town in quest of his new-married daughter.

This marriage was the luckieft incident which could have happened to the young gentleman: for these brothers lived in a constant state of contention about the government of their children, both heartily despising the method which each other took. Each of them therefore now endeavoured as much as he could to palliate the offence which his own child had committed, and to aggravate the match of the other. This desire of triumphing over his brother, added to the many arguments which Allworthy had used, so strongly operated on the old gentleman, that he met his son with a smilling countenance, and

actually agreed to sup with him that evening at Mrs. Miller's.

As for the other, who really loved his daughter with the most immoderate affection, there was little difficulty in inclining him to a reconciliation. He was no sooner informed by his nephew, where his daughter and her husband were, than he declared he would instantly go to her. And when he arrived there, he scarce suffered her to fall upon her knees, before he took her up, and embraced her with a tenderness which affected all who saw him; and in less than a quarter of an hour was as well reconciled to both her and her husband, as if he had himself joined their hands.

In this fituation were affairs, when Mr. All-worthy and his company arrived to complete the happiness of Mrs. Miller, who no sooner saw Sophia, than she guessed every thing that had happened; and so great was her friendship to Jones, that it added not a few transports to those she felt on the happiness of her own daughter.

There have not, I believe, been many instances of a number of people, met together, where every one was so perfectly happy, as in this company. Amongst whom the father of young Nightingale enjoyed the least perfect content; for not-withstanding his affection for his son, notwithstanding the authority and the arguments of

Allworthy, together with the other motive mentioned before, he could not so entirely be satisfied with his son's choice; and perhaps the presence of Sophia herself tended a little to aggravate and heighten his concern, as a thought now and then suggested itself, that his son might have had that Lady, or some such other. Not that any of the charms which adorned either the person or mind of Sophia, created the uneasiness: it was the contents of her father's coffers which set his heart a longing. These were the charms which he could not bear to think his son had facrificed to the daughter of Mrs. Miller.

The brides were both very pretty women; but fo totally were they eclipfed by the beauty of Sophia, that had they not been two of the best tempered girls in the world, it would have raised some envy in their breasts; for neither of their husbands could long keep his eyes from Sophia, who sat at the table like a queen receiving homage, or rather like a superior being receiving adoration from all around her. But it was an adoration which they gave, not which she exacted: for she was as much distinguished by her modesty and affability, as by all her other perfections.

The evening was spent in much true mirth. All were happy, but those the most, who had been most unhappy before. Their former sufferings and fears gave such a relish to their felicity, as even love and fortune in their fullest flow could not

have given without the advantage of fuch a comparison. Yet as great joy, especially after a sudden change and revolution of circumstances, is apt to be filent, and dwells rather in the heart than on the tongue, Jones and Sophia appeared the least merry of the whole company. Which Western observed with great impatience, often crying out to them, "Why do'ft not talk, boy! Why do'ft , look fo grave! Hast lost thy tongue, girl! Drink another glass of wine, sha't drink another glass." And the more to enliven her, he would fometimes fing a merry fong, which bore fome relation to matrimony, and the loss of a maidenhead. Nay, he would have proceeded fo far on that topic, as to have driven her out of the room, if Mr. Allworthy had not checked him fometimes by looks, and once or twice by a Fie! Mr. Western. He began indeed once to debate the matter, and affert his right to talk to his own daughter as he thought fit; but as no body seconded him, he was soon reduced to order.

Notwithstanding this little restraint, he was so pleased with the cheerfulness and good-humor of the company, that he insisted on their meeting the next day at his lodgings. They all did so; and the lovely Sophia, who was now in private become a bride too, officiated as the Mistress of the ceremonies, or, in the polite phrase, did the honors of the table. She had that morning given her hand to Jones, in the chapel at Doctors Commons,

where Mr. Allworthy, Mr. Western, and Mrs. Miller, were the only persons present.

Sophia had earnestly desired her father, that no others of the company, who were that day to dine with him, fhould be acquainted with her marriage. The fame fecrecy was enjoined to Mrs. Miller, and Jones undertook for Allworthy. This fomewhat reconciled the delicacy of Sophia to the public entertainment, which, in compliance with her father's will, she was obliged to go to, greatly against her own inclinations. In confidence of this fecrecy, fhe went through the day pretty well, till the Squire, who was now advanced into the fecond bottle, could contain his joy no longer, but, filling out a bumper, drank a health to the bride. The health was immediately pledged by all prefent, to the great confusion of our poor blushing Sophia, and the great concern of Jones upon her account. To fay truth, there was not a person present made wises by this discovery; for Mrs. Miller had whifpered it to her daughter, her daughter to her husband, her husband to his fifter, and she to all the rest.

Sophia now took the first opportunity of withdrawing with the Ladies, and the Squire sat in to his cups, in which he was, by degrees, deserted by all the company, except the uncle of young Nightingale, who loved his bottle as well as Western himself. These two therefore sat stoutly to it, during the whole evening, and long after that happy hour which had furrendered the charming Sophia to the eager arms of her enraptured Jones.

Thus Reader, we have at length brought our History to a conclusion, in which, to our great pleasure, though contrary perhaps to thy expectation, Mr. Jones appears to be the happiest of all human kind: for what happiness this world affords equal to the possession of such a woman as Sophia, I sincerely own I have never yet discovered.

As to the other persons who have made any considerable figure in this History, as some may desire to know a little more concerning them, we will proceed, in as sew words as possible, to satisfy their curiosity.

Allworthy has never yet been prevailed upon to fee Blifil, but he has yielded to the importunity of Jones, backed by Sophia, to fettle 200 l. a year upon him; to which Jones has privately added a third. Upon this income he lives in one of the northern counties, about 200 miles distant from London, and lays up 200 l. a year out of it, in order to purchase a seat in the next parliament from a neighbouring borough, which he has bargained for with an attorney there. He is also lately turned methodist, in hopes of marrying a very rich widow of that sect, whose estate lies in that part of the kingdom.

Square died soon after he writ the before-mentioned

letter; and as to Thwackum, he continues at his Vicarage. He has made many fruitless attempts to regain the confidence of Allworthy, or to ingratiate himself with Jones, both of whom he flatters to their faces, and abuses behind their backs. But in his stead, Mr. Allworthy has lately taken Mr. Abraham Adams into his house, of whom Sophia is grown immoderately fond, and declares he shall have the tuition of her children.

Mrs. Fitzpatrick is feparated from her husband, and retains the little remains of her fortune. She lives in reputation at the polite end of the town, and is so good an economist, that she spends three times the income of her fortune, without running in debt. She maintains a perfect intimacy with the Lady of the Irish Peer, and in acts of friendship to her repays all the obligations she owes to her husband.

Mrs. Western was soon reconciled to her niece Sophia, and had spent two months together with her in the country. Lady Bellaston made the latter a formal visit at her return to town, where she behaved to Jones as to a perfect stranger, and with great civility wished him joy on his marriage.

Mr. Nightingale has purchased an estate for his son in the neighbourhood of Jones, where the young gentleman, his Lady, Mrs. Miller, and

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her little daughter reside, and the most agreeable intercourse subsists between the two families.

As to those of lower account, Mrs. Waters returned into the country, had a pension of 60! a year settled upon her by Mr. Allworthy, and is married to Parson Supple, on whom at the instance of Sophia, Western has bestowed a considerable living.

Black George hearing the discovery that had been made, run away, and was never fince heard of; and Jones bestowed the money on his family, but not in equal proportions, for Molly had much the greatest share.

As for Partridge, Jones has fettled 50 l. a year on him; and he has again fet up a fchool, in which he meets with much better encouragement than formerly; and there is now a treaty of marriage on foot, between him and Mifs Molly Seagrim, which, through the mediation of Sophia, is likely to take effect.

We now return to take our leave of Mr. Jones and Sophia, who, within two days after their marriage, attended Mr. Western and Mr. Allworthy, into the country. Western has resigned his family seat, and the greater part of his estate to his son-in-law, and has retired to a lesser house of his, in another part of the country, which is better for hunting. Indeed he is often as a visitant with

Mr. Jones, who, as well as his daughter, has an infinite delight in doing every thing in their power to please him. And this desire of theirs is attended with fuch fuccefs, that the old gentleman declares he was never happy in his life till now! He has here a parlour and anti-chamber to himfelf, where he gets drunk with whom he pleases; and his daughter is still as ready as formerly to play to him whenever he defires it; for Jones has affured her, that as next to pleafing her, one of his highest fatisfactions is to contribute to the happiness of the old man; fo the great duty which she expresses and performs to her father renders her almost equally dear to him, with the love which she bestows on himself.

Sophia has already produced him two fine children, a boy and a girl, of whom the old gentleman is fo fond, that he fpends much of his time in the nursery, where he declares the tattling of his little grand-daughter, who is above a year and half old, is fweeter music than the finest cry of, dogs in England.

Allworthy was likewife greatly liberal to Jones on the marriage, and has omitted no instance of showing his affection to him and his Lady, who loves him as a father. Whatever in the nature of Jones had a tendency to vice, has been corrected by continual conversation with this good man, and by his union with the lovely and virtuous Sophia. He has also by reflection on his past

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follies, acquired a discretion and prudence very uncommon in one of his lively parts.

To conclude, as there are not to be found a worthier man and woman than this fond couple, so neither can any be imagined more happy. They preserve the purest and tenderest affection for each other, an affection daily increased and confirmed by mutual endearments, and mutual esteem. Nor is their conduct towards their relations and friends less amiable, than towards one another. And such is their condescension, their indulgence, and their beneficence to those below them, that there is not a neighbour, a tenant, or a servant, who does not most gratefully bless the day when M1. Jones was married to his Sophia.

FINIS.